1	CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO			
2	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS			
3	000			
4				
5	TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 2015			
6				
7	SPECIAL ORDER			
8				
9	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS			
10	RE			
11	THE GOLDEN STATE WARRIORS			
12	EVENT CENTER AND MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT			
13	AT MISSION BAY SOUTH BLOCKS 29-32			
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16	CITY HALL			
17	1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place			
18	Legislative Chamber, Room 250			
19	San Francisco, California 94102			
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22	REPORTED BY: KATY LEONARD, CSR Certified Shorthand Reporter			
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1	IN ATTENDANCE				
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4	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS				
5					
6	PRESIDENT LONDON BREED				
7	SUPERVISOR ERIC MAR				
8	SUPERVISOR MARK E. FARRELL				
9	SUPERVISOR MALIA COHEN				
10	SUPERVISOR KATY TANG				
11	SUPERVISOR AARON PESKIN				
12	SUPERVISOR JOHN AVALOS				
13	SUPERVISOR JANE KIM				
14	SUPERVISOR NORMAN YEE				
15	SUPERVISOR SCOTT WIENER				
16	SUPERVISOR DAVID CAMPOS				
17	CLERK ANGELA CALVILLO				
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19					
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23					
24					
25					

1	LIST OF ATTENDEES				
2	(Presenting and/or Responding to Comments, Questions from the Board of Supervisors)				
4	000				
5					
6	APPELLANT TOM LIPPE (MISSION BAY ALLIANCE)				
7	DAN SMITH (MISSION BAY ALLIANCE)				
8	PATRICK SOLARI (MISSION BAY ALLIANCE)				
9	SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY (MISSION BAY ALLIANCE)				
10					
11	OCII EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR TIFFANY BOHEE				
12	SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNER CHRIS KERN				
13	PROJECT MANAGER ADAM VAN de WATER				
14	OCII GENERAL COUNSEL AND DEPUTY DIRECTOR JAMES MORALES				
15	URBAN PLANNING MANAGER PETER ALBERT				
16	ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OFFICER BILL WYCO				
17	CHIEF SURVEYOR PAUL MABRY				
18	DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY ELAINE WARREN				
19	DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY JOHN GIBNER				
20					
21	PROJECT SPONSOR & REAL PARTY IN INTEREST:				
22	GOLDEN STATE WARRIORS PRESIDENT/COO RICK WELTS				
23	GOLDEN STATE WARRIORS GENERAL COUNSEL DAVID KELLY				
24	000				
25	000				

1	INDEX OF
2	PUBLIC SPEAKERS
3	000
4	IN SUPPORT OF THE APPEAL
5	
6	XIAO HU WONG
7	CHUN POON
8	PEONG YU
9	XIAO HAI LU
10	ANGELA ZHOU
11	JOHN W. TEMPLETON
12	LISA HARTMAYER
13	MARI ELIZA
14	BOB FEINBAUM
15	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER
16	TOM GILBERTI
17	EMILY WILSON
18	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER
19	SUSAN
20	CEDRIC BAINTON
21	GLORIA JUDD
22	RODNEY TALMADGE
23	SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY
2 4	MARTIN REED
25	

1	INDEX OF
2	PUBLIC SPEAKERS (Continued)
3	000
4	IN SUPPORT OF THE APPEAL
5	
6	PHILIP SCHWARTZ
7	BOB STEINBERG
8	TERRY BAGBY
9	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER (VIDEO)
10	JENNIFER WADE
11	OSHA MESERVE
12	GERALD CAUTHEN
13	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER (VIDEO)
14	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER (VIDEO)
15	ROB FRANCIS
16	LEO SCHWARTZ
17	ARMANI JONES
18	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER
19	KATHLEEN O'KEEFE
20	ALLYNN McINERNEY
21	IGGY VANS
22	JOHN HAVEMAN
23	ERIK RINGELBERG
24	PATRICK SOLARI
25	

1	I N D E X O F
2	PUBLIC SPEAKERS (Continued)
3	000
4	IN SUPPORT OF THE APPEAL
5	
6	DELPHINE PERRET
7	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER
8	ANGELIQUE TOMPKINS
9	CHARLIE WALKER
10	
11	000
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
2 4	
25	

1	INDEXOF			
2	PUBLIC SPEAKERS			
3	000			
4	IN SUPPORT OF THE EIR			
5				
6	HENRY WIMMER			
7	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER			
8	PAULETTE BROWN			
9	GREG L. PENNINGTON			
10	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER			
11	MIKE McGONGLE			
12	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER			
13	MICHE PRICE			
14	DAVID LOMBARDI			
15	ANN-MARIE OLSSON			
16	TEREZIA NEMETH			
17	GEORGE AMBUS			
18	ANTOINETTE MOBELY			
19	TIM SLAUGHTER			
20	ERIC SMITH			
21	PETE VARMA			
22	ESTHER STEARNS			
23	MICHAEL THERIAULT			
2 4	PATRICIA BRITT			
25				

1	INDEX OF				
2	PUBLIC SPEAKERS (Continued)				
3	000				
4	IN SUPPORT OF THE EIR				
5					
6	JOEL KOPPEL				
7	CARLOS MUELA				
8	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER				
9	BRIAN WIEDENMEIER				
10	JESSE WOODWARD				
11	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER				
12	CATHY SEARBY				
13	SCOTT VAN HORN				
1 4	PATRICK VALENTINO				
15	DENNIS MacKENZIE				
16	TONY KELLY				
17	OLIVIA SMITH				
18	FRED HUNZIKER				
19	NEIL USHMAN				
20	D.J. BROOKTER				
21	JOHN CALE				
22	SHEILA ASH				
23	NICK BELLONI				
2 4	CHRISTOPHER HAAS				
25					

1	INDEX OF				
2	PUBLIC SPEAKERS (Continued)				
3	000				
4	IN SUPPORT OF THE EIR				
5					
6	JASMINE CONRAD				
7	SEBASTIAN KAHN (Letter/MATTHEW HUEY)				
8	JAIME GONZALEZ				
9	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER (Letter/BRUCE AGID)				
10	JACKIE FLIN				
11	LILY YO				
12	UNIDENTIFIED PUBLIC SPEAKER				
13	JOANNE DESMOND				
14	JOHN GALBRAITH				
15	THOMAS McDONAGH				
16					
17	00				
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					

I N D E X O F S T A F F

2 PRESENTATIONS & COMMENTS

5	PRESENTATIONS		PAGE
6			
7	PRESENTATION BY	THE APPELLANT	16
8	PUBLIC COMMENTS	IN SUPPORT OF THE APPEAL	2 4
9	PRESENTATION BY	THE REAL PARTY IN INTEREST	134
10	PRESENTATION BY	COUNSEL FOR THE PROJECT SPONSOR	136
11	PRESENTATION BY	C.E.Q.A. COUNSEL FOR THE PROJECT	
12	SPONSOR		138
13	PUBLIC COMMENTS	IN SUPPORT OF THE EIR	146
14	REBUTTAL BY THE	APPELLANTS	215
15	STAFF RESPONSES	TO PUBLIC COMMENTS	218
16	PRESENTATION BY	THE APPELLANT	230
17	PUBLIC COMMENTS	IN SUPPORT OF THE APPEAL	246
18	PRESENTATION BY	THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS	248
19	PRESENTATION BY	THE OFFICE OF COMMUNITY	
20	INVESTMENT &	INFRASTRUCTURE	250
21	PRESENTATION BY	THE REAL PARTY IN INTEREST	262
22			
23		000	
24			

1 PROCEEDINGS ---000---

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 2015

3:08 P.M.

SPECIAL ORDER:

GOLDEN STATE WARRIORS EVENT CENTER AT MISSION BAY SOUTH

PRESIDENT BREED: All right. Colleagues, it is now past 3:00 p.m., and we have multiple items before us today related to the proposed Warriors Event Center in District 6.

The first is an appeal of the Final Environmental Impact Report certification. The second is an appeal of the Tentative Subdivision Map.

We will consider the second appeal only if the Board opposes the EIR. If the Board rejects the EIR, then we will take no additional action on the Warriors project today.

Then we have four pieces of legislation related to the project which need to be voted on after the appeals if we affirm the EIR and the Subdivision Map.

So, Madam Clerk, at this time, can you please call Items 57 and 60, and I will then recognize other

1 colleagues.

MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: The Board of Supervisors is sitting as the governing body of the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency for a public hearing of persons interested in the certification of the Final Subsequent Environmental Impact Report for the proposed Golden State Warriors Event Center and Mixed-Use Development Project at Mission Bay South Blocks 29-32.

It constitutes -- it consists of a multipurpose mixed-use event center, including office retail, open space, and parking, on an approximately 11-acre site within the Mission Bay South Redevelopment Area Plan.

Item 58 is a motion of the Board of
Supervisors acting in its capacity as governing body to
the Successor Agency to affirm the Commission on
Community Investment and Infrastructure certification of
the Final Subsequent Environmental Impact Report,
Item 59. Motion to reverse the Commission's
certification of the FSEIR.

Item 60 is the motion directing the preparation of findings reversing the Commission's certification of the FSEIR.

PRESIDENT BREED: Okay.

Colleagues, for this EIR appeal, we are functioning as the governing body of the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency. So, this hearing will be wholly separate from the tentative Subdivision Map appeal hearing in which we will be functioning as the Board of Supervisors.

So, we have before us an appeal of the Final Subsequent Environmental Impact Report Certification for the Warriors project.

Our consideration of the appeal involves our analysis of the adequacy, the accuracy, and the sufficiency and completeness of the Environmental Impact Report.

Without objection, we will proceed as follows:

Up to 10 minutes for the Appellant to describe the grounds for their appeal; up to two minutes for public commenters to speak in support of the appeal; up to 10 minutes for representatives of the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency and/or Planning

Department to present their analysis for certifying the EIR; up to 10 minutes for the Real Party in Interest to present their case for certification of the EIR; up to two minutes for public commenters to speak in support of the affirmation of the Environmental Impact Report.

And, finally, the Appellant will have up to three

minutes for a rebuttal argument.

So, before we proceed, I would first like to recognize Supervisor Peskin is first on the roster.

SUPERVISOR PESKIN: Thank you, Madam President, Colleagues.

For those of you who are not aware, I just flew into San Francisco after a long trek in the Himalayas in Nepal. I was back in Kathmandu for a number of days, and despite my best efforts and the efforts of my staff, I was not able to pull up the moving papers in this item, particularly, the DEIS, the Appellant's brief, and the Planning Department's response to that brief.

I have never shied away, in my eight years on the Board, from rendering a decision pursuant to an appeal under C.E.Q.A., but need to let you colleagues know that I have not been able to read any of the papers and, therefore, Madam President, respectfully ask that I be recused from that matter.

PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. Supervisor Peskin would like to be recused.

Is there a motion?

Motion by Supervisor Campos, seconded by Supervisor Yee.

Colleagues, can we take this without

objection?

(No response)

PRESIDENT BREED: Without objection, Supervisor Peskin is excused from this vote.

All right. Supervisor Kim.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: Go ahead.

SUPERVISOR KIM: Thank you, President Breed.

I'll be brief in my remarks. Most of my remarks will

come at the end, at the decision-making point, and also

with the ordinance that will be with us later on a

lockbox agreement.

In over the two years since the Warriors have first announced their intention to return back to their home, here in the City of San Francisco, the arena project has certainly been through a very lengthy process, a very engaged process, and one that has evolved quite traumatically, including with a very traumatic decision last summer to change the -- their point of location.

While its new location in Mission Bay, particularly in the district that I represent, has received widespread support, I really look forward to listening to our staff, the City, and our Appellants around concerns around traffic congestion, environmental impact.

And the process that took place to bring this arena project before us have been really -- I want to express some acknowledgment and thanks to our City staff.

I know that this has been quite a complex project. It's not an easy thing or an everyday action to bring an arena and entertainment stadium to a city. It's certainly very complex and will have a huge impact both on the neighborhood and the City.

And I think that this process, through the appeal, will really allow us to delve into some of these really important issues in terms of how we can make this work within the fabric of our neighborhood.

So, without further adieu, I'd like to turn the floor over to our Appellants.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you, Supervisor Kim.

So, with that, I will ask the Appellant to come forward. You will have 10 minutes.

PRESENTATION BY APPELLANT

TOM LIPPE: Thank you, Supervisors.

Good afternoon. My name is Tom Lippe. I represent the Mission Bay Alliance.

And this Environmental Impact Report is very

complex, and you've been deluged with paper, so I want to spend the few minutes that we have here as Appellants to try to simplify a couple of the issues.

And this EIR, with respect to traffic impacts and transit impacts has serious, deep flaws, and I have some graphics that I think might assist in bringing those to light.

And if I could ask the Clerk, I'd like to pass these graphics out. They were sent by E-mail, but you might not have had a chance to download them. If you want to look at them, I have copies for all supervisors.

PRESIDENT BREED: The Deputy Clerk will pick those up and hand them out.

TOM LIPPE: So, I would ask SFGov T.V. to switch to the overhead projector, please.

So, what I'm showing you -- and it's not coming through very clearly on your overhead projector -- but what this graphic shows is that the EIR has currently drawn the study area for the project assessment of traffic impacts to avoid a host of other study areas that are contained in the EIRs and Negative Declarations for other projects in the South of Market and downtown areas of San Francisco.

And so, what you have here is kind of a funny looking polygon that is clearly designed to avoid

intersecting with other projects, study areas in South of Market. And these other projects are manifold.

There are lots of other projects, and they're projects that have been recently approved or are in the pipeline now. You have the 5M project, the 222 2nd Street project, the 706 Mission Street project, 801 Brannan Project, 850 Bryant, and the list goes on.

So, there's a lot going on here in San Francisco, both in terms of construction impacts and operational impacts, because all of these projects increase traffic or change traffic patterns.

Now, the next graphic -- this is a Map

Number 1 in your package there. The next map is Map

Number 2.

And, again, the overhead is not very clear, but what you can see there is the northern portion of that strange looking polygon, the blue one, for this project's study area, and it's targeting intersections, which is why you have that long arm of it pointing north, up toward Harrison Street.

But what all those other red dots are, are the intersections surrounding the polygon, which is the study area, which are all either at Level of Service E or at Level of Service F, which are considered to be severely impacted already.

So, this study area is clearly designed to avoid encompassing those. Why? Because small changes make a big difference when you already have a significant impact.

And this part of San Francisco is severely impacted with traffic, has been for years. I used to have my office on Bryant and 2nd Street, so I know it intimately.

And especially since the Giants moved in, now you're going to add to that, both in terms of number of days, where you have those kinds of conditions and the number -- and an increase in severity of those conditions when you have an overlap between games between different teams.

The next graphic, which is Map Number 3, brings those two data sets together. And you can see that these other projects are smack dab in the middle of all of these LOS-F and LOS-E intersections that have been excluded from the Study. So, the severity of impact is another big problem with this EIR.

I have another graphic, which I can see now on the screen, is not very useful. So, let me just tell you what it says.

The EIR provides summary tables for impacts, and it tells you that many intersections are going to

LOS, which is Level of Service F, which is severe, but it doesn't tell you how bad it gets after it gets to F, because above F -- or, worse than F, you have just a figure of greater than 80 seconds of delay per vehicle.

When you go to the appendices, you find out that those numbers are much higher, but the body of the EIR doesn't show that.

So, people reading the EIR are being misled into thinking that all the impacts are just around the same, which is 80. But what this shows is that when you have an evening game, basketball game at the 16th and Mississippi intersection, you have actually 107 seconds.

When you have two games, you have 180 seconds, which is almost three times as much -- or, twice as much as 80.

So, this thing -- this problem of a little change makes a big difference, the EIR has skirted around that problem by selectively remitting information and selectively Studying the impacts.

Now, one of the other comments that we have made is that the EIR underestimates the number of people arriving at the games in the peak-hour P.M. period, between 5:00 and 6:00.

And it's done that because it assumes that only 5 percent of the people who are coming to a game or

an event will be traveling in that time period, but it admits that for a 7:30 game, 11 percent of the people are going to get there between 6:00 and 6:30, but it excludes them from the 5:00 to 6:00 time period. Well, it's just completely illogical to think those people are going to magically turn up at the turnstile without having had to travel during that peak period. So, we've created a traffic simulation to illustrate that point. And the consequence where you have those 11 percent of the people added to the 5 percent, you have 16 percent. And Mr. Dan Smith, a traffic consultant I've consulted is going to narrate the video. And, Mr. Smith, if you could come do that at this point. DAN SMITH: I'm going to turn on this video, so if the SFGov T.V. people --PRESIDENT BREED: It's playing. It's on. DAN SMITH: This is -- what we have here --Dan Smith, Smith Engineering Management, 5311 Lowry Road, Union City, California, for the record. Displayed here are views of simulation of traffic, using mostly the traffic scenarios from the SEIR. The intersection of 16th, 7th and Mississippi,

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is on the left of the simulation. 16^{th} and 3^{rd} is on the right. 16^{th} and 0wen, 16^{th} and 4^{th} in between. The project is at the upper right in each clip. The U.C. Hospital is across 3^{rd} Street.

The Caltrain tracks are in amber at the left, T3rd in amber on the right. Blue dots are cars. Blue dots with white backs are large trucks. Buses are magenta, teal, and green, depending on whether they're regular service or special event services. In the upper clip, is the baseline scenario for the EIR. That baseline scenario includes the assumption of the 22 Fillmore priority lanes.

Now, most of you are aware things down there in the P.M. peak period now work fairly well. When you take away two of the lanes on 16th Street to create the bus priority lanes, the traffic situation deteriorates.

And you'll notice on the screens, we've created it as if you could look straight through the I-280 freeway and see the traffic running underneath on 16th Street. As I said, when the 22 Fillmore project is implemented, things get more difficult.

The middle clip includes the project with a Warriors game, but no Giants game. You can see how the big queues build northbound on $3^{\rm rd}$. The queue actually

extends several blocks off this screen. Sometimes westbound 16th is totally backed up to 3rd all the way from the railroad tracks. And also, there are long queues on 16th, approaching 7th. So, that's a more severe situation than the assumed existing baseline condition in the SEIR, but the SEIR doesn't distinguish.

Finally, the clip at the bottom reflects the scenario that Tom mentioned. Instead of just the 5 percent of people who pass through the arena turnstiles in the P.M. peak hour -- we'll let it go -- instead of just the 5 percent of people, we've assumed

that the people who pass through the turnstiles in the --

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. I'm sorry. Your time is up at this time. Thank you very much.

Now, we will have up to -- seeing no questions from Members of the Board, we will have up to two minutes per member of the public who would like to speak in support of the appeal. Please come forward.

You're acting as the Interpreter?
THE INTERPRETER: Yes.

PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. Members of the public who need an interpreter will have double the time.

PUBLIC COMMENTS IN SUPPORT OF THE APPEAL

XIAO HU WONG: (Through Interpreter) Hello, Supervisors. My name is Xiao Hu Wong (phonetic).

Mission Bay does not need a large activity center, because we already have an AT&T Park. And whenever there is a large event, traffic is almost paralyzed, and the pedestrians are facing huge danger.

If we add a large sports center and parking lot in this area, it will increase the burden to this region, bringing more inconvenience to the people who are living here. And also, that's not fair for the residents.

So, I do not support constructing a huge event center and parking site in this area.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please. Next speaker, please come forward as we call the next speaker in line. Thank you.

CHUN POON: (Through Interpreter) Hello, Supervisors. My name is Chun Poon.

When talking about building a huge activity center and parking lot in this area, I want to ask, are you guys afraid of ISIS?

I understand that our country and City will protect our safety, but no one knows about their plans. Any person who can move around will be encountered with some kind of danger. When something bad happens, what can the patients in the hospital do? Mission Bay South is already a crowded area, and people keep moving in. How can we evacuate so many people when something bad really happens? Why should we increase the risk of the landmark of San Francisco here? So, I think we should not build a large sports center and parking lot in this area. PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. Next speaker. Ma'am, can you help me with calling up the speakers, please, as well? THE INTERPRETER: All right. PEONG YU: (Through Interpreter) Hello, everyone. My name is Peong Yu. There are lots of different types of environmental pollutions, but in Mission Bay, the pollutions are noises and bright lights, because when there is a big event, large crowds of people will get together, and they will create huge noises.

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Also, in order to raise up the excitement of the crowd, a big amount of lights will be used. Therefore, noises and bright lights will become a problem in this area, and they will badly affect the condition of the patients who are in the hospitals. That's why me and my friends come here today to vote against building a large sports center and parking lot. Thank you very much. PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. Next speaker. XIAO HAI LUI: (Through Interpreter) Hello, everyone, Supervisors. My name is Xiao Hai Lui. City planning for Mission Bay area is very important, because will have a profound and long-term impact. Because of the healthcare facilities in this area, Mission Bay has already become one of the important landmarks in San Francisco. There are lots of patients and their families with different needs traveling in and out of this area, using different transportation modes. So, traffic in this area is certainly very busy, and if we still build a large-scale parking lot in

this area, it will worsen road use and traffic

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In the event of a large-scale catastrophic emergency, how can we handle that?

I hope when you do the city planning, please put the human life in the first place. So, please stop constructing such a large sports center and parking lot in this area.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you very much.

Next speaker, please.

ANGELA ZHOU: (Through Interpreter) Hello, Supervisors. My name is Angela Zhou.

Mission Bay has a comprehensive medical center which consists of different departments of U.C.S.F. in different buildings.

Most of the time, patients need to go to different buildings to get tested, and usually they move and act relatively slower than healthy people. However, if they have to move around on the same road as those event participants, they will face lots of danger. That's why I am opposed to building a large activity center and parking lot in this area.

That's it.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

JOHN TEMPLETON: Good afternoon. John William Templeton.

I wanted to reference a 41-page Environmental Justice analysis that I filed with the Clerk. I just returned from speaking at the International Black Caucus of State Legislators, where the big issue was economic imbalance, which has reduced black net wealth by 53 percent in the past seven years. This is a local example of an economic imbalance.

45 percent of black workers in San Francisco rely on public transit to get to the work. This project severely compromises in a racially-disparate way, their ability to earn a living, particularly with preferential treatment for private shuttles. There are alternatives to avoid this impact which have not been considered.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

LISA HARTMAYER: My name is Lisa Hartmayer. I'm a nurse practitioner. I work at U.C.S.F., but I work at the Parnassus campus.

This Mission Bay project doesn't affect me personally, but I'm very concerned about a couple of things, one being noise pollution, which the other speakers have spoke about. Another one is nurses actually getting to work and the ability for their

relief to come.

So, who is going to be paying for their overtime?

That's going to be the State of California when their relief is not able to reach the hospital when the other nurses are stuck in traffic.

And then the other issue that really is -- bothers me so much is that the traffic is going to be very congested down there.

I used to work at Mission Bay, and I really, truly cannot imagine a mother and their sick child stuck in their car watching your child deteriorate while you're trying to access the emergency room because there's so much congestion. And that is the part that I think -- no life or no illness, you can't put a price tag on that, to take care of our community.

So, I'm opposed to this project and the location that it's in.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

MARI ELIZA: Good afternoon. Mari Eliza here speaking as a concerned citizen. I know most you by now anyway. We've met personally.

So, I am actually here to speak about the

traffic congestion issue. I'm just wondering where the studies came from that -- who did the studies that actually make it appear as if there's some way to mitigate the traffic situation if it gets any worse?

I'm not sure what time frame they live in or what level of reality they're on, but the people who think that they can do anything about it when they have done nothing but make it worse for the last -- I don't know, four or five years -- I don't believe the public trusts them to mitigate anything. Therefore, we encourage you to support this appeal.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you very much.

Before we move to the next speaker, the North Light Court is now open for overflow, as well as Room 263.

Next speaker, please.

BOB FEINBAUM: Yes. My name is Bob Feinbaum.

San Francisco is well-known as a transit-first city, but transit vehicles themselves are often mired in traffic. The reason is, we have too many cars in San Francisco.

One project that is very highly rated by the regional and federal agencies promises to alleviate part of that problem. That's the downtown extension of

Caltrain from 4th and King Street to the new Transbay Terminal.

That project has been extensively vetted.

It's been engineered. It's been environmentally cleared. It's on the federal New Starts List.

However, recently, there has been a move or an idea that has surfaced to relocate the Caltrain tracks to 3rd Street, partially, perhaps, to support the Warriors project.

This is a very bad idea. It will move this project way down the federal list and perhaps even eliminate the possibility of moving the project forward.

I urge you not to rely on any transit contributions from moving the Caltrain tracks to $3^{\rm rd}$ Street. It's a nonstarter. It's not gonna happen.

Rather, I urge you to help get this project funded so that once the Transbay Transit Center is completed and bus traffic starts in 2017, we can move seamlessly into Phase 2, which is construction of the downtown extension of Caltrain.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: (Singing) Hurry, hurry.

Don't be late. I've got to thank my basketball stars

1 above me.

Hurry, hurry. Don't be late. I can't wait for the Warriors Golden State. It will be great. It's first rate. It's the Event Center. It's the main event.

Hurry, hurry. Don't be late. I got to thank my lucky stars above me.

Hurry, hurry. Don't be late. I can't wait for the Warriors Golden State. It will be great. It's first rate. It's the Event Center. It's the main event. Don't be late.

Fight for the stadium if you want it. Fight for if you don't want it too. Fight for the City you love the most, if love is what you feel. Whoa, it's the main event.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

TOM GILBERTI: Tom Gilberti (phonetic), and I believe that applause was deserved.

Transportation-wise, the stadium could not be better served by anything that we can, in this City, do that three BART lines don't already do wonderfully well.

\$80 million improvement, supposedly, will not add or fix or beat three BART lines. And while

\$80 million is prepared, the new lightrail cars for Muni are losing eight seats. I find this doesn't sit well. It's in the wrong place. It's not downtown under Market Street or around Market Street, where you can walk to it. It's not near Cesar Chavez.

The tidbit on television about the end of the baseball season on one of the little tidbits of news we get, a gentleman said he interviewed a woman who was taking her four-year-old son to the appointment at the Mission Bay. It took a half-hour to get through baseball traffic.

Add the Giants development, just a block down, we've gotten 1,500 units of housing, 11,000 jobs and office buildings.

There's gonna be a whole bunch of new people going back and forth, again, not with the BART system, where three trains are coming and serving the whole Bay Area. If this was on BART, I would be more inclined to go for it.

The vulnerability of the Bay is also another issue. I want to see the berm.

Last week, we did 75 Howard. How are we going to protect this from the water rise?

Lots of questions.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

EMILY WILSON: Hi. My name is Emily Wilson.

Lots has already been said and sung about the traffic, and I'm pretty appalled that you would think about adding this much traffic and gridlock and pollution to an area that's already suffering from it and make it so much harder for people to get around on the bus on foot, even on bikes, in cars, whatever it may be.

But even more than that, I'm just appalled that you would consider putting this by a hospital.

This is for doctors and nurses to heal their patients. And for them not to be able to get there for -- for families to be able to take their children and not have to worry, there's no way to -- anyway, I just -- I think that's terrible, so...

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: I am [Inaudible] and I actually wasn't planning to speak, but I was a patient at U.C.S.F., and I had lymphoma, and I was in the hospital for five months with lymphoma.

And it was really important that my family and the people who worked with me could get to the hospital.

I'm dying for my care. And I love the Warriors. I really do. I'm so excited that they're currently 2-0.

It's amazing, but I really think you may have to take more time to look into the [Inaudible], because as everyone said, lives are going to be -- lives are going to be at stake if this goes forward in the current plan.

Thank you very much.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

SUSAN: Thank you. Good afternoon. My name is Susan, and I'm a longtime resident of San Francisco.

A spur-of-the-moment decision to come and speak with you today, but I felt that it was important to share my views.

I'm a big fan of the Warriors, and we're having a great time right now, obviously, but I don't feel that this stadium -- or, Event Center, as you're calling it -- is really a right fit for San Francisco.

We're talking about too much noise, too much traffic, and it's way too close to the children's hospital. The stadium is proposed to be 1,000 feet from the emergency room, which looks like it could create major problems right there. I really feel that it's just the wrong place for the Event Center.

And thank you for allowing me to speak. 1 2 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. 3 Next speaker, please. CEDRIC BAINTON: Hello. My name is Cedric 4 5 Bainton, retired professor of anesthesia at U.C.S.F., and I was chief of anesthesia at San Francisco General. 6 7 My thoughts have been well-expressed by many 8 people, but working at the County, I know immediate 9 access was absolutely essential, and I cannot see how 10 that will happen here. 11 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. 12 Next speaker, please. 13 GLORIA JUDD: Hi. My name is Gloria Judd. live on Page Street in the Haight. I've lived in 14 San Francisco since 1968. 15 I've worked most of my adult life at U.C.S.F. 16 17 on Parnassus, in the neonatal intensive care, and I 18 retired in 2007. 19 I am here to give a voice to the 20 critically-ill infants who are in the ambulances en 21 route to the U.C.S.F. Mission Bay hospital. 22 Many of these babies are extremely low birth 23 weight, as a small as 1 and 2 pounds, and extremely 24 premature, 24 to 25 weeks, frequently, and dependent on 25 ventilators. Some are unstable in the ambulance and

require hand ventilation.

With these infants, time is everything, and they need to get to the hospital for the emergency care that they so desperately need.

So, since there is minimal parking provided for the Warriors Arena, it is suggested that fans use public transportation. I feel that this is discriminating towards senior citizens and disabled persons.

The initial proposed site at Pier 30 was dropped because of concerns about local and tourist traffic and blocked views for residents who live on the waterfront, but now it is considered okay to build a sports arena directly across the street from a hospital that takes the sickest of the sick patients and takes the risk of impacting negatively the quality of life of a child. I just don't get it.

Homeland Security has made it very clear that sports arenas are the number-one target -- is the time up?

PRESIDENT BREED: You have 27 seconds.

GLORIA JUDD: Oh.

Homeland Security has made it very clear that sports arenas are the number-one target for terrorist events in our country.

If there was a major event at the proposed arena, it would be impossible to evacuate the sick infants out of the hospital and out of the area in a timely manner. I do not believe that there is any other sports arena in our country that is located directly across the street from a hospital.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

RODNEY TALMADGE: Rodney Talmadge from Potrero Hill, Lower Dogpatch.

A lot of great people out here today.

Mission Bay Alliance, thank you for showing up. The great Charlie Walker is in the house. We would hope Aaron Peskin would be here. Like he fought Washington, the people of Potrero Hill are fighting that project.

I'm a resident of Lower Potrero Hill. Let's state the facts.

Mission Bay is a very tranquil place at this moment. And as -- I heard on the T.V. the other night Larry Bird speaking about the new arena. I don't think his coming forward is as genuine as maybe -- I don't think he wants that arena there, like we don't want that arena there.

Think about it. World Gym owner, Joe Talmadge, don't want the arena. All that traffic coming

through. It's tranquil. We got the fresh air. Me, a person who likes to run, how about these people who want to get out, the elderly, or even run on the track around 3rd Street? Run. All that pollution. The environmental.

So, I appeal to grow responsibly Potrero Hill and save the Hill organization, like we fought the Kaiser project, right, that little corner, which it was just a little project. It was actually big, kind of big. We fought them. We relocated them.

The arena should not be built right there at that spot. All the congestion is going to that one strip in that area.

We'll call him Honorable Supervisor

Mr. Avalos. He likes to ride a bike. That's what we need, more bicycle riding, and we don't need all the congestion in the that area. We don't need the arena.

Think about that. Think about it.

There's a lot of people who probably didn't show up today, but I would like to speak on their behalf. We do not need that arena in that area there. The Mission Bay Alliance, we should be applauding them today.

Think about it. They were -- they're part of the U.C.S.F. Theirs and the other faction, they want

this arena, but there's a faction that doesn't want it. 1 2 Do it for --3 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you very much. Thank Thank you. 4 you. Next speaker, please. 5 SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Good afternoon, 6 7 President Breed and Members of the Board of Supervisors. 8 I'm Susan Brandt-Hawley. I'm a member of the 9 Mission Bay Alliance legal team, and I'm here to talk 10 for just a few minutes -- or, two minutes exactly --11 about the C.E.Q.A problems with this project. 12 You've received a lot of information from us 13 and from many, many people about very technical but very 14 real environmental problems with this proposed arena. And because there are significant impacts, 15 16 because of the proximity to the U.C. Medical Center, 17 because of the fact that the land use in this area was carefully planned and did not include an arena, it's 18 19 very, very important that the City consider 20 alternatives. 21 And C.E.Q.A. has both procedural and substantive rules. The procedure has been gone 22 23 through -- publishing an EIR, getting comments, et 24 cetera -- but it's the substance that's the real reason 25 behind C.E.Q.A.

The point is to look at environmental impacts, and if a project's impacts will be significant, to see if there's a way to mitigate them.

The Alternatives Analysis in the EIR is, therefore, the very most important part -- or, one of the most important parts. And here it's not a minor error; it's a major error that the EIR did not look at any potentially feasible off-site alternatives. Not one. And it's required by law.

There were some sites rejected, but they weren't really studied, so that doesn't take care of the problem.

And the only site they looked at in the EIR was the Pier 30-32 site that's already been rejected. It is infeasible or the Warriors would have proceeded there.

So, to pretend that's it's potentially feasible and satisfies C.E.Q.A.'s requirement to look at alternatives to see, Is there a way to accomplish this arena with less impacts — without doing that, you're doing a disservice to the Warriors team itself and to the people of San Francisco.

You should amend the EIR and look at off-site alternatives -- at least one.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

MARTIN REED: Good afternoon. My name is

Martin Reed, and I drafted the letter to the Commission
on Education, and I submitted it about four years ago,
with a letter from President Obama.

I'm here today because I was also a part of a demonstration 17 years ago, when William Hankston was shot point-blank range in the back of the head by the San Francisco Police Department, and here we are again, another young African-American insensibly killed.

I mean, the Mission Bay project is admirable, and I'm sure it's greatly needed, but if we had all these people demonstrating for the injustices that African-American people face every day, we probably wouldn't be here today.

And I'm sure that stadium is going to be built, but how many of our people are going to be here to watch it?

We don't know, because it seems like we're under attack.

And Deputy Gaines -- that's who Lacey T.

Edwards' mother is, Deputy Gaines -- she served the City

of San Francisco for 20 years with a smile. You would

never know that she lost her only child, and nothing.

What is it gonna take for people to wake up?

Education is at the foundation, the very core of everything that we believe in, but if everyone isn't getting the same high level of education, how are we going to grow and develop as a society?

And I'm gonna be here as much as I can, because it's vital now. We're under attack, and nobody is fighting for us, not even our own people. They don't even fight for themselves because they're not educated enough to know.

And we can't place blame about this and that. That's not going to do a bit of good. The only thing that's going to help is --

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you, sir. Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PHILIP SCHWARTZ: Good afternoon. My name is Philip Schwartz. I'm a Dogpatch resident since 1985, and I'm a homeowner there since 1995.

I strongly support reversing the EIR certification for this project. The traffic plan that's being touting by the Warriors and the MTA is woefully insufficient and doesn't even include the area south of Mariposa Street, which encompasses the entire neighborhood of Dogpatch.

The neighborhood is already oversubscribed and experiences gridlock. So, adding this additional

project is going to have some serious, severe impacts on the neighborhood and beyond. So, I'd ask you to please reverse the certification.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

BOB STEINBERG: Hello, my name is Bob Steinberg, and I am a 27-year resident of Potrero Hill.

And I would like to say that I would echo the opinions of the previous speaker with respect to my neighborhood.

I looked through the EIR as best as I could, and I could not find anything that deals with mitigating traffic and parking issues in our neighborhood. We have a lot of projects or the Board already, and I really feel our neighborhood is being inundated.

But aside from my own personal interests, I have to say that I agree with a lot of the other speakers.

The idea of sticking a basketball stadium and two highrise buildings next to the hospital and even the possibility of potentially damaging one patient is more than enough reason, from my perspective, that this project should not be moving forward.

Thank you very much for your time.

1 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

TERRY BAGBY: Good afternoon. My name is Terry Bagby, and I'm an Oakland native. I've been residing in San Francisco for the last eight years.

Jane Kim is my district supervisor. I'd like to know where I get her bobble-head action doll, because she seems to nod her head "yes" in support of blind spending, such as this project, this stadium.

It's bad enough getting in and out of
San Francisco. This area where this proposal is for is
gonna create more congestion, noise.

And something somebody hasn't touched on yet: That's crime. It's gonna bring a lot of stuff carried outside of a stadium into the community.

The Supervisor, along with the Mayor, have yet to address car break-ins in the area. They don't address an outdated San Francisco Fire Department with emergency equipment, money that could be well-spent elsewhere.

Projects like the America's Cup, which was a bomb, again, blind spending.

Over a billion dollars with the Central Subway project, which is nothing but a disaster with the noise and the traffic, again, not addressed by my Supervisor

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or the Mayor.
 1
              So, hopefully, they'll get their facts and
 2
 3
    figures straight and allow the community to vote on a
   measure, get our side of the issue here.
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 5
              And with that, I want to thank you.
              PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.
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              Next speaker, please.
              PUBLIC SPEAKER: I'd like to request whether
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 9
   or not I could use my time -- both of us could use --
              PRESIDENT BREED: Actually, you can't. You
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11
   have to speak directly, in terms of your time.
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              PUBLIC SPEAKER: Okay, great. Then I have a
13
    video to play, so I'll press "pause," and then Athena
   will come up and follow me.
14
              PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. She can have her own
15
   two minutes.
16
17
              PUBLIC SPEAKER: Exactly.
              So, this is a video --
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19
              PRESIDENT BREED: Please speak directly into
20
   the microphone.
21
              PUBLIC SPEAKER: So, this is a video with
22
   audio.
23
              (Video playing.)
24
              PUBLIC SPEAKER: There's no audio.
25
              PRESIDENT BREED: Is there a problem?
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Should we move to the next speaker before -- okay.

Next speaker, please, and we'll come back once we get it fixed.

JENNIFER WADE: My name is Jennifer Wade. I live in the Mission, and six years ago, my son was born at U.C.S.F. with a severe congenital heart defect, and he continues to receive treatment at U.C.S.F. today.

It is abundantly clear this arena project would create massive traffic jams around the Mission Bay area on a regular basis. This would be a public health disaster for our City's children.

U.C.S.F. is the only nationally-ranked children's hospital in the City of San Francisco, and the only children's hospital that treats rare conditions such as my son's.

My son's condition carries a 75 percent lifetime risk of stroke. If he were to have a stroke prior to a game at Mission Bay, extra minutes stuck in traffic or the need to be diverted to a different hospital could mean the difference between a full recovery and permanent disability or even death for him.

We are just one family with admittedly unusual circumstances, but children, including previously healthy children, show up at U.C.S.F. hospital every

single day with life-threatening emergencies where time is of the essence.

In addition, as someone who has spent months by my son's bedside in the hospital, I'm concerned about the impact of the arena noise and traffic on long-term hospital patients and their families.

Having a critically ill child in the hospital is a singularly horrific experience. Your child is subjected daily to painful procedures, and their sleep is disrupted by vitals checks, monitors and alarms. You have almost no control over your environment.

During those rare times when you're able to leave the hospital for a quick shower or nap, there is always the possibility that you will get the call that your child has taken a turn for the worse and you need to come back there immediately.

Now, imagine being stuck in arena traffic after you get a call like that.

I come from a Penn State family, so I've seen firsthand how the desire to feel like part of a wining team can cause good people to turn a blind eye to certain inconvenient truths.

I beg you to please take a step back and think long and hard about what can be gained from this project versus what will be lost.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

OSHA MESERVE: Good afternoon. My name is Osha Meserve, and I'm a member of the Mission Bay Alliance's legal team.

I just want to make a few points regarding the project's greenhouse gas analysis in the EIR, as our leaders are in Paris right now to combat global climate change.

The AB 900 leadership application for this project says the project would emit 200,000 tons of carbon dioxide over the next 30 years. That's the equivalent of putting 42,500 cars on the road for an entire year.

But this estimate is not complete of all the greenhouse gas emissions from this project. It leaves out the office towers completely and also assumes that Oracle emissions go down by over 76 percent.

To help address greenhouse gas emissions, they are going to buy offsets, but there's no standards for these offsets, and they may be uncertified, which could cost as little as \$1 a ton, and then the project would say that it's greenhouse gas neutral.

Unlike other projects in the City that have purchased offsets certified by the State or purchased

locally that have other co-benefits here in San Francisco, this project has no such requirement.

The EIR says, Ignore the faulty analysis in the AB900 application, and look, instead, to the City's Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan and the project's compliance with that.

But according to a Supreme Court case from last week, the project must show the relationship between the project level of reductions and compliance with the City's Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan.

Since there's no quantitive -- quantification, rather, of this project's greenhouse gas emissions in the first place, there is no way that it can show this relationship. Thus, the EIR analysis needs to be redone to meet minimum standards.

There needs to be a credible quantification of the greenhouse gas emissions, a showing of the relationship to meeting the greenhouse gas reduction plan here in the City, and then imposition of all feasible mitigation.

It's unfortunate that while others work to vigorously address climate change, we're not doing so here in San Francisco.

Thank you.

SUPERVISOR WIENER: Thank you very much.

Next speaker.

GERALD CAUTHEN: Good afternoon. My name is Gerald Cauthen.

I've been a transportation planner and engineer for about 40 years. I'm very familiar with San Francisco and with the MTA and its practices and policies.

I'm representing Save Muni today. We support the rejuvenation and improvement of Muni, and I want to talk about the traffic and parking impacts on that part of San Francisco of the project.

You heard a little bit of it earlier today.

There's -- I think it's 225 events a year. There's at least 100 of these events that will allow over 12,000 people to come to the events. Muni carries about 18 percent of the trips to San Francisco. In the average suburban county, it's more like 5 percent on transit, and the rest by car.

So, the idea that you can move a couple of bus lines and maybe even shift, someday in the distant future, with billions of dollars, a train line over next to the arena, is going to my mitigate against 12,000 people coming in -- or more -- coming in to these events four our five times a week, it's fantasy. It's pathetic. It's not going to happen.

The mitigation program that's been put out in that EIR is false. It's not gonna do enough.

So, if you're going to bring in a basketball

So, if you're going to bring in a basketball terminal -- or, basketball pavilion, you have to do something real to protect the neighborhood.

Thank you.

SUPERVISOR WIENER: Thank you very much.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: I think we have the video working now. And so, this video was intended for members of the public to really see the facts of this case, or this issue.

SUPERVISOR WIENER: SFGov T.V.

VIDEO SPEAKER: The Warriors Arena would devastate the landlocked Mission Bay neighborhood. By the City's own estimates, anywhere from -- (Video pauses.)

Imagine it's 7:00 on Friday night in

San Francisco. You're trying to get a sick loved one to

U.C.S.F. Medical Center in Mission Bay, but thousands of

cars pack City roads. Backups build from the Bayview to

the Bay Bridge.

Time is of the essence, but you can't get through the gridlock. Soon, this potentially life-threatening situation may be a reality.

A new basketball arena is proposed for Mission

Bay, down the street from AT&T Park and adjacent to U.C.S.F. Medical Center, in the heart of the City's fastest growing neighborhoods.

Today, Mission Bay is known for its thriving biotech center, a \$4 billion industry that has created 21,000 local jobs.

In February, U.C.S.F. opened a brand-new four-hospital complex, with a full-service pediatric emergency room. The hospital offers lifesaving services that other nearby hospitals do not.

It's a neighborhood on the rise. But maybe not for long.

Imagine what a Friday night will be like when commuters pour in and out of the City. 40,000 fans race to a Giants game at AT&T Park, and more than 18,000 people descend into Mission Bay for a Warrior's game or a concert.

Gridlock from every direction, a "Carmageddon" that will grind traffic in San Francisco to a screeching hault.

Less than a mile from AT&T Park, the Warriors Arena would devastate the landlocked Mission Bay neighborhood.

By the City's own estimates anywhere from 9,000 to 10,000 fans will drive to Warriors games.

Where will all the cars go? 1 2 With only 200 parking spots dedicated to the 3 arena, cars are expected to fill surrounding neighborhoods and frustrate residents and commuters. 4 5 (Video paused.) SUPERVISOR WIENER: Thank you very much. 6 7 Thank you. 8 Next speaker. 9 PUBLIC SPEAKER: This is just a continuation 10 of the video. 11 VIDEO SPEAKER: But for the patients of the 12 U.C.S.F. Medical Center, the consequences could be 13 deadly. Located only 1,000 feet from the arena, the 14 U.C.S.F. Children's ER handles about 11,000 emergency 15 16 room visits per year. 17 Imagine a parent racing a sick child to the 18 hospital or an ambulance driver with a life hanging in 19 the balance. 20 Is even one life worth the risk? 21 We say no. No to risking even one life. 22 to thousands of more cars on City roads and highways. 23 No to turning surrounding communities into parking lots. 24 Join us in opposing the proposed Warriors 25 Arena. Join us in imagining a brighter future for

San Francisco. 1 2 (Video stopped.) PUBLIC SPEAKER: Thank you. 3 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. 4 Next speaker. 5 PUBLIC SPEAKER: 6 7 ROB FRANCIS: Hello. My name is Rob Francis (phonetic). I live in Mission Bay. I've been there for 8 9 eight years. I'm an 18-year resident of San Francisco. 10 I think that the Mission Bay Alliance has been 11 mischaracterized in the media as being millionaire and 12 billionaire NIMBYs who don't want this project. I think that's the furthest from the case. 13 As a resident who lives in the neighborhood 14 and who has to commute every day, I don't see how this 15 can happen. 16 17 The area around the proposed Warriors Arena is 18 one of the most traffic-heavy in the entire City, with 19 cars making their way to the 101, the 280 and the 20 Bay Bridge every day. 21 I have -- I ride on Muni most of the time, but, at times, I drive. And whether I'm on the 22 23 Embarcadero or taking one of the side streets, I'm 24 already -- I'm stuck in gridlock every day. 25 To add to that something that I've noticed in

the last, probably, year, is that I now see ambulances riding on the Muni tracks on the Embarcadero. I think this is just insane.

There's no way that you can add even more people or more cars coming in or out of the City. I stand with the Mission Bay Alliance in opposing this project and hope that you will reject it.

Thank you.

SUPERVISOR WIENER: Thank you very much.

Next speaker.

LEO SCHWARTZ: I'd like to submit these letters of opposition, for the record, to the Clerk.

My name is Leo Schwartz. I'm an organizer with the Mission Bay Alliance.

There's been a lot of rhetoric from the Warriors' side that there's been no community support behind the opposition to this arena. I can tell you that cannot be further from the truth.

From what you've heard today, from a lot of people who couldn't come out today -- and I spent the past six weeks talking to the people in the community -- I can tell you the vast majority of people oppose this project. I think the numbers are beginning to reflect that.

With a poll that was sent yesterday out to the

media, less than a majority of people oppose -- are in support of this arena. That's down 10 percent from what the Warriors said a few months ago. So, the opposition is growing.

I think it's been a very exclusive project, which is why more opposition hasn't come out yet. A lot of U.C.S.F. people feel afraid to come out against this project, because U.C.S.F., without any input, came out against it. So, a lot of the staff has been afraid to come out.

And a lot of neighborhood members have felt that they have not been included in this process, which has been rubber-stamped, moved very quickly. There's been no time for anybody to read any of the information.

So, I have submitted over 400 letters of opposition we got, organizing on the streets, and over 1,800 letters that have been sent to the Supervisors in opposition to the arena.

Thank you very much.

SUPERVISOR WIENER: Thank you very much.

Next speaker.

ARMANI JONES: Hi. Good evening, everyone.

Name is Armani (phonetic) Jones. I'm from the East Bay.

I live in Richmond.

I've really been a Warriors' Authentic Fan. I

do not agree with the terms of their moving to

San Francisco, because I believe that ever since Stephen

Curry came and played a big role in the team, I believe

everybody has been looking at him as the Golden

treasure.

And, honestly, me being in Richmond, I can't live in San Francisco. It's not my choice. I just can't -- I can't do it financially.

I honestly believe that San Francisco is turning into a playground for the rich to play around and dipper down. So I just believe that the Warriors should not be there, and that it's malarkey, honestly.

But as a Warriors fan, I do wish the best for them, but I don't wish this for them at all.

And I'm with U.C.S.F., and I don't want them in Mission Bay. I think that they should pick a different alternative landmark to build this project, because I feel like it will hinder the biotech centers and the progression, because that whole area is actually progressing through the medical field.

That's all I have to say. Thank you.

SUPERVISOR WIENER: Thank you very much.

Next speaker.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Good afternoon.

First of all, I'd like to say to you, most of

you might not know, I'm a disabled American veteran. I fought -- fought -- I was overseas 31 months during the war.

To come back to America to find out that black people could not be in the Teamsters Union, to find out that -- I doubt if one of you supervisors here know that there's not one black person that owns a concession in either one of these parks. This is madness.

I don't mind if they build a park on every corner, but I think we have a right to be a participant in all of these businesses. And, so far, I would like to see the hands of either one of you Supervisors who know that when they tore Candlestick Park down to add Alice Griffith, they said that black people could participate. It didn't happen. And they tore it down.

Y'all don't understand the problems of black people in San Francisco. Y'all think we are a joke.

We are not a joke. I fought for this country. I lost an uncle in World War II. And I demand that y'all find out how many of these concessions will be allowed for black people in this City, and, otherwise, don't build that stadium.

I mean, what's so hard to understand about that?

And we got black supervisors. We got black

council people everywhere, but there's something wrong, 1 2 and we're not it. Because I thought it was my duty to serve this country. To return home and find out merely 3 because I was black, I couldn't work in San Francisco... 4 SUPERVISOR WIENER: Next speaker. 5 KATHLEEN O'KEEFE: Hello. My name is 6 7 Kathleen O'Keefe, and I've lived at Alabama Street and 17th for more than 30 years. So, naturally, I've seen 8 9 the area go through lots of changes before this proposal -- you know, the IT influx and the 10 11 subsequential parking difficulties. 12 And one of the earlier speakers brought up -and I thought it was a really good point -- was the 13 police and fire department really are overloaded with 14 the amount of service that they're able to provide. And 15 I know this firsthand. 16

But -- so, I'm mostly opposed to the new arena because of the traffic. I drive as little as possible. But I -- I'm not horribly disabled, but I need to drive to pick up things sometimes. And -- but it's dangerous, and it's hard, you know.

And that's all. I'm opposed.

Thank you.

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SUPERVISOR WIENER: Thank you very much.

Next speaker.

ALLYNN McINERNEY: Hello, my name is

Allynn McInerney. I'm speaking on behalf of parents of
a child at U.C.S.F.

My son, Benjamin, was born May 20th, 2015, at our home in Forestville, California.

Our goal was one of a minimalistic nature.

Have the baby at home with our midwives and family around, take care of the baby at home, nurture and raise him with community and family spirit.

Things changed for us almost immediately after he was born. He had several defects associated with the medical acronym, VACTERL. The most serious defect was Tetralogy of Fallot, a congenital heart disease.

He had five issues with his little heart that just recently, November 24th, to be exact, was successfully repaired from an open heart surgery at Benioff Children's Hospital.

Less than 24 hours after his birth, we were in an emergency situation. A lifesaving surgery was required and, ultimately, we made a dash to U.C.S.F. Mission Bay.

I love Bay Area sports, but I love my baby more. I love that the Warriors are making history as we speak. I love that the players are inspiring the youth in a professional manner that should be associated with

pro ball players and role models. The Bay Area deserves this team.

I can imagine many scary scenarios associated with having a pro sports arena residing next to any type of emergency facility.

The other fact of the matter is that this venue will most likely be used for other things as well during the off season or while the team is traveling on the road. If one person was to lose their life because a large crowd was gathering or disbursing from an event in the newly proposed arena, it would be shameful.

We are fortunate enough to be living in a time where we can save lives like never before. We have awesome medical technology. The doctors and surgeons are taking huge strides in almost every medical field. We are living in a great time.

We also have the capability to build great structures. The new home of the Warriors cannot interfere with the youngest warriors at the U.C.S.F. Mission Bay. Some of them are battling for their lives. This alone should be enough of a reason.

The Bay Area is quite large. Please find a better home for the Golden State Warriors.

SUPERVISOR WIENER: Thank you very much.

Next speaker.

IGGY VANS: Hello. My name is Iggy Vans. My wife and I own a house and a business in the Mission.

Our six-year-old son was born at U.C.S.F. with a severe congenital heart defect and has had two open heart surgeries and numerous other procedures there, and they took great care of us.

We love that hospital, and we love

San Francisco. We have invested our lives in this City,

but we strongly oppose the proposal to build a new

Warriors stadium across the street from the U.C.S.F.

children's hospital.

Our first concern is that if our son has a medical emergency, it's the only hospital we can go to in the City that can treat his condition.

The traffic in the area is already bad enough, especially when there's a Giants game. We are certain that arena traffic could prevent us from getting our son to the hospital in time to receive the care he needs in a medical emergency.

Second, we are worried about the impact this arena will have on patients and families in the hospital.

When our son was a born and had his first open heart surgery at five days old, he was in the hospital for more than a month. Many families are there even

longer.

Having a critically ill child in the hospital is already an incredibly stressful experience. Asking families to deal with the noise and traffic from an arena, on top of everything else they're going through is adding insult to injury.

U.C.S.F. leadership has been bullied into going along with this plan. In doing so, they have let us down.

I hope the Board of Supervisors will be brave enough to stand up to our families and our is City against the big-money interests trying to build this arena. Money and entertainment should not prevail at the cost of public safety and quality of life.

SUPERVISOR WIENER: Thank you.

 $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{JOHN HAVEMAN: Good afternoon, Madam President} \\ \mbox{and Supervisors.}$

My name is John Haveman, and I am a principal at Marin Economic Consulting. I've written a report called "Warriors Stadium Economics, Uncertainty and Alternatives."

I would like to speak a little bit today about the subsidization of Warriors activities, and I have a document that supports my comments today that I would like to submit.

First, I would like to speak to the \$8-plus million and annually that the City will be spending on transit, police services and DPW in their service and support of arena events. These expenditures represent a subsidy.

The counterargument that, Well, those expenditures can be covered by the revenues received from the Warriors each year, that's not a compelling argument, and I elect to use a quote by Supervisor Jane Kim to back me up.

The quote reads:

"Our taxpayers expect that we use those funds to pay for affordable housing, to pay for homeless services, to pay for mental health services, to pay for Muni, not for an event that is primarily marketing and promoting a corporate institution."

This is in regards to the taxpayers footing a bill for San Francisco's Super Bowl 50 celebration. So, those expenditures, despite the fact that they're covered by expenditures, represent a subsidy.

In the bottom line of my report, looking at an alternative for the land, reveals that in an average year, the City will be going -- foregoing revenues between 3.6 and \$7.4 million a year.

Over a 20-year period, that's 80 to \$163
million that the City will be foregoing by pursuing the Warriors Arena instead of, perhaps, a biotech alternative.

Indeed, the inclusion of off-site impacts, in particular, the hotel and tax -- hotel transient

particular, the hotel and tax -- hotel transient occupancy tax revenues, in estimating revenues associated with the arena, is improper in this regard.

It's been argued that I've included them in other reports I've done, in fact, for the City, but including these off-site impacts is very case-sensitive and not appropriate in this --

SUPERVISOR CAMPOS: Thank you. Thank you. Next speaker, please.

ERIK RINGELBERG: Madam President,

Supervisors, my name is Erik Ringelberg (phonetic). I'm
a consultant for Mission Bay Alliance.

I've spent the last 22 years working on hazardous waste, wildlife and endangered species, and unfortunately, I'm here to talk with you about two of those of items and where this project affects both of them.

The project relies on the 1988 Risk Analysis. We believe that document to be outdated.

We prepared an alternate Risk Analysis using

2015 standards from U.S. EPA and from the State of California, and identified that 19 hazardous chemicals were above the screening levels at the site.

What that means is that the workers and the community, as the materials are being dug out for the foundation of this project, will be exposed to 19 different hazardous chemicals, which the project does not identify.

We believe that the Risk Analysis provided in the EIR is outdated and not protective of human health and the environment.

Today, we discovered that six of these hazardous chemicals were found in the storm drains at Terry Francois Boulevard. We provided that information for the record.

We believe that the current mitigation, the best management practices at the site are not being applied or maintained, and we have brought this to the attention of both the City and the Regional Water Quality Control Board, and identified the ability to consistently meet the mitigation measures both for C.E.Q.A. and for water.

Finally, in regards to the ecological conditions, the Applicants' own environmental consultant identified that there was a half-acre wetland at the

site, and then they did a very good job of trying to bury that in the documentation.

We went out and we observed from the fence line that there was a half-acre wetland out there, and we think that the project needs to get either an Army Corps of Engineers permit or any analysis demonstrating that it is not, in fact, a federal wetland.

Thank you very much.

SUPERVISOR CAMPOS: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PATRICK SOLARI: My name is Patrick Solari, and I'm going to argue on behalf of Mission Bay Alliance regarding the City's flawed approach to mitigating transportation impacts, more specifically, the City's strategy of mischaracterizing the Transportation Management Plan and Transit Service Plan as components of the project, rather than properly treat them as mitigation measures.

Now, this could seem an academic or hypothetical exercise, but it has real-world implications, particularly here, because a lot of lead agencies follow this strategy in order to avoid the specificity an enforceability that C.E.Q.A. imposes upon mitigation measures.

At its most basic level, C.E.Q.A. requires

analysis of potentially significant impacts, and then a separate analysis of all feasible mitigation measures to address those impacts.

Here, the Transportation Management Plan is simply -- which was prepared, apparently, in consultation with the City well before the EIR was prepared -- is simply unenforceable.

And how do we know this?

It's found on page 100 of the document itself, where it states that:

"The project's failure to comply with specified performance standards means that the Warriors will explore additional travel demand strategies."

That's it. That's all that the Warriors are required to do if this massive document fails to mitigate traffic.

Now, the fundamental deficiency of this strategy, I think, is addressed by asking the following question: Did the EIR ever propose simply requiring the Warriors to pay for these six new lightrail trains that are unquestionably required to mitigate transportation impacts?

The answer is, no, and yet any other development of this size and scale would have been --

would have included that analysis. 1 2 And with that, thank you for your 3 consideration. SUPERVISOR CAMPOS: Thank you. 4 5 Next speaker, please. DELPHINE PERRET: Hello. 6 My name is 7 Delphine Perret, and I've been a resident of San Francisco for 35 years. 8 9 I followed, as carefully as a possible, the 10 development alongside the Bay, and I highly respect what 11 has been done by U.C.S.F. It's an example of a good 12 project, well-built, very important for the community. 13 And I think it's criminal to do anything that could prevent this hospital to function properly, as it 14 should. 15 16 And I also think that the consideration of the 17 pollution at this time and age -- the pollution and 18 noise and light and the quality of air has to be really 19 steadfully -- carefully studied, and would be quite 20 problematic here. 21 SUPERVISOR CAMPOS: Thank you. 22 Next speaker. 23 PUBLIC SPEAKER: I'm here for one purpose 24 To get recognized. But let it go at that. 25 But, really, when it comes right down to it,

Polk Street here -- emergency vehicles coming down Polk Street should be one way, and the emergency vehicles should have the ability to be with the bicycle lane.

Two -- bicycle lanes and emergency vehicles should be able to share. It's an idea of mine. But maybe there is a plan in place for looking to everybody in this.

You know, when they talk about toxicity and everything, and under a hospital and next to a hospital, maybe there's some concern there.

And we should understand that maybe a monorail system might be better adapted to us in the City and not destroy the infrastructure with these tunnels and everything.

Like, in Brazil, they don't have any problems anymore with their transportation because they went with Monorail. I mean, we could have a monorail out Geary, and we could have a real nice City, and we could see it, not be stuck under the ground somewhere.

And I really appreciate the Supervisors here.

I'm here because of Ross and the loss of Ross, and many other reasons. Today is the day that John Lennon died, and gun violence and other things.

But this is a hospital, and we have to provide them with adequate emergency access. In other words, a bicycle lane and an emergency lane. Maybe like Polk Street, the whole thing could be provided, because they always come down, you know, against traffic. And there could be a bicycle lane there on Polk Street and one-way traffic on Polk Street coming this way, and it would be a lot better, I think, that we recognize all of us.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you very much.

Next speaker, please.

ANGELIQUE TOMPKINS: My name is Angelique
Tompkins. I'm a Bayview Hunters Point resident, and I
serve in several capacities through service
organizations and board engagements, supporting
Bayview Hunters Point in the areas of health and
wellness, education, youth mentoring, economic
development, and the environment.

My comments today are based on experiences with the Golden State Warriors in their capacity as community stewards, having demonstrated interest and support for local Bayview Hunters Point community sustainability and revitalization initiatives.

When approached to support STEM -- Science,

Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics -- educational outreach and programming at the EcoCenter at Heron's Head, the newest acquisition to the Bay.org portfolio of conservation and environmental programming in

Bayview Hunters Point, the Warriors answered our call and set about helping us to exhibit and showcase a response of highly relevant interests of our community related to environmental justice, urban sustainability, and community revitalization.

As the EcoCenter represents San Francisco's best example and model for green building sustainable resource use and experiential learning, the Warriors organization understand that their engagement with neighboring communities is a requirement and an expectation for being good community stewards to the diverse array of youth and adults.

They recognize their privilege and obligation to the community and support for pivotal community programs. They have a adopted best practices aligned with our community tenets to protect the environment.

It is clearly important with the Warriors' breadth of resources that they remain in San Francisco to visibly demonstrate their community consciousness and how we can better use the environment's resources in order to foster ecosystems and healthy economies in our local communities.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Before I move to the next speaker, I just want to remind members of the public, this is an opportunity

for those who oppose the project and who support the Appellant. There will be an opportunity for those who oppose the Appellant and support the project to speak at a later time in this hearing.

Next speaker, please.

CHARLIE WALKER: Hi. My name is Chrisdon (phonetic) Walker, and I'm here to speak on behalf of Kylie Miriam (phonetic) from Modesto, California.

(As read) "Have you ever had a sick child? If not a child, how about anyone that you've had to care for?

"From a mild cold, upwards to open heart surgery or radiation treatment is taxing to the caregiver, as much as the one who was ill.

"I once went four days with no sleep while my five-year-old was on ECMO. For those of who don't know, that means a machine was performing his essential functions. Wires forced his heart to beat, a ventilator forced his lungs to breathe, and a machine was taking blood from his heart, oxygenating it and warming it, and putting it back into his heart. It's a nightmare for any parent.

"In the moments where I felt like screaming at his doctors, asking why they couldn't fix him, I would take a walk in the garden, take in the fresh air, and spend a few minutes in solitude.

"No beeping, no machines, no hushed conversations about the poor prognosis, and no hospital stench.

"But if you allow the arena to be built, that will be lost for all the other parents and caregivers who need it.

"When they seek quiet moments, they will hear fans stomping, booing, and cheering.

Please do not deprive them of that when they are feeling deprived of so much else."

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you very much.

Are there any other members of the public who would like to provide comment in support of the Appellant at this time?

(No response)

PRESIDENT BREED: Seeing none, public comment is closed, and we will move on with this hearing.

And we will have up to 10 minutes for representatives of the Successor Agency to the former

Redevelopment Agency and/or Planning Department to present their analysis for certifying the EIR.

PRESENTATION BY SUCCESSOR AGENCY

OCII EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR BOHEE: Good afternoon, President Breed, Board Members. Tiffany Bohee, Executive Director of the Office of Community Development and Infrastructure, or the Successor Agency.

As you know, the proposed Golden State
Warriors Event Center and Mixed-Use Project is located
in the Mission Bay South redevelopment project area.
OCII is the lead agency under C.E.Q.A. for administering
environmental reviews of Mission Bay projects, and our
staff, with the assistance of the Planning Department,
procured through an MOU in 2014, has conducted an
in-depth and thorough analysis of the potential physical
environmental effects of the proposed project,
consistent with C.E.Q.A.

OCII believes the Final SEIR provides and adequate, accurate, and objective analysis of the potential environmental impacts of the project, is sufficient as an informational document, is correct in its conclusions, and that the OCII Commission's certification findings are correct.

Chris Kern, from the Planning Department, will now present additional information on behalf of OCII.

SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNER KERN: Good afternoon, President Breed and Supervisors. Chris Kern with the Planning Department. I'm assisting OCII in the environmental review for the proposed project.

Before I address the specific issues raised by the Appellant, I'd like to briefly clarify the context for this proceeding today.

First, the purpose of C.E.Q.A. is to provide for informed decision-making about how a project or action, if taken, could affect the environment.

The standard for C.E.Q.A. is not perfection, rather, it is a good-faith effort to provide for a complete, accurate, and adequate, under the law, analysis of potential environmental effects.

In this case, OCII acting as lead agency, exercising its independent judgment, has certified an EIR based on the determination that the subsequent EIR meets that standard of review.

To overturn OCII's determination today on this appeal, the Appellant would need to demonstrate to your satisfaction that OCII certification of the subsequent Environmental Impact Report is not supported by substantial evidence in the record.

Disagreements between the experts and the attorneys for the Appellants about certain conclusions or methodologies used in the EIR, objections to certain aspects about the project, concerns about the project's environmental effects and critiques of the methodologies used in the EIR are not valid grounds for overturning OCII's determination that the EIR meets the requirements of C.E.Q.A.

Staff and our C.E.Q.A. consultants have reviewed the materials submitted by the Appellants' attorneys and experts, both in their appeal, in their subsequent briefings to the appeal, which were voluminous, as you are aware, as well as the materials that the Appellants have submitted into the record just over the last few hours.

All of the issues raised in these documents are fully responded to in writing in the documents previously provided to you by OCII, both in the SEIR, the response to comments documents, and the appeal response and our subsequent briefs in response to their subsequent briefs.

And then, lastly, I'd like to just touch briefly on some of the key issues that were raised in testimony today.

Department staff and our consultants are

available to delve deeper into any of these topics, because there were many covered in the Appellants' briefs.

And, first, also, just for setting the context, both for your benefit and for that of members of the public, again, the function of the EIR is to disclose the potential environmental effects of the project and the -- clearly, one of the key issues of a project of this nature is its impacts on transportation and traffic.

The EIR doesn't skirt those issues. It includes and in-depth and thorough analysis based on the methodologies that the City employees for its environmental review of projects throughout the City, and the expertise and the professional judgment of both Planning Department staff, MTA staff, and our expert C.E.Q.A. consultants.

The conclusions reached in the EIR about the traffic and transportation impacts of the project is that there would be significant effects.

Feasible mitigation measures are identified, and a great deal of work has gone into evaluating how best to mitigate the traffic and transit impacts of the project.

I would also note that a lot of comparisons

are dawn to the transportation system impacts of the Giants stadium in comparison with this project, and it's important to note that the EIR certainly considered the impacts of overlapping events, Giants events at the stadium and events at the proposed Event Center.

It's also important to note that the proposed Event Center is less than half the size -- half the capacity of the Giants stadium.

So, while that assessment of overlapping impacts is critically important and was thoroughly addressed in the document, I think it's important context to know that this is a much smaller center, or venue, than the Giants stadium.

And now let me get into just a few of the specifics. First, a lot has been said by the project opponents about the analysis locations used in the EIR. So, the Transportation Analysis appropriately included intersections and freeway ramps in the project vicinity and along approaches and departure routes most likely to be affected by project-generated vehicle trips.

The analysis locations were chosen because they represent the primary gateways that define access for the southern portion of Mission Bay, $3^{\rm rd}$, $4^{\rm th}$, $7^{\rm th}$, $16^{\rm th}$, and Mariposa Streets.

Beyond these gateways, traffic is broadly

dispersed throughout the SOMA street grid, which provides multiple routes for travel to any given destination.

Beyond the Mission Bay gateways, traffic analysis was focused on key locations that align with direct-access routes to and from these gateways.

The Response to Comments document included additional traffic analysis of the intersection of 8th and Brannan and South of Market. This intersection was selected primarily because its location is in close proximity to the two I-80 ramps, and it is along the access route to Mission Bay from South of Market and Mid-Market Areas via 8th Street.

The results of this intersection level of service conducted for the weekday P.M. evening and late-evening conditions with and without an overlapping SF Giants evening game did not identify any project-specific impacts at that particular intersection.

Other SOMA intersections to the east and to the north suggested by the Appellants would be even more remote to the project site and would experience lowe, more dispersed project-related traffic volumes.

Likewise, since the publication of the Draft SEIR and as reported in the Response to Comments

document, nine intersections south of Mariposa affecting the Dogpatch and Potrero Hill neighborhoods were evaluated and the impact analysis -- the related impact analysis is reported in the EIR statements that impacts on those neighborhoods were not addressed if the EIR mistaken.

Now, primary to the issues for this project are its impacts on the U.C.S.F. hospital and emergency vehicle access to the hospital. A great deal of work, again, was done by the team to evaluate those effects and to devise appropriate mitigation measures.

The proposed project's impacts on emergency vehicle access, including emergency vehicle access by the police department, fire department, and ambulances to the Medical Center were conducted and are disclosed in the SEIR, and access to the U.C.S.F. Medical Center is a focus of the impact discussion.

Implementation of the Transportation

Management Plan, stationing of the PCO's, parking

control officers, before and after the event and planned

transit-only lanes on 16th Street would facilitate

emergency vehicle access in the project vicinity.

The City, the Project Sponsor, and U.C.S.F. have developed a local Hospital Access Plan which was incorporated into the project secretary TMP to ensure

that inbound access to the Mission Bay area by residents, employees and U.C.S.F. staff, during the weekday 6:00 to 7:00 p.m. evening peak, when the maximum inbound project demand is expected to occur, which consists -- which overrides with U.C.S.F. staff shift is not substantially affected as a result of event-related traffic.

I'm running out of time, so if you have questions about that, SFMTA staff can provide much more detail about the local hospital access plan.

Likewise, staff is prepared to respond to questions you may have about the testimony provided about the greenhouse gas analysis.

I can assure you that the Greenhouse Gas
Analysis is consistent with both the standard
methodologies that the City uses and that have been
supported by the Bay Area Air Quality Management
District, but we've also looked at the recent
Supreme Court case mentioned by counsel for the
Appellants and have determined that our methodologies
are consistent with the Court's advice from that recent
case.

Thank you. And staff is available to respond to questions.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Supervisor Kim.

SUPERVISOR KIM: Thank you. I did have a question -- a couple of questions for staff, regarding traffic and mitigation plans.

I think it's certainly been the biggest question and point of discussion in our neighborhood. While most people are excited about the arena and, of course, are very supportive of our undefeated Warriors team, you know, the biggest question has always been, how can we, as a City, handle the influx of people that are going to come for our events and our concerts.

So, I believe question this was a question for SFMTA, if you can walk us through a little bit in terms of how you've assessed the mitigation, and then kind of the plan moving forward on how we can work on this.

And then, if you can also touch on how the arena is working to reduce vehicular traffic to the game, I think that would be great.

And then, finally -- this came up a lot in public comment -- is how you're working with U.C.S.F. to ensure, you know, very importantly, that our residents and U.C.S.F. patients are going to be able to receive the critical care that they may need in times of emergency.

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Thank you.

Peter Albert from MTA.

And, Supervisor, if I've left out one of the three points in your question, feel free to prompt me. I'll start with the overall transportation strategy, because I think that's the right approach.

First of all, so much work has been done, even before we required the Environmental Review to help us identify the mitigation measures in what we call the "Transportation Management Plan."

In my extensive experience working on big projects in the City, to have that much work done upfront, to solve the problems before they're even identified as potential mitigation measures gives us a huge leg up, because we actually built this into the very D.N.A. of the project.

We still used the Environmental Review to make sure we're looking at the potential impacts, but the jump-start here has been on some of the big issues that we really care about.

Do we overflow the capacity of Muni because we're not buying enough extra streetcars to handle the crowds?

Are we thinking about the nimbleness of the lightrail system, to make sure that when there's an event, people can still get to and from the Bayview

without being blocked by streetcars?

The very platform itself, is it big enough to handle what happens with the hospital and the Warriors Arena at the same time?

Luckily, the answer is yes, yes, yes, all three of those, because we were able to inform the very capital investments that needed to be made to help this project work better.

We even thought about things that most people would never think about, like, What happens when there's a Giants game and a Warriors game and two banks of electric-operated, lightrail vehicles are waiting to queue up?

Does that overtax our electrical supply system?

We figured in case it does -- and we got pretty close to that limit -- we built into the capital investments of this project the extra power capacity, a substation that we would love to use even if there wasn't a Warriors Arena.

So I'm opening starting with, we have thought about that, plus the traffic mitigation measures, the implementation of parking control officers, learning very much from what we wish we had done more with the Giants ballpark.

The bicycle networks, there's gaps in those networks that this project helps close. So, the cycle track along Terry Francois Boulevard, is part of this network and part of this project shape.

So, then, we get into the mitigation measures and say, above and beyond that, looking at all of the intersections identified, those along south of Mariposa, South of Market, those in the vicinity of Mission Bay, where are the problems and what do we do to mitigate those?

So, you can see the transportation mitigation measures take this strong base and build into those strategies.

What I would like to talk about now is, How do we make sure that people who need to get to the hospital when there's an event, or dual events, make sure that their access is prioritized, that we're not compromising public safety?

We hit that on so many levels. So, let's say we started with the extra transit and the traffic mitigation measures that we did as part of the project, and then what we analyzed in the Environmental Review. What we found is we still need to do more.

So, if I can switch to the overhead, I think I want to show you what we call the "Local Hospital Access

Plan" and some of the basics of how that will function 1 2 for accommodating the transportation needs of this area. It's kind of a dense graphic, so let me walk 3 you through what you see. 4 You see, first of all -- the basic streets in 5 faint red are those that we analyzed, because we know 6 7 the arterials are going to be doing the heavy lifting. Those are also the streets that a lot of people will be 8 9 taking to go to the parking facilities that serve the 10 arena. 11 It's important to point out --12 PRESIDENT BREED: Excuse me just a minute. 13 Do you have any copies of that? because my 14 overhead is not working. I can't see it. URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: I'm sure we 15 can furnish that. 16 17 PRESIDENT BREED: It's actually also important 18 for the public to see too, so I just want to make sure 19 we're able to follow along. 20 URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: I'm sure we 21 can furnish that. 22 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. 23 SUPERVISOR KIM: Perhaps you can E-mail this 24 to the Board, so we can pull this up on our computers. 25 URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: So --

PRESIDENT BREED: It's actually also important for the public to see it too.

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Thank you.

I don't want to use the graphic while it's being copied, because then that means no one is looking at it.

So, here's, like, a really important part of our analysis that I was going to get to that doesn't require a monitor: It's making sure we're using a state-of-the-art transportation strategy when you get a hospital near an event center.

We thought that this might not be the first time that ever happened. We did a good study.

We found 12 American cities that had major hospitals within a half-mile -- much closer, typically, than what we see here.

Some of the cities that we looked at were Los Angeles, Boston, Chicago, Minneapolis, Pittsburgh, Seattle, Miami.

In Los Angeles, it's not just one entertainment center. There's three major ones -Staples -- there's the sports venues. There's two large entertainment venues all within a block of the only 24/7 trauma center in all of the City of Los Angeles.

We look at Pittsburgh, where they have two

hospitals right next to both -- if you know Pittsburgh,
they've got a baseball stadium right next to the
football stadium.

We looked at New Orleans, where they have two hospitals, two health centers right near Super Bowl Drive.

We looked a Minneapolis, which is kind of amazing, because Minneapolis is building a new stadium directly kiddy-corner [sic] from a major hospital.

What we found is that none of those have anything like a Local Hospital Access Plan. So, we got to kind of invent how this should be done.

Am I good now with the graphic? Good.

So, let's go back to this one.

What we did was, we looked at the street networks that are needed to get people to and from the Warriors Arena.

Again, I want to emphasize that the parking provision at Warriors is not an accidental feature.

It's defined to minimize the amount of traffic that's coming right to the heart of this area.

So, we use intercept parking. We use the facilities that are around there, Mission Bay facilities.

We have two other parking facilities that are

going to be part of this agreement. But, still, people are going to try to come close to the center of the arena. We know that.

We also want to make sure people who arrive into critical medical shifts about the same time an event might be happening at the arena can use the streets to bring them to the front door of U.C.S.F.

So, this graphic shows the streets in close partnership to U.C.S.F. that they agreed would help make sure nurses could get to and from where -- from the outer area to the hospital.

We identify those streets in the blue network. They include $4^{ ext{th}}$. They include Nelson Rising. They include portion of Owen, right off -- right by Mariposa.

We also identified streets working closely with Dogpatch, Potrero Hill, and South Beach in Mission Bay, where they would like to make sure -- they just want to get north and south and don't want to get caught up in this -- is there an alternative that's useful to them that doesn't compromise access to the Warriors Arena.

And Owens ends up being that kind of street. It works well for north-south access, but it isn't a street that helps people coming around to get to the front door.

Now, coloring streets on a map is one thing.

Making sure we staff every time there's a certain

event -- and we have a variety of events that we're

accommodating here -- we staff those intersections to

help people safely get to where they need to go, while

directing patrons to the parking facilities -- has been

a huge success.

Supervisor, you know in your neighborhood how much success we had with the pilots on the PCO's partnering with the police. Great model. That taught us a lot.

So, what we have here are multicolored stars because there's layers of when we need them. Most stars in the most extensive situation where there's a Giants game and the Warriors at the same time, but we know that not every event is a big number, so we want to be smart, fiscally prudent, and make sure we're not extending our budget every day as if it's a 19,500-foot event.

The beauty of this is that we put the stars where the analysis showed there might be problems. What we have, though, is flexibility and revenue. That makes the difference.

If the revenue is coming in -- and my colleagues can talk about it -- define how we support the transportation plans we need, and we work closely

with cost estimates of the PCO, of the transit service, of maintenance, and we have that red star right there by the Warriors Arena that's a Transportation Management Center, we can deploy these PCO's where they need to be.

We got a lot of good input from folks in

Dogpatch and Potrero Hill about how they would like to

see extra PCO help south of Mariposa.

And you see some stars doubling up, because we have a Giants PCO and a Warriors PCO. We have the ability to make sure that we can put more of them down there if that's where attention is needed.

And then, finally, that cost of all of those stars on that map, of all of those human beings that are intelligently unblocking the box and managing traffic, is not the complete cost that we would be able to recoup through the revenue.

So, later in this conversation you're going to be able to talk more about this lockbox model, which helps make sure that the revenues coming in go to exactly these kinds of transportation strategies.

Now, one of the things I didn't cover, which was probably like the starting point -- but I did it the way I did it because I think we want to get to the nuts and bolts -- is the broader functionality of this part of town.

We heard some criticism about the transit-only lanes on 16^{th} Street corner that serves the 22 Fillmore. It's actually going to make the 22 more reliable, higher capacity and more frequent.

So, for transit-only events, this is like the dream come true. The T 3rd also has transit-only right-of-ways. These are already used by emergency vehicles. There's a public health center right there on 3rd Street that allows fire engines and ambulances to get to and out. The two red streets that you see on this map, 16th and 3rd, intersected exactly the interactions where's there's the Warriors Arena and the hospital.

Now, those stars are humans that are trained to help emergency cases get onto those emergency right-of-ways if they need to. You don't just need a flashing light of an ambulance to help someone who has an emergency situation get by-passed, waved by the PCO's who can recognize that situation a good half-mile out and bring them to the front door.

There's no other hospital in San Francisco that has transit-only right-of-ways that double as emergency vehicle access lanes in north-south and east-west directions.

So, this basic landscape, this use of transit

right-of-ways to help with emergency, the nimbleness of putting PCO's where they need to be and moving them around where they actually need to be when the Transportation Management Center is in operation, the experience of what's been happening in the rest of the country when these juxtapositions happen, and then the other metrics that go into the Local Hospital Access Plan that we worked so closely with U.C.S.F. that we would monitor how long it takes to use these blue-street networks to get to the front door -- we would do this religiously and carefully. And when they trip a certain threshold, we have to do so much more.

It's very much built into the plan. That's a mitigation measure. That's what we are obligated to do. But that helps everybody.

A nurse who knows it takes this much extra time to get there will be supported by the PCO's in these transit networks and these exclusive travel lanes.

If monitoring shows we're coming up against the brink, we don't wait for it to happen. We use our Transportation Management Center to deploy the extra CPO's where we need them to go.

If over the course of the year we see a problem rising because the monitoring information is data rich, we're able to make sure we step up the plan.

So, I'm only scratching the surface of how complex this Local Hospital Access Plan is, but I could not be, at this point, describing it with such confidence if I didn't work in partnership, not only with U.C.S.F, but with the Mission Bay businesses and residents who also benefit from this strategy.

So, I'm not taking up any more time unless there's more questions. I'll be happy to --

SUPERVISOR KIM: Mr. Albert, I just have one follow-up question. I know that Supervisor Cohen has some questions as well. She represents the district neighboring this arena.

You had talked a bit about the local access roads which will be cleared just for vehicles going back -- going towards the hospital, and I know this came up when we had met, but I was hoping you would talk a little bit about how the enforcement for that would happen, and also what the signage would look like.

Because the original signage I saw, I mean, I wouldn't understand that meant I couldn't drive through those roads unless I was not going to the arena.

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Thank you.

Yes. There's sort of a soft and a hard control that happens. The soft control is making sure we're not creating queues of people that have to be

badge-checked, identification-checked before they can pass into what we call the "hard controls" at some of the intersections, such as the intersection of 7th and Mission Bay Boulevard just west of the freeway, or even at the traffic circle there.

Those are PCO's that are helping unblock the box, keeping traffic flowing, but they're to not requiring checks.

The checks would be required when you're on those blue streets, getting closer to the hospital. You really don't have business there, looking around to find an on-street parking space. It's not going to be there. We don't want you there. We want the nurses to be able to get there. That's where the badging works.

The agreement with U.C.S.F. that we're so excited about is that they're going to make sure that the employees know when these scheduled events happen. They'll have their badges. They'll have this understanding.

And then here's some great feedback. The people on the life sciences community around there already know our PCO's by name. They have a human relationship with people like Monica Georgopoulos, who is singled on out as someone who has been resourceful and really helpful.

These are people who will know what to do and how to be nimble about these situations, and they will report on a regular basis. So, when we get the system worked out with the shift regulars, and they know the scheduling, we imagine this is going to be a clockwork operation.

SUPERVISOR KIM: So, that's great in terms of ensuring that hospital workers are going to be able to get in and out through the neighborhood, but we also have a lot of residents that will want to use the local access road.

And, also, when there are arena attendees that do use these roads, how are you going to enforce against that type of behavior?

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: So, the blue streets identify where there aren't residents for that reason. Especially Nelson Rising and 4th become streets that are the core of what's the hospital campus.

But the soft closures keep up the periphery, those are where people can go through. They're not necessarily being told, you have to prove you live here.

What they're saying is, Going to the arena, this is where to go. Going into Berry Street --

SUPERVISOR KIM: So, there will be people out on the street saying those things?

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: That's right. And permanent signs year-round that help direct that so people can follow the notions without necessarily a human having to direct them.

SUPERVISOR KIM: Right. But the signs that I was shown, I wouldn't have understood them. "Local access road only" doesn't mean anything to me.

So, if I was going to the arena, even as a SOMA resident, I wouldn't have known that meant I couldn't drive through there to get to the arena, because the arena is in the City local way.

So, is there a way that we can better -URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Absolutely,
because the arena opens in 2018. And we can work on
clarity to signs, and we can actually do testing.

We're actually starting to do some of the strategy testing, the use of transit right-of-ways for emergency vehicle access.

If we want to get the language right so that it's immediately intuitive and understandable, it could even be that we could use signs now to help sort out access to the hospital even without the arena.

This is the time now, with this kind of feedback, to make sure we've got it right. I'd be glad to share with you prototypes that you think help get at

that need for clarity and legibility. 1 SUPERVISOR KIM: I think that's the most 2 important thing, if you're going to put signage up and 3 say that it's gonna have some level of direction, is 4 that it actually makes sense, and if it doesn't make 5 sense to a City Supervisor, I don't see how it's going 6 7 to make sense to an arena attendee. 8 I provided this feedback months ago, so I was 9 hoping that we'd have some iterations by now, and not 10 say, we'll deal with that after the vote. 11 URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Well, be 12 assured, if it is about legibility in signs, we work with those --13 SUPERVISOR KIM: Not legibility, it's 14 understanding what the signs say. 15 16 URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: But we also do 17 have problems with legibility. People that work --18 there's a lot of issues. 19 SUPERVISOR KIM: Absolutely. 20 URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: So, yes. 21 SUPERVISOR KIM: Thank you. 22 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you, Supervisor Kim. 23 Supervisor Cohen. 24 SUPERVISOR COHEN: Thank you very much. 25 Mr. Albert, clearly you have studied this, and you know it like the back of your hand, and I can appreciate that.

My apologies if I'm going to ask some questions that you've already just answered. I'm just going to go through my questions, and they really stem from the Dogpatch Neighborhood Association, and a particular letter that they called out some concerns that they had that I'm going to talk about in the hearing today -- I'm going to raise on their behalf in the hearing today.

So, we've all received that the Dogpatch
Neighborhood Association wrote us a letter, and they
outlined some of their concerns, primarily with some of
the potential transportation impacts in the neighborhood
from the arena.

It states that no traffic analysis has been conducted in the Dogpatch neighborhood. Now, I believe that it has been, but I want to give you an opportunity, if you could describe the type of analysis that you undertook, just for the record.

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Sure. And I'm going to do this in partnership with Adam Van de Water, because they helped me coordinate with the Environmental Review, but I'm also going to be here, in case there's other questions about any other part of MTA that I could

1 address.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: I definitely have other questions for MTA. But thanks, Adam.

PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: Thanks,

Supervisors. I'm Adam Van de Water at the Office of

Economic and Workforce Development.

We sent a letter in response to the Dogpatch letter to each of you yesterday, but quickly, in summary, the Initial Draft Environmental -- Subsequent Environmental Impact Report looked a the 22 intersections that we thought might have potential significant impacts.

Those are largely the locations of the Parking Control Officers that Peter represented with stars on the Local Hospital Access Plan Map. We did look through the neighborhoods south of Mariposa.

The dominant access is through regional connections, so the I-280 northbound off-ramp at Mariposa, 3rd Street, 16th Street, and others, but you we subsequently looked at two different parking lots south of the site, one in between Crane Cove Park and the future Pier 70 Orton developments, and one just north of Pier 80, on what's called our "Western Pacific" site, and did an additional parking analysis of those two locations.

And Appendix TRX looked at nine additional intersections south of Mariposa, along corridors to access those two --

SUPERVISOR COHEN: So, when you say you looked at those two intersections, what exactly are you looking for?

PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: So, in looking at the intersections, we start with data from Oracle Arena based on patron data, point of origin, where are they coming from, where are they going to.

We adjust those for San Francisco based on San Francisco mode shifts experienced at AT&T Park, at other special events in this neighborhood, looking at the mode share that we analyzed in the document.

And then for those that will not be taking transit or car-sharing services or bicycling or taking other modes, that will be driving, where will they be coming from, where are the primary access points.

From the south, it's largely off the 280 off-ramps, and off of 3rd Street. A number of the residential streets in the Dogpatch, Potrero neighborhood either do not go fully through or are interrupted on a regular basis by stop signs, intersections, et cetera.

So, while we any think a handful of cars might

go through there, our traffic analysis suggests less than 3 percent of total vehicles will be on those residential streets, and that, really, we should be focusing our attention on the regional collectors, which will be the primary access routes to parking garages. SUPERVISOR COHEN: One of the points that the letter also raises, it has to do with study, if at all conducted, on south of Mariposa. South of Mariposa Street. Did you study that area? PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: Yes, we did. And so, we looked at all likely paths of travel to the arena, and then, as part of the Appendix TRX of the Supplemental EIR in Volume 6, we looked at the following nine additional intersections: Pennsylvania and the I-280 southbound off-ramp, 18th and the I-280 southbound off-ramp, $18^{\mbox{th}}$ and the I-280northbound off-ramp, 3rd and 20th, Pennsylvania and I-280 southbound, Indiana, 25th and I-280 northbound, 3^{rd} and 25^{th} , Pennsylvania, Cesar Chavez and the I-280 northbound off-ramp, and Illinois and Cesar Chavez. SUPERVISOR COHEN: So, again, you looked at these intersections and did some data modeling? You looked at the numbers --PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: That's correct.

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Our transportation analysts who are here with us today looked at throughput modeling.

So, they analyzed the length of the traffic signal, the capacity of the roadway network, other background conditions, whether it's P.M.P. rush hour or other events in the area, and looked at those intersections that would have a significant impact in terms of travel delay.

That's where we assigned our Parking Control
Officers, but we did it in a way so we could iterate and
respond to realtime conditions.

We recognize that we're doing a traffic analysis here, in 2015, for an event that will be operational in 2018. There could be significant changes in technology and mode shifts, and we need to be flexible to do that.

So, we have an on-site Transportation

Management Center with realtime communications to the

Parking Control Officers, and they can be redeployed as

needed.

So, if we find that one of those stars is misplaced and needs to be shifted to a different location, then we can do that in realtime.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: You have this flexibility to.

So, earlier this year and late last year -- I think it might have been even late last year, there was an ongoing discussion about the Mission Bay Loop, and as you know -- I'm just looking to make sure I'm not overlooking anyone.

The Mission Bay Loop has been a pretty contentious proposal that's come from MTA, and I was wondering if you considered the Mission Bay Loop, or how does the Mission Bay Loop which is -- for the folks in the audience, MTA has proposed the T Line to come to a certain point at 3rd Street, and then loop around to go back into the system to relieve pressure in other areas of the City.

How does Mission Bay Loop complement or

even -- I assume it complements, or maybe it doesn't -with the T Line in some of the proposals that we're

dealing with now, because at that time at Mission Bay
Loop, we weren't even thinking about an arena being

built, so...

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Peter Albert again, for MTA.

So, while it might be tricky to talk about some aspects of the loop -- because I need to be clear, it's under injunction right now -- we assumed the operation of the Mission Bay Loop to compliment the

Central Subway.

So, what that meant was we created an extra intensity of lightrail service between the Mission Bay Loop, which is at $3^{\rm rd}$ and between $18^{\rm th}$ and $19^{\rm th}$, and then Chinatown.

So, you would get two layers of T3rd service.

T3rd from Chinatown, all the way to the Bayview, and then T3rd service short line, which goes to the Mission Bay Loop. The arena's position north of that helped them benefit from the full extra service that's there.

The assumptions also included the two-car operation of the T, so if there were questions or concerns about the capacity for light rail, this actually helps double the capacity of every service and increase the frequency.

So, the Mission Bay Loop's design is to give us nimbleness and extra service coverage. On accord, we would expect there to be more demand.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: So, a few more questions around transportation and City planning.

So, the City has really helped to create a lot of the congestion in the development happening in the southeastern corridor, largely created through the Eastern Neighborhood's Plan, as well as the Pier 70

Master Plan. 1 2 I wanted to hear your thoughts around the C.E.Q.A. analysis, if it took into account the 3 cumulative impacts of both of these developments. 4 5 URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: So, for that, I turn to my colleague, Chris Kern. 6 7 SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNER KERN: Chris 8 Kern, Planning Department. The answer to the question is, yes, the Impact 9 10 Analysis did consider all of the surrounding development 11 that could contribute to impacts that the project would 12 also contribute to. 13 Now, that said, the Cumulative Impact Analysis 14 is specific by topic, as to what development is considered to be relevant to the Cumulative Impact 15 Analysis. 16 17 SUPERVISOR COHEN: What are some of the key topics that come to your mind? 18 19 SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNER KERN: Well, 20 certainly I think traffic and transportation impacts are 21 key, and the Cumulative Impact Analysis in that case is the based on projected growth in the model the City uses 22 23 for analysis throughout the City. 24 SUPERVISOR COHEN: And in that projected 25 growth, you took into consideration the -- almost, I

guess -- the several different development projects that are underway in the pipeline, and then also possible future ones?

SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNER KERN: Yes.

And if we want to get deeper into the methodologies of the Transportation Analysis, I'd like Bill Wyco, a colleague who is the transportation lead for the Planning Department. He's more familiar with the nuts and bolts of our transportation analysis methodology.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: That would be great if he could come and present, because I think if we were to look at a project as an individual -- and as it stands on its own merit, it's okay -- but I do believe we need to start to look at the cumulative impacts.

Pier 70 is a huge project that voters approved last year. There are other major projects that are also being currently developed and redeveloped in the area.

So, I am concerned about the cumulative traffic impacts.

Could you help relax my concerns?

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OFFICER WYCO: Bill Wyco, Planning Department. Some of you maybe remember my former life as well.

The Cumulative is done kind of in a similar way that it's done on most projects for transportation.

You know, we have a lot of projects in the pipeline, specific ones that we know about.

We also have growth forecasts that are based on the economics of the region and San Francisco. And the traffic transit and all the transportation components are essentially taking into account the specific project we know, the details of those specific projects -- you know, like Pier 70, which is in very close proximity, as well as the potential of projects that we don't have specific details, but we know that there is this envelope of growth that's out there that's gonna happen in a geographic area.

And so, when we're doing the Transportation Analysis, we're talking all that into account to establish the Cumulative.

And an example would be when we looked at the secondary parking facilities, like the Pier 80, and we saw a significant impact over on the freeway ramps on Pennsylvania, those impacts — the arena, if we operate those parking facilities for joint events, will contribute to those significant impacts, but the primary source of those impacts is Pier 70, because Pier 70 has kind of a direct pipeline to there.

And so, it's a good -- Pier 70 is a good example of -- the project is out there. It's very

specific.

You know, there's a Transportation Analysis already underway and it allows us to get to the localized details, where we have the localized details, as well as accounting for this bigger picture of growth that is pending, but where the details are not as specific.

So, you're generally going to assign traffic and transit riders to a geographic area to account for the cumulative impacts.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: Okay. Thank you.

I'm going to pivot back to, I think,

Mr. Albert. This is for you.

Now, you know we've had many conversations about switchbacks, and you already know how I feel about them. And Supervisor Tang also.

And for the members that are here, for the public, I hate switchbacks. Switchbacks have the T Line going down southbound into the City, and then they switch back into the other parts of the City to relieve traffic, thus rendering the people that are on the T Line without transportation to get home.

So, I want to ensure that we are not exacerbating the T Lines, because when I read the Plan and the Analysis, it looks like it would help alleviate

switchback problems.

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Thank you.

I do want to point out I'm both an N Judah rider and a T 3rd rider, so I've experienced the downside of that phenomenon, but here's -- it wasn't just my own personal interest in making sure it doesn't happen to me again.

We hear all the time about that challenge.

The problem is, if we don't provide that extra capacity of the extra fleet, what happens is we have to make a hard decision to pull a streetcar that otherwise wants to go to the end of the line, turn it around. So, we built that into how our service plan should work.

That's why we came up with -- we looked at a crowding factor and came up with -- because these are expensive, these streetcars, and we knew if we were going to have a partnership, we wanted to make sure we could justify why we wanted them to be covered in the revenues.

We came up with four full streetcar sets.

That helps us offset the need to take any other transit out of service on even the biggest event day, because those four cars would not be possible except for the agreement we have with the provision of the Event Center.

That means that the T 3rds that need to go all the way down to the Bayview don't have to turn around because we're having a big crowd over there. That's why we augmented our fleet with those four cars.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: So, we've talked a lot about the north-south transportation with the T Line.

Now let's talk about the east-west transportation from the 16th and Mission BART station.

How have we enhanced that -- the coaches that are traveling on 16th and 17th?

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Thank you. If

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Thank you. If I could have the overhead. I'm actually going to answer a question you asked, because I think it's a great starting point.

When you're looking at the problems in the area right now, you know what you know. You know what's out there.

What we wanted to make sure, looking at 2018, is to understand the conditions today, including the difficulty of going east-west. What will happen between now and say 2018, 2019, what investments are in place?

And then, What more do we need to do to handle the Event Center?

East-west traffic is a big challenge. The graphic right now shows that -- we took a snapshot of

what happens in 2020. That includes the 22 Fillmore that runs on 16th Street, east-west. It also includes the connections to multiple BART stations, because Central Subway allows us to get to Powell Street. The existing N Judah service goes to Embarcadero.

The 16th Street corridor helps us get to 16th Street. So, unlike AT&T Park, where there's a critical mass of people around the Embarcadero, we spread that burden on three different BART stations and help them dissipate.

However, the analysis said we needed to do more. So, this next graphic I'm going to put up shows what "more" could look like.

Building onto the backbone of all this infrastructure, we're going to run extra Muni buses and extra Muni trains. They're much like the shuttles we do for AT&T Park.

So, we know we need to run more T 3^{rds} from the Mission Bay Loop into Chinatown, because that's going to help people get to Powell Street BART. It gets us there pretty quickly because of the subway.

We keep that N Judah line on the Embarcadero and extend it down into the arena center on a post-game event, so people can get down along the waterfront, and we augment not only the 22 Fillmore that runs on

16th Street, we take advantage of the BRT line on Van Ness, which goes north-south in the western part of the City, and we plug a line from that BRT, all the way from the arena through the Van Ness Metro Station, through South of Market into the Mission, along the Mission east-west.

We're reaching so many different access points and people all over the City, that you could probably make this trip to the arena with no transfer, or at least toast one, to a high-capacity system.

SUPERVISOR KIM: Now, are people going to be able to use this transportation system when there are no games being played?

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: So, we talked about what we need to do for an event center. To make that happen, we had to build capital facilities. Those capital facilities included in those streetcars help us run even if there's no event.

The flexibility of the pocket track, the expanded platform is something we wish we could have done from the beginning, and we're doing it now. The extra streetcars can be used anywhere in the City we needed extra capacity, but we are not jump-starting stuff that's already lined up to happen. We're taking advantage of the investments we've built, and we're

using them to the maximum efficiency. 1 2 SUPERVISOR KIM: Okay. Fair enough. One of the things that really piqued my 3 interest and answered my question already was how 4 5 well-thought-out the PCO answer is to traffic. So, we've talked about congestion or potential 6 7 congestion on public transportation, but there's a real 8 reality of the people that live in the neighborhood -- I 9 live in Potrero Hill. The place is already congested as 10 it is right now, with cars and bicyclists. So, it is 11 comforting to hear that there will be enforcement. 12 Now, this PCO enforcement, is this something that's going to be standard, a new standard of living, 13 or is this something that's going to be on game days or 14 when there are -- an event at the arena? 15 URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Thank you. 16 17 We designed the PCO plan for the events, but 18 not just game days. It's something that would happen 19 even with a small event. 20 I think you saw the graphic that shows there's 21 a variety of events that trigger different responses.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: What are those triggers?

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: I'll show you

here.

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SUPERVISOR COHEN: Do you think this is

something we could also implement on an everyday purpose?

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Yeah. The Transportation Management Center is in operation every day.

What it does is it creates a new gravity of transportation management in the heart of Mission Bay. There isn't one now. It's going to have state-of-the-art cameras, safety mechanisms. We can see what's happening at intersections. It allows our whole staff, not just our PCO's, but our transit operators a base.

So, what they need to know is this graphic here shows the variety of events and the sizes that are happening.

Building this into our schedule makes sure we can staff up for the events that we know are going to happen and staff down when we need to be more lean. I think that's an important part of this. It's not a one-size-fits-all situation.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: Would this require us to do any hiring, or is this a job generator we're talking about, an opportunity for local hiring, or do you already have the staff on --

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: We don't

already have the staff. It is an opportunity to hire. 1 2 We know what he we need. Now we have to identify the 3 revenues to bring them in. And that's where this lockbox conversation is so essential. 4 The revenues that are only here because of the 5 Event Center and dedicated to this local source help us 6 7 make sure that these very needs we have identified have 8 actual human beings showing up to duty. SUPERVISOR COHEN: Got it. 9 10 I think we might have exhausted my list of 11 questions. Just double-checking. Um, I think that's 12 it. 13 Oh, there was something that the Appellant brought up about an \$8 million annual expenditure. Is 14 this accurate? 15 16 I don't know if someone from MTA could speak 17 to this. URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: I'll turn this 18 19 back over to Adam Van de Water, who has helped us 20 coordinate with the revenues and expenditures. 21 SUPERVISOR COHEN: Thank you. 22 PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: Thank you, 23 Supervisors. Adam Van de Water again.

There's an item later on your agenda today, an

ordinance creating a Mission Bay Transportation

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Improvement Fund, where we can walk through the specific details of the sources and uses on the site. I'm happy to go into that high-level now and then --

SUPERVISOR COHEN: Well, I think my question is, Was the Appellant correct in saying that there is an \$8 million annual expenditure?

PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: There is an annual cost of providing the extra PCO's train service and bus service, transit fare inspectors, et cetera, plus foot patrol officers and the occasional street sweeper, plus a capital cost of purchasing the extra lightrail vehicles and making the improvements that Mr. Albert described.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: Fair enough.

Are there -- is there an opportunity for us to leverage and, I guess, recoup some of the expense we're spending on making this operation a reality, as folks come to the arena for different events?

So, how do we offset that?

I don't know if the Warriors are paying a fee that's going specifically towards this part of the -- I guess, towards the MTA budget -- is what I'm looking for. Help me out here.

PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: The Warriors are paying all of the required taxes and fees. There

are no property tax or sales tax or any other waivers on 1 2 site. They're paying the full freight of the 3 Transportation Impact Development Fee, which is offsetting the cost of some of the capital improvements. 4 They're also paying an annual fee, which is called the 5 "stadium admission tax" --6 7 SUPERVISOR COHEN: Do you happen to know what 8 the fees are or what the total cumulative amount is? 9 PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: The TIDF is 10 about \$17 million --11 SUPERVISOR COHEN: And this is something paid 12 out annually or on a one-time basis? 13 PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: One-time basis, 14 when they get their construction permits. And then there's also a stadium tax, a \$2.25 cost on the dollar 15 16 value of each ticket. So, it is an annual cost, and 17 it's part of the reason why this project generates a lot 18 more on-site revenue than --19 SUPERVISOR COHEN: So, if the Warriors 20 continue to win, ticket prices will continue to be high, 21 which means there will be a higher surcharge that will 22 go back into our transportation system? 23 PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: The surcharge 24 is a flat \$2.25, so... 25 SUPERVISOR COHEN: So, it's not flexible?

PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: It is per 1 2 ticket. 3 SUPERVISOR COHEN: All right. I tried. I 4 tried to get us a few extra dollars. Next time I'm going to get you. If I were 5 negotiating that contract, that would have been a 6 7 certain percentage. 8 Let me see if there's anything else on my 9 questions. 10 I do have one more about the drawn map about 11 the project area that the Appellants raised questions 12 about drawing the map and mapping out the different 13 project areas. 14 So, specifically, it is kind of a funky little configuration. 15 16 How did you come to that area? 17 I don't know if you are the best person, Adam. PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: I could give it 18 19 a shot, but I think our project team might do it justice 20 better. 21 SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNER KERN: Through the President, I'd again ask Bill Wyco, who was the 22 23 transportation lead, to explain the transportation study 24 He knows the details of that better than I do. 25 ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OFFICER WYCO: Bill Wyco

again. I'm sorry, the acoustics back there. I kind of missed the specific --

SUPERVISOR COHEN: No problem. So, let me speak a little louder for you.

The Appellant raised an interesting question about the funky configuration of the study area. It's kind of jagged. It's kind of in this blue area. I was wondering if you can explain to me how you came up with this --

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OFFICER WYCO: Okay.

First of all, I wasn't involved with the project design, so I don't have any vested interest in defending it or not, but it's basically -- and this is partly related to what I said earlier, when we were talking about cumulative and, you know, we had specificity on some projects.

But in this area of Mission Bay, what you have is some very clearly-defined gateways. From the north, you can come in $3^{\rm rd}$ Street, $4^{\rm th}$ Street and $7^{\rm th}$ Street. From the west, you can come in from $16^{\rm th}$ and Mariposa. From the south, you can come in from $3^{\rm rd}$ Street.

Yeah, there's ways that somebody that really knows the street system could kind of come in. And we accounted for that in other ways.

So, the study area is basically defined by

those gateways. At those gateways, the traffic is focused. That's where most of the intersections we studied are -- is at the gateways and in the immediate proximity of the project.

Once you get beyond those gateways, you know, so how can you get to $4^{\rm th}$ and King? Well, you can come down $4^{\rm th}$ from Harrison, maybe from Howard, maybe on Brannan, maybe on Townsend.

And so, the problem that Appellants are pointing out, really, with their logic, is -- I mean, I was counting while we were listening -- they identify about 100 intersections that we should have studied.

And once you move beyond those gateways, there's a whole lot of different ways that people can travel. At the gateways and within Mission Bay, there's very limited ways that people can travel.

So, the area is basically defined by those gateways. There's nothing sinister or clever about it other than it's basically trying to identify where you can track that people will be, not trying to make broad guesses that all the people are going to be on the Embarcadero, or all the people are going to be going --

SUPERVISOR COHEN: So, let me see if I can boil all that sophistication down, all those fancy words.

You looked at the numbers, you looked at the data, and that is how you came to identify the traffic area for you to study?

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW OFFICER WYCO: Right.

And, you know, we did, in the response to the EIR -- you know, they had these 90 or 100 intersections that, you should have looked at these.

So, we looked really carefully at each and every one of those, and we looked at 8th and Brannan, because you go to Google and Google says -- you know, I think, somewhat stupidly -- from the East Bay, get off and go from 8th and Brannan.

So, we looked at 8th and Brannan, because even if you're not coming from the East Bay and getting off there, it's kind of a logical place for people to go through coming from the western part of the City, northern part of the City. We looked at that and added that, and there's no story.

The Appellants kept raising other concerns: How about the Embarcadero?

There's materials that were just developed that look at the two worst intersections on the Embarcadero, Embarcadero, Bryant, and Harrison. And, again, no story. 60, 70 cars, no significant impact.

And, I think, the point of that is -- you

know, and we had looked at a broader area, and specific places where you think there might be a problem. We are not seeing that problem because traffic is dispersed as you move further away from the site.

So, the study area is basically defined to focus on where the impacts are concentrated, and not just drawing a big geographic area and saying, well, somewhere in this big blob, there might be an impact.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: Thank you. I appreciate all the City staff that's taken all the time to answer my questions.

Madam President, I'm done.

PRESIDENT BREED: You sure?

SUPERVISOR COHEN: Well, I do have some environmental questions, but I'll save them for later. I do have questions for the Project Sponsor and the Appellant, but, again, for the appointed time. I can wait.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you, Supervisor Cohen.
You're too kind.

Supervisor Avalos.

SUPERVISOR AVALOS: I have a question. We've heard a lot about the ways we've studied this project and different ways we can mitigate the impact, but what I'm really interested in hearing is, What is the

quantifiable impact? 1 2 What's the difference we're going to see, 3 let's say, to our Muni lines? Quantifiably [sic], are we actually going to 4 5 see, based on what we're able to apply with our mitigation members, a benefit or even, despite our 6 7 mitigation measures, are we going to see delays? What have you been able to measure with that 8 9 so we're getting down into the weeds? 10 URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Thank you to 11 the President. 12 So, when we talk about Muni lines, one of the 13 most important mitigation thresholds is overcrowding. So, there's flow of traffic, which we talk about Level 14 of Service A, B, C, D, E, and F, but in Muni, it's 15 16 beyond that, because that does impact the operations of 17 transit. 18 Here we have the benefit of these 19 transit-protected right-of-ways, but it's not really as 20 much an issue. But what would be an issue is 21 undersupplying the transit capacity. So, we have a threshold at MTA that says, 22 23 Above this, you're creating a significant impact because

That analysis, that threshold I could lean on

the trains are too crowded for people to even get on.

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my colleagues at City Planning to identify the threshold. We provided that to them.

Our responsibility at MTA was to make sure where we needed more capacity, we had those extra buses or extra streetcars where we actually needed to procure more fleet.

SUPERVISOR AVALOS: So, my question is, Are we getting overcapacity?

Are we getting to that threshold, and how often, in your measurements?

And then I'm also interested not just in the capacity of the cars themselves, but also of our lines to be able to move people in terms of frequency and preventing delays.

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Sure

So, yes, we're getting close to the threshold, but our mitigation measures helped us stay below what the threshold was. I'm sorry. The second part of your question?

SUPERVISOR AVALOS: The second part is based on -- are we looking at delays because, despite our mitigation measures, are there delays?

How would that affect our headways for Muni lines, and which Muni lines?

If you could do it line by line. I think

we're just talking about the 22 and the -- I'm concerned also about not just the people who are getting to the arena, but the people who are getting past the arena from one end to the other, because on the T Line to get to -- you know, to downtown, you're actually going past it.

What's the experience going to be based on what your measurements have been?

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: So, we started with an analysis where we had capacities to fill up these trains and make sure we had enough of them running to keep our headways.

The advantage we had is, when the biggest events were happening tended to be the most -- the Event Center's -- the events would start at 7:00 or 7:30, sometimes even eight o'clock at night, so we missed the peak of the peak.

But better than that, though, is the reverse commute potential, except for the T, where you have a lot of people coming from downtown through there.

You've got a lot of trains that are coming into downtown -- or, they're coming in fairly empty and taking commuters home or out to the outlying areas.

So, if you're coming in from the north, the west, or the south part of the City on BART, Muni,

Caltrain, you've actually got more capacity, especially at these later hours.

The fleet itself could have been a challenge, but after about 6:30 and before the event really kicks in, we start to retire our fleet, because the biggest numbers have already done their heaviest lifting.

So, we are especially aware of when we can keep some vehicles in operation beyond that 6:30 threshold to get us into 7:00, 7:15, if an event is at 7:30, even later if it's at 8:00.

At ten o'clock that night, if there is a problem, we have a whole bunch of fleet buses and trains that we can just pull right back out of the yard. And we do that already.

We don't have problems with congestion at the corridors, provided that the mitigation measures we identified allow that flow. But, again, we had a huge head start, because two of the critical transit arterials are absolutely protected from traffic congestion -- 16^{th} and 3^{rd} Streets.

SUPERVISOR AVALOS: They're absolutely protected from traffic?

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Right.

Those are transit-only ways. The only other vehicles that can be on them are emergency vehicles.

SUPERVISOR AVALOS: And so, my question was, What is the quantifiable difference?

And if you're able to -- I mean, you've talked about ways you can mitigate changes, you can mitigate impacts, but what are you able to see in terms of quantifiable differences in headways?

And you said you got close to capacity on vehicles. I guess that's close to the answer to my question, but on -- really, on headways, are we seeing an improvement based on -- or, are we seeing, you know, some delays based on what we're going to see in terms of people coming to the arena?

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: Right.

And so, again, returning to Adam Van de Water.

I just want to point out why we do this sort of one-two combo with Adam.

We gave him the data. He plugged it into the thresholds that matter to the EIR. He bounced back with what the results were, and that helped us make sure that if we gave him our most rigid standards about overcrowding or missing headways, he helped us translate that, with the help of the Planning Department, into performance.

So, Adam.

PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: I have the

luxury of focusing on one and not many, many projects at the same time.

The T 3rd line, to answer your question,
Supervisor Avalos, will have about a fourfold increase
in service, and that's going to really be the workhorse.
That will be the future Central Subway connection to
Powell Street and take the most passengers by transit.

We are also proposing arena-specific special-event shuttles along 16th Street, connecting, via Mission, to the future Van Ness BRT, from the Event Center to the Transbay Terminal and the Ferry Terminal Expansion at the Embarcadero Street BART, complementing the T, when we reach the capacity of the trainway network there through the switchgear and existing underground platforms, and adding extra service.

The reason behind the Mission Bay

Transportation Improvement Fund, Item 66 on your agenda today, is really to put the funds aside in a

Controller's reserve, so that we can fund all of the cost of all of these — this transit service without impacting any parts of the service. We absolutely do not want to cannibalize service from elsewhere in the City.

We recognize that people take transit to get to school, to daycare, to work, to run their errands,

and we cannot afford to pull that service on a regular basis away from there, as we occasionally do for one-off large events in San Francisco.

SUPERVISOR AVALOS: Don't we already have some level of cannibalization with Giants games?

I have actually -- I have the experience of going to Giants games on Muni, and I do see that there's limited service elsewhere. Maybe it's not entirely limited, but it's limited.

I also have had the experience of going on -coming back from games, I go south -- I don't go north
or west -- to the western part of San Francisco, and I
know it's much easier to catch a train going north and
west versus south. And I've actually experienced
switchback even coming back from Giants games.

So, we've learned some things from that experience and that's actually going to improve the transit opportunities for people.

There's plenty of people who actually go past the games on our transit systems who don't go to the games as well, and are very inconvenienced even right now by the games.

URBAN PLANNING MANAGER ALBERT: So, through the President again. Yes, we do have -- there's two problems that happen the way it is now.

We didn't build in the traffic flexibility that allows transit to get around them so easily. So, if you're trying to catch Caltrain, you're stuck sometimes behind a queue of streetcars that are just unloading passengers.

So, that's part of the reasons why the cross-over tracks and that platform reconfiguration is something that really would help us and the Warriors. Would have been lovely with the Giants...

The other factor, those four lightrail vehicles that came into this, were designed especially to make sure that the crowds that we're absorbing -- remember that the Warriors Arena is only at the highest -- what was it -- 19,000 or 18,500 -- whereas the Giants built a 42,000-seat stadium.

So, we have a smaller number to work with, and yet we're uniquely in this project providing extra streetcars to accommodate that smaller number.

SUPERVISOR AVALOS: I think we'll get to a discussion about the fund itself. I do have concerns that I've raised with you directly about how it works, and I comment on that when that's before us.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you, Supervisor Avalos.

Seeing no other names on the roster, we will

move to the presentation from Real Party in Interest. 1 You will have up to 10 minutes to make your 2 3 case for certification of the EIR. 4 PRESENTATION BY THE REAL PARTY IN INTEREST 5 6 7 WARRIORS PRESIDENT WELTS: Thank you, 8 Supervisors, and good -- still good afternoon, yes. 9 So, I probably had to pinch myself this morning to think that this day had actually really come. 10 11 It's actually been three-and-a-half years 12 since we accepted the City's invitation to move the Warriors back in San Francisco. And we're thrilled in 13 those three-and-a-half years to have earned the 14 opportunity that will be before you today. 15 16 I think the only thing that hasn't changed in 17 the project in those three-and-a-half years is Aaron 18 Peskin is still hiking in Nepal. 19 PRESIDENT BREED: Can you please identify 20 yourself? 21 WARRIORS PRESIDENT WELTS: I'm sorry. Rick Welts. I'm the President and Chief Operating 22 23 Officer of the Golden State Warriors. 24 Hold the applause. Thank you. 25 Well, weed mitigation is not exactly as

exciting as what our basketball team is doing in rewriting NBA history, but I think we've actually approached it in the very same way in terms of as our team has in terms of our commitment to this process, our preparation, and our effort.

Since we've pivoted from Mission Bay, we've really been overwhelmed with the support, not only from the public but also from the neighborhood.

The proposal that OCII approved last month was a result of extensive study and community process. We engaged in a productive dialogue of key stakeholders including the neighborhood, U.C.S.F., the Mission Bay life science community, and local businesses. We have a better project today because of all the input we've received.

And Supervisor Cohen, you will be happy to know you have great negotiators on your side. That two-dollar-plus per ticket tax we're paying, the Giants are paying 25 cents per ticket. So, they did well.

After 11 meetings of the Mission Bay CAC, they voted unanimously to endorse the project. We've had over 50 meetings with the Dogpatch, Potrero, and South Beach neighbors. We reached a critical agreement with the leadership of U.C.S.F. which addressed their concerns.

We have a letter of support from all the major companies that make up the Mission Bay life science community, and in each of these steps, the principals in the Warriors organization were participants front and center, not hiding behind paid surrogates, a distinction I hope you recognize.

I particularly want to thank the staff at OCII and the City for all their incredible hard work. It's been a long road to get to this point, and the staff should really be acknowledged for their thoroughness and thoughtfulness that went into this analysis.

Thanks, Supervisors, for your time and attention.

And I'd now like to ask counsel, Mary Murphy, to address the specific issues raised in the appeal.

Thank you.

PRESENTATION BY COUNSEL FOR THE PROJECT SPONSOR

COUNSELOR MURPHY: Good afternoon, Members of the Board. Mary Murphy, Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher, counsel for the Project Sponsor. With the Board's indulgence, I'd like to share my time with my cocounsel, Whit Manley of Remy Moose & Manley.

I'd like to address how the Event Center

relates to the Mission Bay Redevelopment Plan and OCII's environmental analysis.

First, OCII found that the Event Center is consistent with the Mission Bay Redevelopment Plan.

There is ample support for that conclusion as spelled out in OCII's findings.

OCII, as the lead agency, is responsible for making that decision, and that decision is not properly before this Board this evening. Rather, as you know, this appeal focuses solely on the CEQA process.

Second, to date, all projects in Mission Bay have been approved based on addenda to the 1990 and 1998 EIR's. Here, OCII has gone well beyond that by preparing a subsequent EIR.

The notion that OCII has done less environmental review for this project than it would for other projects in Mission Bay is simply untrue.

Finally, Appellant argues that the arena should go somewhere else so that this site should be reserved indefinitely for medical or biotech uses.

As you know, the Warriors have already moved once before and have sought approval of the arena at this location after a long and thoughtful process.

Further, this property has been for sale on at least two previous occasions, but no one emerged to

develop this site for medical or biotech uses.

With that, I'd like to turn over to Whit

Manley to address some of the specific issue that have
been raised this afternoon.

PRESENTATION BY CEQA COUNSEL FOR THE PROJECT SPONSOR

COUNSELOR MANLEY: Good afternoon, Members of the Board. My name is Whit Manley of Remy Moose Manley, CEQA counsel for the Project Sponsor.

I do want to note that we have had about three dozen speakers attend here in opposition to the project. That's a striking contrast from the hearing at OCII or other committee meetings or Board hearings. In particular, at OCII, there were three speakers in opposition out of about three dozen speakers. Two of them were lawyers hired by the Alliance. So, there really has not been an outpouring of opposition.

I recognize that people have expressed their concerns here today. We do feel that the environmental analysis does address their concerns.

I also want to note that the Appellant here, the Alliance, has seemingly unlimited resources for lawyers and consultants, and it has done an admirable job of showering comments at every opportunity on staff.

And I have to say staff to say that OCII staff and the consultants have really done a pretty remarkable job at responding to all the rainstorm of -- thunderstorm of comments that have come.

With respect to process, there have been accusations by the Alliance that the City has short-circuited the process, either by cutting it short or relaxing its environmental standards. Those accusations are correct.

This project has followed all the procedures associated with CEQA so far, and it has done -- it has followed the exact same type of vigorous analysis that the City is known for.

The Event Center has been certified by

Governor Brown as an Environmental Leadership

Development Project under Assembly Bill 900. That

certification was concurred in by the Joint Legislative

Budget Committee of the State's Senate and Assembly.

And those decisions are final and are not before you today, but those do not shortcut the environmental review process at all or affect the standards. All they do is mean that if litigation is filed, it will be promptly resolved. That's all.

In fact, we're very proud of the project and the rigorous environmental standards that it adheres to.

I'd like to turn to a couple of specific issues. First of all, with respect to transportation, we've all recognized that that's a key and perhaps the most complex issue surrounding the project.

I wouldn't reiterate what Mr. Albert or Mr. Wyco talked about with respect to that analysis. They did a far better job than I can.

I will say that the project is well served by transit right on the T 3rd line, and it will provide the resources to upgrade the station and the line, and by the lightrail transit necessary to be able to augment transit to the site.

We also will provide the funding necessary to deploy Parking Control Officers, and as Mr. Albert noted, they work. They work very well.

One particular focus of our effort has been to ensure that those travelling to the Event Center do not obstruct traffic to the hospital or U.C.S.F., and Mr. Albert described the efforts that have been made to secure local hospital access.

The Appellant has said that the Transit

Service Plan developed by SFMTA to develop transit

service to the site can't be relied upon. Well, we are

providing the funding necessary to implement it, and we

share SFMTA's confidence that it will work.

I do want to note that there is backup mitigation that was approved by OCII that applies to the Warriors, and that is, if the Transit Service Plan for some reason is not implemented, this mitigation kicks in. It applies to the Warriors. It's specific and concrete. And it makes us employ a series of programs in order to expand transit use and decrease reliance on automobiles until we hit a specific performance target of reduced private vehicle transit.

It's a binding performance standard that we have to adhere to. There's nothing uncertain about it.

Very briefly, there was a Supreme Court decision that came out about a week ago dealing with greenhouse gas emissions. It struck down the GHG analysis in the EIR for a big new town in Los Angeles County.

In the course of striking down that EIR's GHG analysis, the Court actually listed a couple of ways that the County might have done the analysis.

One of its recommended approaches is the approach that the City of San Francisco follows, and we fit very neatly into that strategy. We're consistent with it.

And on top of that, we have to buy greenhouse gas emission reduction credits such that we don't

achieve a net increase in GHG emissions. That was one of the criteria that we had to meet to qualify under Assembly Bill 900, on top of complying with the City's suite of ordinances to implement climate -- greenhouse gas emission reductions.

Working with stakeholders. We've heard from a variety of the stakeholders. You've met with many of them.

We have reviewed the letter from the Dogpatch Neighborhood Association, and a couple of recommendations they had were directed to the Warriors, namely designating a contact person at the Warriors available to the Association and other neighborhood groups. We endorsed that suggestion.

We also endorsed the Dogpatch Neighborhood
Association's recommendation that our updates to the
Transit -- Transportation Management Plan, the data and surveys, all be publicly available. We agree with that recommendation as well.

And finally, a word about working with stakeholders. As Mr. Welts noted, we have really worked hard with the stakeholders -- the biomedical industry, the neighborhood groups, and so forth -- and in particular with U.C.S.F.

And I do want to note that our efforts with

U.C.S.F. culminated with entering into a Memorandum of Understanding, and under this agreement, the Warriors have committed to control peak hour traffic around U.C.S.F. to maintain hospital access.

We also committed to scale back the number of peak events overlapping with Giants games if certain traffic targets are not met. No other sports arena in the country has made commitments like that.

We've done it because we take our obligations to the community and to U.C.S.F. very seriously.

We appreciate U.C.S.F.'s willingness to work with us. We do understand their concerns, and we are very glad that we were able to reach an agreement that satisfies those concerns. We're very proud to have earned their support and their trust, and we look forward to working with them.

We recognize that the Appellant has given every indication that he intends to sue. We feel that OCII, the Planning Department, and their consultants have done everything possible to provide a comprehensive, robust analysis. We cannot be cowered by threats of lawsuits no matter how loudly they might be made.

We'd be happy to answer any questions, and we ask for your support. Thank you.

1 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you very much.

I see that Supervisor Cohen's name is on the roster.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: I'm not quite sure who to direct my question to. I believe it's to Mr. Welts.

Why don't you come back up, Mr. Welts.

So, actually, my question is not a CEQA issue, but I want to pass on to you one of the recommendations the Dogpatch Neighborhood Association outlined specifically for your organization in a letter that I referenced earlier.

I'm happy to get you a copy of it as well after the hearing. But the letter is that the -- in the letter, the request is made that the Warriors have a dedicated method to address neighborhood-specific issues when they arise, and a regular staff member that they can be in contact with.

Is this something that you can continue to be committed to? because as of right now, you have all hands on deck. There's, like, more than enough people reaching out to us.

But, you know, as the project, granted, gets under way, I want to make sure there's a person that I can direct people to, you know, so I'm not the only one receiving the complaints. I can share it a little.

WARRIORS PRESIDENT WELTS: Well, I can't promise that you won't receive the complaints, but I promise that you will have a person on staff --SUPERVISOR COHEN: Sure. Is that person already in place, or is this a position that you're going to be creating? WARRIORS PRESIDENT WELTS: I would guess we will take one of the people who's been involved -- very involved in the community organization that we already have in place and probably re-assign somebody to that role. But we'll commit that we have that role. SUPERVISOR COHEN: All right. Fantastic. So, I also ask that we make their E-mail and contact information public and that they're accessible, that they're attending neighborhood meetings and really being on the ground, much like the work that you've done all the way up until this point today to work with the project. Oftentimes, Project Sponsors spend a lot of resources and then they pull out when challenges arise, and I just want to ensure that that's not going to happen. WARRIORS PRESIDENT WELTS: You have that

Thank you.

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commitment.

SUPERVISOR COHEN:

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PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you, Supervisor Cohen. 1 2 And with that, we're going to move to open 3 this item up to public comment. Would those public commenters who want to 4 speak in support of affirming the Environmental Impact 5 Report please line up to my left. 6 7 If there are any of the members of the public 8 with any physical disabilities, please come forward to the front. 9 10 First speaker, please. 11 12 PUBLIC COMMENTS IN SUPPORT OF THE EIR 13 14 HENRY WIMMER: Hello. My name is Henry Wimmer. I'm a longtime resident of Potrero Hill, small 15 16 business owner, and a supporter of the arena project. 17 I wanted to take a moment to really commend 18 Rick Welts and his whole team for interacting with the 19 community and really a lot of great planning with --20 PRESIDENT BREED: Excuse me. Let me just 21 pause your time for a second. To members of public who are here, can you 22

please keep the noise down while we listen to public comment. Thank you very much.

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HENRY WIMMER: Again, I wanted to commend the

Warriors for their outreach in the community and their cooperation with transportational concerns.

Obviously, there's a lot more gridlock as there's a lot more building in the last 24 months, 36 months, and it's great to understand that \$17 million are being implemented from the Warriors with this concern in addition to annual funds.

I think it's a marvelous project on a lot of levels. I think that it's important to remember that the scope of the arena is less than half the size of the Giants stadium, and there are a lot of naysayers and concerns about that. And a lot of those issues have been mitigated very well.

And there are half as many games as well. So, it's a much smaller project than the Giants situation. And with a lot more flow to the area, as has been, you know, mentioned before, it's -- the traffic concerns, I think, are something that certainly can be solved.

One thing I'm excited about is the multi use of the stadium. I'm a big music fan, and that's where my heart is. So, the fact that we can have a world-class arena here in San Francisco as opposed to in San Jose, I think that benefits the City in a great way.

And open space on the site for a multitude of uses is also excellent for education and family-oriented

events.

Thank you so much for your consideration.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Good evening, Supervisors.

I just want to I say I'm a lover of San Francisco, and this project is a great opportunity for the City of San Francisco.

As you probably know, San Francisco Port before 1960 was the busiest port this side of the Mississippi, but because we didn't want to commit to improving our port facilities and Oakland did to the tune of \$800 million, that traffic went over there.

And also, in the southeastern part of San Francisco in the Dogpatch area, that area used to be the heaviest area of -- heaviest concentrated area of heavy industry this side of the Mississippi. Now that's all gone elsewhere.

And so, with this Warriors stadium, it's fantastic that they're willing to mitigate any problem or any negative issue that comes up. And they do it without costing the taxpayers of San Francisco a dime.

The fact that they were able to get the hospital to sign on to this just proves their commitment that they love the City and that they are responsible

and that they're obligated to make sure that this doesn't have a negative impact on the City.

The City is more crowded because we have more people, and this will actually help that because these MTA and transportation facilities will be in place whether there's a game or not.

You also have to remember that -- you know, like one of my friends said, Well, we always have the Moscone Center and we have the Bill Graham Auditorium.

But, you know, we're San Francisco, and this would be great just -- like, for instance, if we had three simultaneous events happening at these three venues, this will be a windfall for the City.

And I think the Supervisors -- I really want you to appreciate the hard work that OCII has done, and please accept this proposal for the coliseum.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Hello. My name is Paulette Brown.

I'm here in support also. I just want to bring that, you know, it's been a while. I want to say this is gonna help people get jobs when this come here -- when the stadium is here. And it's gonna help

people to get jobs.

And I say that because, you know -- and it's gonna -- I don't think it's gonna do anything to disrupt the hospital. Matter of fact, it's probably going to benefit them, because the children and families and the people that are in the hospital are going to, you know, make a wish to say, Look, I want to meet my favorite sports player. And they can come there and talk to the patients there. So, I think it's a good thing.

I'm not -- I am worried about a little bit of violence, but if you have things in place, this won't happen.

So, I support -- I support the -- what's gonna happen. I support that they're gonna be coming here, and maybe I can get a job with them.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

GREG L. PENNINGTON: My name is Greg
Pennington, and I'm a resident of San Francisco for 38
years. And the current score is 113 to 94 in the fourth
quarter. We're on our way to 23-0.

I want to say that I appreciate that U.C.S.F. gives us some of the best medical care in the world, and I'm very proud of that.

This is not an either/or situation. The City that knows how can make this a win-win for everyone.

And the Warriors have worked very hard with U.C.S.F. to make that real.

The Warriors came to San Francisco from Philadelphia in 1962. They were a San Francisco team that moved to Oakland because Oakland built an arena. We are not stealing an Oakland team; we are getting our team back.

We lost the Bank of America to Charlotte, the Rock & Roll Hall of Fame to Cleveland, the George Lucas Museum to Chicago, NBC and the 49ers to Santa Clara County. It is time to stop the losses and get something back that is ours.

All the terrible problems claimed by the opposition of AT&T Park never came to pass. South Beach is a vibrant and thriving neighborhood. AT&T Park is a success story and model for private financing of stadiums.

And I remind you, there's always people against everything. There was vociferous opposition to the Golden Gate Bridge.

San Francisco played a major role in rock & roll history, and it has no major rock & roll venue.

Coldplay and Elton John and major groups play Oakland

and San Jose. I cringe when I hear Coldplay say, 1 2 "Hello, San Jose." Bernal Heights complained about the noise from 3 the Rolling Stones at AT&T Park, shamefully embarrassing 4 5 this rock & roll city. The noise problem is eliminated with the new 6 7 Indoor arenas have better acoustics than outdoor 8 stadiums. 9 The Warriors are offering an incredible gift 10 to this city. They offer the best team in basketball, a 11 world-class arena that brings prestige to this city. 12 I don't want to know the way to San Jose. I want San Francisco to be the city that knows how. 13 MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Thank you. 14 Madam President, before the next speaker, I'll 15 16 just remind the public that vocal expression is 17 prohibited in the chamber. Please use your supportive fingers instead. 18 19 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you very much. 20 Next speaker, please. 21 PUBLIC SPEAKER: Hello, Madam President,

distinguished Members of the Board.

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If I may say hi to -- I previously interned with Supervisor Tang and I am a former Don. Dons, President Breed.

I just want to say my argument for the stadium is more of a substantive argument in that I do a lot of work with youth and I also do a lot of work in my community of Ocean Avenue.

And the work I've done with youth, I've done a lot of work with youth involved with sports as a coach. I've done a lot of work as a mentor and a counselor, et cetera.

And I just have to say that I have dealt with kids in the Lakeview. I've dealt with kids in the Hunters Point and different areas. And I have used sports and I have used this idea of bringing a community together around something to really take kids off of the streets.

And it's actually really -- one person I was mentoring, he actually was just out of Juvenile Hall, and we ended up giving him a basketball scholarship at the school I was coaching at. And through this sports thing, he now is in college. He is now off the streets. He is now no longer involved in violence.

And what this arena brings is a sense of community. It brings something for youth to get involved around rather than getting involved around things that they shouldn't be involved with. They get involved with something that brings the community

together, that brings youth together, that brings the 1 2 City together, and that gives us really something to 3 root for together. And honestly, just, it's a blessing to the 4 5 City to be able to help youth in the community. So, thank you very much. 6 7 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. 8 Next speaker, please. 9 MIKE McGONGLE: Those are tough acts to 10 follow. 11 Hi. My name is Mike McGongle. I live in 12 Mission Bay, and I strongly support the Warriors 13 project. When my wife and I bought our home over 14 three-and-a-half years ago, we knew the neighborhood 15 16 would change and change in a big way. 17 We looked forward to it. For most of us that 18 live in the neighborhood, it has not happened fast 19 enough, and we're all tired of the empty spaces and the 20 piles of dirt. 21 The project will replace acres of empty space with a venue that San Francisco has always needed. 22 23 will also come with substantial transportation 24 improvements.

Those of you that think biotech is the answer

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to a more liveable community, I encourage you to walk the area after 7:00 p.m. You will soon realize what all of us that live in Mission Bay already know: Nothing is going on.

These workers arrive in the morning and go home in the evening, treating our neighborhood like an office park, leaving behind an empty and quiet area where crime can and does take place.

The arena is a gift to the City and our neighborhood. It will bring a vibrancy to the area that is sorely missing. In doing so, it will welcome and showcase the diversity of people that makes this city great.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Good evening, President Breed, Supervisors.

On behalf of U.C.S.F. Chancellor Sam Hawgood and Vice Chancellor Barbara French, I'd like to share the following statement:

"U.C.S.F. supports the entitlement and construction of the Warriors Arena and Event Center, and we oppose the appeal that is before you today.

"U.C.S.F. began studying the proposed
Warrior project in the summer of 2014 with
an eye to its impact on the newly opened
Women's, Children's and Cancer Hospitals.

"The main concern of our chancellor wa

"The main concern of our chancellor was the impact of the project on transit and transportation, and the ability of our patients, patient's families, and health workers to access the hospital in a safe and timely manner.

"Over several months, U.C.S.F. worked with the city and the Warriors, and made concrete transit and transportation management measures to facilitate access to our hospitals with a specific focus on weekday evening events when there's a baseball" -- or, excuse me -- "a baseball game at AT&T Park and a large event at the Warriors Arena and Event Center.

"In October, our Chancellor acknowledged agreements with the City and the Warriors and endorsed the project.

"U.C.S.F.'s endorsement reflects our satisfaction with the transit and transportation measures adopted by the City

and the Warriors.

"U.C.S.F. believes that the transportation infrastructure that is currently planned in the area combined with the specific actions that are adopted by the City and the Warriors will facilitate access to our Mission Bay hospitals."

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

MICHE PRICE: Good afternoon. Actually, I guess it's evening now.

Madam President, Supervisors, thank you for your time. I'm Miche Price. Twenty years living here in San Francisco, and three years in Mission Bay. I was kind of one of the originals in Mission Bay South.

Over the past three years, I've seen a lot of change. And in that change, it's been wonderful. Great people. Amazing dogs everywhere. A community garden.

But what I haven't seen is improvements to transportation, to places to eat, any kind of sources at all within the neighborhood. Even the Starbucks is closed on evenings and weekends even though it's in a residential building.

So, in my humble opinion, this Warriors

project really is what our neighborhood needs in order to create that positive change in each of these areas.

However, today's appeal is really about transportation, so I'm going to focus on that, because getting to Mission Bay, does it suck? Oh, yes, definitely, without a doubt.

Can we handle more traffic during commute hours? Absolutely not.

And Muni? Even today it's kind of more like, Move over, sardines. We're many coming in.

However, with or without the Event Center, traffic in Mission Bay is going to increase. We're not even 40 percent occupied as far as residents.

The question is just whether it's going to be for a variety of games and events and other social activities that the community members can participate in, or is it going to be more office buildings where office workers where, as the previous speaker said, will leave at 7:00.

For me, I hope it's going to be something that is a going to help me build the neighborhood.

And the well vetted events plan already includes much of the transportation improvements that we already desperately need today.

So, let's not forget that it's also going to

bring jobs, retail, sense of security, entertainment opportunities, friends, and also places to eat hopefully, for not just the neighbors and the residents and the people that work there, but also for those people, family members and friends, who are visiting the people at the U.C.S.F. hospital, because there's nowhere for them to go in order to get away and take a break.

So, thank you for your time once again. And

So, thank you for your time once again. And as an aside, remember we are a Transportation-First Neighborhood, so parking garages are not the answer.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. Thank you.

Next speaker.

DAVID LOMBARDI: Good evening. My name is David Lombardi, and I live in the Mission.

I'm also a football reporter, and I cover other sports for ESPN. So, I think I come at this project from a two-sided kind of angle, first as a resident, and then obviously for my professional life.

But as a resident of San Francisco, I can say that I haven't always lived here. And this has always been a city that has inspired me, because I'm from three hours.

And when I was about 10 years old in 1998, my dad drove me to San Francisco. We went to watch the Giants play at Candlestick Park. And then he drove me

downtown or near the area of downtown where AT&T Park now is.

It was abandoned warehouses. It was disgusting. We had tents everywhere. It just was not an area that can make what I think is the most beautiful city in American and what I think is one of the most beautiful cities in the world proud, so close to the center the everything.

And my dad told me that Barry Bonds is going to be hitting home runs here in just about three to four years. And I did not believe him at the time, but now we fast-forward about 20 years and we see what that area has become and what it's going to become in the future still with so much more development happening in South Beach.

So, I think that what we have here with this Warriors arena project is very similar to what we had potentially with AT&T Park. And we can make this into a great area of San Francisco.

The Warriors have fully committed to creating a world-class venue that this City really needs.

And from my professional perspective, it's ridiculous that you could be in a city this great and not have an event center that really suits a city of this kind.

Finally, I've spoken at a couple of these other meetings, and I can say that there have been hardly any opposition members until today.

And you see this long line of people waiting to speak behind me. We've had this kind of turn-out at almost every single meeting so far. So, the Warriors are a first-class organization, and they have done the community organizing to make sure that this should happen.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

SUPERVISOR AVALOS: And they're about to win again.

ANN-MARIE OLSSON: Thank you for allowing me the opportunity to share my opinion regarding the proposed Warrior Arena and public spaces project.

When a project such as this deeply resonates with me, I feel compelled to come out of my comfort zone and stand up to speak on its behalf.

My name is Ann-marie Olsson and I live in the Haight. I believe that the project before you will benefit the City and the neighborhood greatly providing tax revenues which would not exist but for this project, while not burdening the residents of San Francisco.

The tax revenues would be set aside for improving public transportation and the lessening of the severity of the traffic in the Mission neighborhood.

I also believe the completed project with its parks, its retail, its beautiful vistas and walkways, along with the arena for the Warriors and for other events, will become a major destination for friends, family, visitors, and maybe filmmakers to our city.

Please deny the EIN's [sic] appeal and allow the project to move forward. As a lifelong Golden State Warrior fan, I thank you for your time and your consideration.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you very much.

Next speaker, please.

TEREZIA NEMETH: Good evening. My name is
Terezia Nemeth. I'm with Alexandria Real Estate
Equities, Inc.

We have developed, own, and maintain all of the Mission Bay life sciences buildings to date. We work very closely with the Mission Bay life science community because they are our tenants.

We met several times with the Warriors, and were incredibly impressed with their professionalism, how carefully they listened to all of the concerns and issues that the life science community brought to them.

They addressed each and every one of them to such an extent that we all came together and jointly issued a statement of support to them with 19 firms, I believe it was, including ourselves.

So, we are here to say you should reject this appeal and we support the project.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you very much.

Next speaker, please.

GEORGE AMBUS: Hi. My name is George Ambus, and I am a native of San Francisco, and I have been working in San Francisco for the last consecutive 24 years.

I grew up in the City, and I had the good fortune of seeing it change from old shipyards and desolate land to the vibrant community it is today.

Just like the vibrant diversity of the City, so are its peoples. It is our community that should be reflected in how we shape the building of the City; it is the building of the city that not only represents us, but also the diversity in the tourists that visit us.

To keep it short, I bulleted a few points that I respectively would like you to consider when making your decision.

Number one, housing is overpriced. This

project brings with it \$25 million in affordable housing.

Even the most educated and hard-working residents are struggling with the increases in rent prices. Housing in particular is an important area to consider given the current housing market increases brought on by the growth of the tech industry.

The project brings more retail and restaurant space, a chance for small businesses' opportunities in the City. New architecture, retail spaces and restaurants increase the attractiveness to potential tourists.

It also brings \$40 million in transit improvements which would benefit the whole surrounding neighborhood.

As the son of an immigrant father that drove a Muni bus for 30 years to put three kids through school,

I saw what it meant to be afforded an opportunity in this beautiful city.

When discussing the future of this city, we should not forget that all residents should continue to be afforded with opportunities from education and job opportunities to being part of the cultural experience of the City.

We as San Franciscans can move forward with

projects that touch the lives of our residents. I believe that the Warriors building project does that.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

ANTOINETTE MOBELY: Good evening, Board of Supervisors. My name is Antoinette Mobely. I am a resident of Bayview Hunters Point. I'm a proud resident of Bayview Hunters Point.

And the Warriors -- I've been a fan since my childhood. So, the big number 40, you know, we won us a championship; right. We did it.

And now we get an opportunity to bring this world-class event stadium here on behalf of the Golden State Warriors. I mean, that's unprecedented, as someone said earlier at the rally. And I believe that wholeheartedly.

There isn't very much lifestyle going on in the Bayview. I mean, we all get together when we can, and we enjoy ourselves together, but there isn't a place like this proposed plan where we can be outdoors, you know, bring some development in, have jobs for our construction workers, have places for families to come.

And that's really a key word. You guys have to understand the families in Bayview Hunters Point have

waited a long time for a plan like this to come its way.

The 49ers, unfortunately, they had nine home games. That's it. This is gonna be 365 days a year of events.

And people brag about San Francisco. They're gonna do more than that, you know, with a world-class, seven-days-a-week event center.

So, I really want you guys to throw out all that nonsense that those opponents have brought to you guys today and just consider, you know, what we supporters are sharing with you.

I want to thank the Warriors Ground and SFMTA and OCII and everybody involved in this plan for bringing this and making this happen. You guys have done an exceptional job.

Thank you, Supervisor Malia Cohen, for your questions today, for really digging in to make sure that everyone could answer questions that I'm sure some of you didn't even think about. That means that we have such an awesome leader in our neighborhood.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you very much. Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

SUPERVISOR COHEN: Are you cutting her off?
TIM SLAUGHTER: My name is Tim Slaughter.

live in Dogpatch.

I want to thank you supervisors for staying awake, alert, listening to that long line of people.

I want to give respect to that women who just was speaking. She mentioned, families, things to do.

I probably cross through this lot there at 16th and 3rd over to Terry Francois eight to twelve times a week from where I live going up into Mission Bay.

I walk through the lot -- the parking lot that's there, maybe 30 percent full. That doesn't generate a whole lot of money.

I see all the weeds there. I ride my bike. I walk along Terry Francois. A few benches. Let's sit and look.

What will this project mean? This will enliven the whole area. Parks amounting to about four-and-a-half football fields. The activity. The restaurants.

The money -- hiring people to build this, to maintain it, to work it.

People coming in. We have great restaurants, shops down in Dogpatch, down 3rd Street.

People come to the event. They come down to Dogpatch, down to Bayview. All these areas where

families are. Things that we can do.

I went to a meeting sponsored by the Dogpatch Neighborhood Association. These people were here. The Alliance people. Everybody spoke.

I heard the Alliance people bringing up the same point. Page 100 of the EIR, which is rebutted by the traffic people.

Why are they going back in churning up questions that were answered already? Because they don't have much of anything.

This is something San Francisco needs, something that will enrich us all, will bring the region into San Francisco instead of spreading it out around the Bay.

Thank you all so much.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

ERIC SMITH: Good evening, Supervisors. Eric Smith, San Francisco Bay Railroad and former member of the Mission Bay CAC.

I'm in support of the Warriors project.

Although I grew up in Washington, D.C., I can still vividly remember Rick Barry beating my Bullets. So, I don't even know what to say about that.

But one of the things I did notice in the EIR,

or lack of, was when they discuss what they were going to do with remediating the site, getting rid of the, you know, hazardous materials.

They talked about barging -- I haven't seen the Port of San Francisco do that in I don't know when -- or trucking it across the Bay over the Bay Bridge.

Now, just think for a second. That's 20,000 truck trips. Okay. That's at same amount of trucks that go over the bridge from Recology in five years. So, the Warriors want to do that in three months.

Now, I don't know why they didn't look around and see if there might be some other sustainable options. San Francisco has a freight rail. They've taken stuff from Transbay, from Mission Bay, from the shipyard, and they could do it in a third of the amount of time. So, looking at that, that was sort of funky for me.

But local hiring is big. Keeping stuff in the City, I mean, that's a big, big thing for me. So, I would encourage the Warriors and the Supervisors to look at that.

And reducing greenhouse gas emissions, that's big. I mean, if you want to be great stewards of the community and really hire from the community and local hire and that kind of thing, I would seriously consider

those options.

Thank you, Supervisors.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PETER VARMA: Good evening. My name is Pete Varma. I'm also a business owner in San Francisco, and I'm here to represent the National Association of Minority Contractors.

I'm the local chapter president.

We have over a hundred contractors -- small, minority contractors out of the Bayview District and also throughout San Francisco.

This is a huge project for us, built by minority contractors, built by small companies. This gives an opportunity to generate revenues, grow their business scale up, because that's what we should be doing in San Francisco.

And as far as the Warriors is concerned, they are one of the best corporate citizens. They joined our organization without any hesitation. They came to our events when we hosted it, met with contractors -- small contractors and emerging contractors, and talked about some of the opportunities.

Contractors will create jobs. We have union members, nonunion members. They will hire from the

communities, and they will get back to the communities.

So, I'm here to support and don't miss out on the opportunity for not agreeing on building this Warriors stadium. I think this is history being made.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

ESTHER STEARNS: Thank you. Hello. I'm Ester Sterns. I'm a resident of Mission Bay South.

My wife and I are raising our three teenage children in a building that looks right out onto the arena site, and we are big supporters of the arena.

When we made the decision three years ago to move into Mission Bay South, it was a leap of faith.

The neighborhood was very undeveloped, but we believed that big cities do big things, and we believed that great cities do great things. And we were certain that San Francisco would make Mission Bay a great place.

And I think we're well on track, but it was an incredible gift when the Warriors arena got slated for Mission Bay. It well exceeded our expectations.

You know, I don't think anybody who moves into an undeveloped neighborhood, whether to live or to build or to work, should be surprised when things change.

That was the whole plan -- was change, and it's

disingenuous to think you can control all the change that's around you.

But we can all engage in this public process that we have and create a great plan, and the Warriors have been fabulous partners in listening to concerns.

Naturally, we were concerned about transit, traffic, and congestion. You know, we live there every day. And the plan that they've developed not only am I very supportive of, but what I really like about it is the flexibility they have built into it so it's not just a "One and done, This is the way it's gonna be."

Because who can foresee all of the impacts of a huge development like? I don't think anybody can.

But what we can do is put the best plan in place now and then agree to keep working together, and that's what I think is happening here, and it's fabulous. And having the funding to pay for the transit for the southeast side is critical.

Thank you very much. Please reject the appeal.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Supervisors, Michael
Theriault, San Francisco Building and Construction
Trades Council.

There's been some attrition in the building trades contingent here. It was more substantial earlier, but I'd like to honor the persistence of those who've remained and ask them to stand, if you would.

Laborers, carpenters, operating engineers, electricians, so on, stand up if you would, please.

(Said parties in audience stand up.)

We remain supportive of this project. We have been for quite a while.

On the various points in the Environmental Impact Report appeal, on the question of toxics, I recall well that ten years ago this entire site was excavated to a depth of 20, as I said before the OCII, and remediated.

On the desperate assertion that this is marshland, well, maybe a century ago, but you all know well that for decades this was the site of rail yards and warehouses and a tank farm.

And on the -- I think Mr. Albert has very adequately addressed the fear-mongering of the Mission Bay Alliance with regard to traffic. I have my own much less technical understanding of it. It includes in part the recollection that a Kezar Stadium much larger then than it is now coexisted happily with U.C.S.F. two blocks away with nothing virtually but street parking

and served in public transit primarily by the single cars of the N Judah for many, many years.

And I don't think mothers at the time were any less likely to care about their children and their hospital care than they are now, or that politicians were in the U.S. less likely to pay attention to their please. I think that's a bogus issue, and I think Mr. Albert has shown that it is.

So, one other thing. Tim Paulson was here earlier. He asked me to pass along that the Labor Council remains supportive of the project.

We ask you to reject the appeal and to approve the project.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker.

PATRICIA BRITT: My name is Patricia Britt, and I'm a resident of the Dogpatch, and I'm here in support of the Warriors arena.

I feel the project is very important because -- partially because of the Warriors' commitment to improving the neighborhood.

Right now, as you've heard other speakers say, there's very little for us to do in our neighborhood.

25 We have to go to other areas of the City for

entertainment. And we feel this project will bring a lot of activity to our neighborhood, which will be great for us.

I think that it will also provide many positive economic benefits to Mission Bay and to Dogpatch, and the level of community outreach on the Warriors' behalf has been exceptional.

I've never spoken at a public hearing before. I've never felt strongly about a project and wanted to show my support for it, but I felt welcome to do that through the Warriors organization, and I feel very appreciative of the opportunity to be here.

I look forward to attending the events at the facility and also to enjoying the parks and the bike paths surrounding the area, and I hope that you will reject the appeal and bring the Warriors home.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Good evening, Supervisors.

Joel Koppel, Electrical Workers, Local 6, and San

Francisco Electrical Contractors Association.

Labor and management within our industry is both fully supportive of the project. We urge you to reject the appeal.

We've attended neighborhood meetings. We've attended the commission meetings. All of them. All of them.

And we know how much time and resources has gone into this project specifically. We trust staff has done its due diligence to bring forth all the facts.

And might I add that all the commissions and hearings prior were all moving this forward unanimously.

So, we think that the project site is extremely utilized with the combination of an event center and commercial and open space, and that it will have a highly positive social impact on the City as a whole.

So, again, we're here in full support of the project, and urge you to deny the appeal.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

CARLOS MUELA: Good evening. My name is

Carlos Muela. I'm the owner of SOMA Street Food Market
in South of Market and home of some of the best

sports-viewing party events in the Bay Area. I'm sure

Supervisor Jane Kim can attest to that.

We work with over 150 different food trucks, and we bring them to events all over the place. I hope

Supervisor Farrell is enjoying the food trucks at his monthly movie nights in the Presidio.

So, yeah, I'm here a hundred percent in support of this new arena. Six months ago, the Mission Bay Redevelopment Agency reached out to me because there was a need, as a lot of these neighbors have attested — that there's a big need for new businesses and activity to go on in Mission Bay neighborhood.

And I'm happy to say that I just signed a lease to open up a new food truck park in Mission Bay. And if it wasn't for the news of the Warriors coming down there, that probably wouldn't have happened.

So, know that I'm proof of the change in the neighborhood and the economic benefit that you guys will receive in Mission Bay.

So, now with six months of working with Mission Bay, there's a line of new small businesses wanting to come in. So, I fully support of the stadium.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: On behalf of the 5,000 members I represent -- I have a bunch of my brothers in the overflow room -- we urging to reject this proposal and support the Warriors. We really like to build

new -- build this stadium. We one of the first local.

We support the local hires, and I think they going to

bring a lot of jobs to local San Franciscans to be work

on that stadium.

I urge you guys to support it.

Thanks.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

BRIAN WIEDENMEIER: Good evening, Madam

President and Members of the Board. My name is Brian

Wiedenmeier, and I'm here tonight speaking on behalf of
the San Francisco Bicycle Coalition.

I'd like to draw your attention to some of the bicycle improvements that are part of this project, including infrastructure improvements to 16th Street and Terry Francois Boulevard, which is part of our Blue Greenway.

In addition to those infrastructure improvements, the Warriors project is committed to bicycle safety and education programming.

Bike parking at this arena will be world-class. It will feature over 300 valet bike parking spaces and up to 500 indoor secure bike parking spaces.

As some of you may know, we operate the

bicycle valet parking at AT&T Park. And that has 150 spaces, and we routinely turn folks away for Giants games and other events at AT&T Park.

We have been working with the Warriors for over a year in discussions to look at the bicycle impacts of this project. I think we are very pleased with where things have ended up.

And we -- we recognize also that the bicycle improvements and access issues will continue to be something that we're discussing after the arena opens, and we look forward to continuing those conversations and working with the Warriors into the future.

So, thank you very much.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

JESSE WOODWARD: Good evening, Supervisors.

My name is Jesse Woodward.

I'm here today to support the arena and give my experience as a small business owner in San Francisco.

I own a restaurant and a bar in District 8 in the Castro. The bar that I own happens to be a sports bar, and it happens to be the only sports bar oriented to the LGBT community in San Francisco.

We've worked closely with the Warriors too.

We've hosted a lot of watch parties for the games, including playoffs, at which the proceeds of which benefited the Warriors Community foundation.

We've also hosted the NBA championship trophy after it took a trip down Market Street during the Pride period.

What this shows is that the Warriors have engaged and listened to the LGBT community throughout this arena project.

As a San Francisco resident, I support us being able to have a world-class arena that will have many purposes, not just basketball.

It will bring so much business to the Mission Bay and to the City. I personally look forward to being able to ride my bike to games and concerts without having to deal with bridge traffic, BART schedules, et cetera.

It will benefit the Mission Bay immensely. It will provide open space that can be used by everyone.

Retail will be all year around, not only during events.

And the Warriors have made it clear that everyone in San Francisco will be welcome and will benefit from this project at Mission Bay.

The amount of outreach that the Warriors have done, the due diligence and how they've gotten the whole

City involved in the process is incomparable.

I personally have been to several meetings where they listened to the concerns and worked with all the groups and worked out any concerns.

Rick Welts, the President and CEO, personally came to the Castro Merchants meeting and answered the questions. We unanimously decided to support the project, as have all the other neighborhood groups.

So, I just wanted to thank you and support this arena. Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Good evening, Board of Supervisors. Again, I thank you for still being awake.

I am a 13-year resident of South of Market and I am a native of San Francisco. And I moved from an area in Pacific Heights where there was open space. So, if I felt like walking to a park, it was there. If I fell like going to a café, it was there. If I felt like doing something, there were things to do there.

I did move into South of Market knowing that there were things coming down the pike, as -- like someone else said, change was inevitable. But then when the Warriors -- when I heard about the Warriors project, I said, you know, I need to jump into the fray, because

we really need open space.

I mean, I work from home. So, here's my day:
I walk out and I crash into techies on their devices.
So, that's my excitement.

I have no place to sit, to work outside of my house. And it would be great to sit in the open space that they're proposing to offer us.

A lot of points that people mentioned have already been -- that I wanted to mention have already been mentioned.

So, what I want to say is I just really urge you to really approve this arena. We really need it in our community, and I thank you very.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

CATHY SEARBY: Hi. My name is Cathy Searby, and my family and I live in Mission Bay South next door to the proposed arena site.

We're so excited, not only to watch the world's best basketball team play in our own backyard, but to attend the family shows, special events, holiday events, concerts that we can take our kids to.

As a child, some of my best family memories were of going to see the Harlem Globetrotters and the Ice Capades with my own parents.

Recently, the <u>San Francisco Chronicle</u> reported that Steph Curry is rapidly gaining international attention. He was rated as the most influential man in the world, and he's quickly becoming the best possible role model for today's youth.

The article goes on to say that the Warriors are becoming -- this was Sunday's article -- they're becoming the coolest, most talked about, must-see show in sports.

We should be counting our blessings that they want to privately fund this project and settle in Mission Bay.

For over 20 months now, the Warriors have shown an impressive community outreach into Mission Bay. They have not only become our friends; they've won our hearts, gained our trust, confidence, loyalty, and support.

Thanks.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

SCOTT VAN HORN: Good evening, Supervisors.

First of all, I'd like to congratulate the

Warriors on winning another game tonight.

Second, my name is Scott Van Horn. I live in Dogpatch, less than two blocks from the project site.

And before I begin my own comments, I was asked by the Dogpatch Neighborhood Association Board of Directors to deliver this letter specifically to Supervisor Cohen, but it seems like you guys have already addressed a lot of the things in there, and I really appreciate that.

I am not speaking on behalf of the neighborhood association. I'm here on my own. So, the reason that I'm here today is to really voice my full support for this project, and to applaud the Warriors on the neighborhood outreach they've done, and to make it clear that the Mission Bay Alliance does not reflect our community.

The Mission Bay Alliance is not a long-standing, grassroots organization. It is an organization that was created just this past spring by some billionaires and some guys with Ph.D.'s.

None of the members of the Alliance even bothered to show up -- to appear at any of the several public hearings last month. I was there. My neighbors were there. The community was there.

Instead, their statements were all read by hired spokespeople. For example, at the OCII EIR hearing, well over 30 people spoke, and all but three of them were in favor of the project. Of those three

opposed, two of them were paid lawyers.

Meanwhile, the Warriors have spent the last three years in the community, listening and adapting the project based on neighborhood and community feedback.

I urge you to deny the Mission Bay Alliances's request to appeal the EIR. The Warriors have shown that they are a great asset to the community, are committed to supporting the surrounding neighborhoods, and we are equally committed to making this project a reality for our neighborhoods and the City.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PATRICK VALENTINO: Good evening. My name is Patrick Valentino. I'm the president of the South Beach Mission Bay Merchants Association. I'm also a local resident.

And I think as of today, I've gone to almost every single public meeting that's come up with -- for this site going back to 30-32, going back to probably 2012.

So, what I've seen is the community input evolve this project. The community support for the project has been broad, it's been diverse, and it's been local.

And Rick, we've got quite a deep bench on the community side as well.

What has happened is a project has come about that's gonna create a sense of place for Mission Bay.

The biggest objections to the project have been met head on, and I think that's a very important to consider.

We've spent a lot of time tonight hearing from the City, from consultants, from staff talking about what the difficulties are and how to solve them for this project.

The community has come, spoken, and evolved over time. And the response has been to solve those problems. So, we have a project that's teed up to be excellent.

The opponents have been high-paid lawyers and consultants. They even staffed public comment with paid lawyers tonight.

They challenged the EIR before it even came out. They said they were going to sue until the cows came home before the public had the chance to see the Environmental Impact Report. I think that tells you where they're coming from.

From a -- as being a practicing lawyer for over 22 years, I've always told my client, If the other side brags about how much they're paying their lawyers

and that they're going to sue you forever, they have no 1 2 case. And I think what's been proven tonight is that 3 they have no case. 4 5 Thank you very much. PRESIDENT BREED: 6 Thank you. 7 Next speaker. DENNIS MacKENZIE: Thank you, Supervisors. 8 9 I'm Dennis MacKenzie, Round the Diamond 10 Consulting and Education. I've been teaching in the San 11 Francisco public high schools for about 14 years. 12 I sent you an E-mail this morning in support 13 of the confirmation of the EIR report, so to certify that. 14 15 And I'm asking you to take every step necessary to work with both sides. 16 17 Obviously, there is a lot of critical issues, 18 but you also know my perspective that I want to share 19 briefly. 20 I've asked the Warriors and City to 21 collaborate to include a high school career classroom inside the arena. I believe the arena itself -- in and 22 23 of itself, the structure, much of time it will be

vacant. There will be events, of course. 150 events.

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Basketball games.

But that arena can serve as an educational facility, university, if you will, for the high school and college kids in the City.

I've mentioned this many times to all the commissions in the Supervisors meeting for many years.

The proposal I've shared with you is asking that the Warriors support this proposal in some kind so that the NBA can use this as a model to reach out to all the cities and communities across the country, utilizing the power and the influence and inspiration that kids get from professional sports.

And these facilities, once again, multi-media, journalism, the operations of these facilities, they're all potential career pathways.

So, thank you very much.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

TONY KELLY: Hello, Supervisors. Tony Kelly, vice president of the Potrero Boosters Association.

The Boosters have no official position on the arena project or this EIR, but we do want to raise concerns on the record about one particular aspect of the EIR that needs revision, and that issue is soil mitigation.

There's a lot of toxic contamination of the

soil underneath the proposed arena. It's described will in the Site Mitigation Plan, and it goes well past 20 feet.

When the Warriors met with our Development Committee, we were told that contaminated soil would be directly hauled to toxic waste sites.

Now in the EIR, the toxic soil is going to be treated on-site first and then trucked to local landfills.

We disagree with that approach, especially in the case of soil that's contaminated with hydrocarbons and fluorocarbons, which could be substantial given that the location is right next to a big Union Oil tank farm.

We don't believe that on-site treatment of soil contaminated with oil -- we don't believe it works. We believe it delays projects, and it exposes neighbors to undue risk. We have seen this on other projects in the neighborhood and South of Market.

Now, we've raised these concerns with the Warriors. And with a better plan for soil handling and some city transit improvements that I'll mention on another agenda item, the Warriors project could get stronger neighborhood support.

I want to add the comments of Marie Harrison of Greenaction to these comments. She couldn't stick

around, and these are her words:

"It is my considered opinion and Greenaction's that often when there is an issue or question and the answer is unclear, that's it's best to err on the side of community.

"It's best when oil is found in soil that it's picked up and moved out, never to be sued again.

"We also understand that this method may be a bit more costly. However, we are talking about the many lives of community families that live adjacent to, across from, up the street and down the street of this particular area.

"It's our intent to follow the progress of the particular venture closely so that you are aware without a doubt the community and the environmental community are speaking with one voice. I thank you on behalf of myself, Greenaction, and the environmental community."

Thank you for hearing both of us, Supervisors.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

And before I move to the next speaker, I just

want to remind members of public who are here for public comment that this is for those members of the public who oppose the appeal and support the project. Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

OLIVIA SMITH: Hi. My name is Olivia Smith, and I'm the managing partner of MCD Trucking, LLC.

And while we do support the Warriors coming to San Francisco, we'd also like to see if, in fact, we could get the trucking for the hazardous waste local, going to the rail.

We know that they have had other problems in the past with trucking across -- over to the East Bay and to other hazardous places, and we'd like to keep that work here for our companies.

We've been badly in need of hazardous work to transport dirt within the City, and we'd like to see if we can continue to do that work. And hopefully the Warriors will consider us.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

FRED HUNZIKER: Hello.

I'm Fred Hunziker. I represent Waste
Solutions Group and the San Francisco Bay Rail. We're a
rail transportation company that's been servicing San
Francisco since 1992.

We fully support this Warriors arena, and we are looking forward to helping them -- assist them with their contaminated soil needs.

We have been successful in moving over one million to two million tons of hazardous waste over the last 20 some-odd years.

And the soil treatment process has never really worked throughout the projects that we've worked with over the years, and we certainly would like to help the Warriors defray from putting over 20,000 truck loads on the Bay Bridge when we have a ton of traffic problems already.

We've been successful with working with the San Francisco Giants, removing contaminated soil from that site, as well as PG&E and other large companies. So, we look forward to this new arena and helping with the project.

We do employ all, one-hundred percent local truckers at our company. So, thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

NEIL USHMAN: Madam President, Supervisors.

My name is Neil Ushman. I'm a resident of Mission Bay, and both my wife and I wholeheartedly support the Warriors arena.

It has been a long process, but from the beginning, the Warriors have done it right. They have worked with residents and other stakeholders to address legitimate concerns.

And I would hope that the Board ignores the arguments of the Mission Bay Alliance and approves the SEIR, because for all their bluster, all the attorneys they have hired, and all the work they have done unsuccessfully to show that San Francisco doesn't really support the arena, fundamentally, they are just a bunch of NOPIC's.

And the Board, and by extension San Francisco, should not be held hostage by these NOPIC's who think that they and only they know what's best for the City.

By the way, NOPIC, Not On Property I Covet.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

D.J. BROOKTER: Good evening, President Breed and Members of the Board.

My name is D.J. Brookter, and I'm the deputy director of Young Community Developers, a nonprofit organization in the Bayview. And I'm here to speak on behalf of moving the project forward in full support of

the Warriors.

And I would also would like to say that my immediate supervisor and executive director, Mr. Shamann Walton, apologizes for not being able to be here, but with him being a commissioner on the School Board, he is doing his due diligence to the voters of San Francisco at a School Board meeting currently.

But real briefly, I just wanted to start off with a brief story, and I think it kind of talks about the leadership and teamwork we've seen with the Warriors over the last three years.

It was one of the first mixers that we had in the Dogpatch, and I introduced myself to a gentleman who introduced himself as, "Mr. Rick Welts, and I'm with the Golden State Warriors."

Now, what that means to me is someone who is humble and someone who exemplifies leadership and teamwork. And we've seen it not only on the court with the Warriors being 23-0, but we've seen it in their due diligence in working with the community and all of the community members that are here, along with OCII, OEWD, and just all the stakeholders.

And just through Young Community Developers alone, over the course of this season we've been able to employ and serve over 152 resident from District 10.

We've served populations of homeless, formerly incarcerated, those who are on probation or parole, those who are currently seeking employment and second income, along with seniors and folks who are current retirees.

That's what the Warriors are doing now being in Oakland. Just imagine how much more we're gonna be able to do once they move across the bridge and are here in the City.

And we thoroughly urge you all to continue to push and move forward with this.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

JOHN CALE: Hell. My name is John Cale and I'm a second-generation San Franciscan. I'm also a homeowner in Potrero Hill, and I live five blocks from the proposed arena.

I'm also a Warriors season ticketholder. So, to those who had traffic concerns, I can assure you I'll be walking to the games. So, that's one less car you have to worry about.

My experience being a Warriors season ticketholder has been just fantastic. I can tell they're a first-class organization by the way they treat

1 us. 2 I'm also a season ticketholder to the Niners, 3 and I would never say that about them. So, I think this arena is going to be great 4 5 for our neighborhood. I think it can serve as a catalyst the same way that AT&T Park did for South 6 7 Beach. And we -- I think it will bring restaurants and 8 much needed services there and within walking for the residents. 9 10 So, I urge you to deny this appeal, the EIR, and let this project move forward. 11 12 Thank you. 13 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. 14 Next speaker, please. 15 SHEILA ASH: Good evening. My name is Sheila 16 Ash, and I am a long-time resident of Noe Valley. And 17 Happy Holidays. It took Moses 40 years to cross the desert. 18 19 Will it take 40 years for the Warriors to come to San Francisco? 20 21 I was drawn to the team by their good looks. I've maintained an interest by their prowess. 22

I represent the fashionistas in a male-oriented game. Sweatshirts are not my style, so I give you my designer wear to a team that has my respect

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and full attention and could not be prouder to host them in a city that I love so dearly.

My fashion and passion for the Warriors is clear. So, please, bring them here.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Good afternoon, Supervisors. How you doing today? Well, this evening, actually.

My name is Nick Belloni. I'm a long-time San Franciscan. Today I'm here to the express my strong support for the Warriors and the arena in Mission Bay.

From an environmental perspective, this will be one of the most sustainable arenas in the country.

Each building will be certified LEED Gold or higher, and will emphasize sustainability in every aspect of design.

For example, the project storm water will be treated on site. There will also be an on-site gray water recycling system which will be a first for an NBA arena.

As part of AB 900 compliance, the Warriors also have agreed to offset a hundred percent of the project's new carbon emissions, another first for an arena.

Lastly, San Francisco Bike Coalition recently called this project the most bike-friendly sports venue

in the country.

I urge you to deny the appeal and stand with the community and not just a handful of people.

We look to history, and we've seen appeals go and hold back projects. Again, people have mentioned the Niners, and that's true. The more time we take, the more time we have a chance to lose this. Let's not lose this for our city, please.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Mayor, Supervisors, thank you for your time this evening.

My name is Christopher Haas, and I work in Mission Bay as the consulting manager for a small restaurant group.

I'm here, obviously, in support of the Warriors project and to reject the appeal.

The owner of our group started 15 years ago with a significant coffee cart on U.C.S.F.'s Parnassus campus.

When U.C.S.F. initially targeted Mission Bay as an expanding neighborhood for its campus, we were among the first food and beverage vendors to move in there.

We've had the pleasure of U.C.S.F.'s proactive and community-driven program being support for us. Like U.C.S.F., the Warriors have exhibited a proactive and community-first approach to addressing concerns and tackling challenges regarding this issue.

The main opposition for this project has come from the Mission Bay Alliance, and initially their platform centered around protecting U.C.S.F.'s interests. U.C.S.F. ultimately endorsed this project, nullifying that argument.

The Alliance then shifted its message to protecting Mission Bay's biotech companies, although 13 of the largest and fastest growing of them have now signed on to this project as well.

Through our restaurants, I work with these companies, with U.C.S.F., and with residents of Mission Bay every day, and I can say that any opposition to this arena can only be characterized as obstinate.

It's a project that has to go through.

Progress is inevitable. Nothing is going to be perfect,
but the Warriors have proven themselves a proactive

organization interested in responding and listening to
the needs of the community.

Yeah. All right. I guess that's it.

One note. We all know the social and cultural

equity a winning franchise brings to the city. The Warriors have proven they are winners both on the court and off the court, and I feel we would be foolish to pass up the opportunity to harness their winning culture as a partner for the Mission Bay neighborhood. So, let's bring the Warriors home.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Good evening, Supervisors.

My name is Chris Keller. I'm a resident of Los Altos

down on the Peninsula in the South Bay.

I previously served on the environmental commission in my city, and I thank you for all the work that you do.

I just want to echo the sentiment of all the other supporters that it's really been impressive to see the City staff, the supervisors of the different commissions and committees that have worked -- working with the Warriors organization. And you can see where this is really the right playbook for success for other professional sports groups in North America.

I just want to say that no EIR is perfect.

Nothing is going to come in to any group, especially one of this scale, and have no concerns or issues.

What really matters is the level and competency of the groups that you're working with and whether or not they're capable of being flexible and nimble in being able to work with a city like San Francisco to be able to get something like this approved.

And with Rick Welts and his team, the world-class organization that they have, I think they've shown through their collaboration exactly what kind of organization they are and what you can expect moving forward.

I just want to also say that I am the father of four girls -- I have no sons -- and I make them sit and watch sports with me throughout the year.

They love to do it. They love to have their -- most of the younger ones want to stay up later and snuggle with dad, and we watch Warriors games.

Raising kids is all about creating special family memories, and taking my daughters to this proposed arena is something I look forward to greatly.

I ask for your continued support for this project.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

JASMINE CONRAD: Hi. My name is Jasmine Conrad, and I'm one of the community organizers for Warriors Ground SF, which is the coalition that has brought you a lot of the speakers that you see here today and at the past hearings.

It's been an honor and a privilege to be a part of organizing this community, but even more important, I'm a San Francisco native born and raised, so it's been an absolute honor thus far.

Over the past year and a half, we've had the opportunity to identify and engage with 5,000-plus supporters in San Francisco and in the surrounding neighborhoods of Mission Bay, Dogpatch, Bayview.

And over the past year and a half, those supporters have transitioned into a Warriors Ground community. They've transitioned into some of our closest friends. And they certainly have transitioned into our neighbors.

Taking my organizer hat off for a moment, as a native, it's difficult to see a city you grew up in changing rapidly, but I think that looking at this project and what it has to offer the community gives me hope that there is still very strong community in San Francisco and there is a very strong voice, and I think that our coalition is composed of the people that

resemble the San Francisco that I grew up with.

So, it's an absolute honor to be able to stand with them today in support of this project and to reject the appeal of the EIR.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

SEBASTIAN KAHN: Hello, Supervisors. My name is Sebastian Kahn.

I'll be reading a letter today on behalf of Matthew Huey who was here earlier but unfortunately had to take off due to time constraints.

He's a member of the Asian American

Contractors Association, as well as the California Asian

American Business Association.

"Good afternoon. My name is Matthew
Huey. I was born and raised in the Western
Addition, a native San Franciscan.

"My parents owned a laundry business in the heart of the Bayview just off of 3rd. I spent a majority of my youth working there and hanging out in the Bayview, now as a business owner, as a general contractor, certified as an LBE within the City and located in the Bayview.

"We also worked with many local San Francisco agencies and local residents for the past 30 years.

"Presently we are working on the Bayview Opera House and working with the neighborhood economic development agencies.

"Please approve the new stadium for San Francisco residents, sports fans, and the opportunists within the Bayview District and San Francisco business to be a part of this new endeavor in building a world-class stadium and with its new business ventures" -- "with its new business avenues for entrepreneurs. Go Warriors."

Thanks.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

JAIME GONZALEZ: Hello. Thank you for the opportunity to speak. My name is Jaime Gonzalez, and I'm an owner of Mission Constructors, a local small business in the Bayview.

Oh, gosh. I wrote some notes, and I'm just -I'm here to support the Warriors stadium. You know, the
project will provide skilled union jobs for our
neighborhood, and some of my workers and just folks that

work with me.

And our community is -- I mean, we're committed. We're committed to hiring local guys that live in the Bayview, the guys that live there, that -- born and raised.

And we're committed. We're part of 261, the operators, and we're committed to their training programs. And this project will greatly benefit our neighbors, our community members, and folks that live with us and work with us. And I'm here in support.

Thanks.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Good evening. Thank you, Madam President and Members of the Board.

I'm here tonight to read a letter on behalf of Bruce Agid. He was here, but had to go and chair -- unfortunately had to leave to go chair a TJPA CAC meeting.

"My name is Bruce Agid. I'm a transportation rep and a board member of the South Beach/Rincon/Mission Bay Association and a member of the Ballpark Mission Bay Transportation Coordination Committee.

"However, today I provide my public

comment as a resident of Mission Bay. I'm very pleased to see the approach taken the Warriors and the City to address traffic and overall traffic concerns associated with the Warriors Event Center.

"Although this is a very complex set of issues, the Warriors, working with the City and U.C.S.F., have embraced the challenges and developed a best-in-class approach and agreement.

"In addition to performing a thorough EIR, the parties listened very closely to the concerns of the residents and businesses in and around Mission Bay.

"Based on this, they have come to an agreement on several fronts to ensure that transportation and other quality-of-life issues are resolved through the integrated approach.

"This approach includes the following:

Development of an in-depth public

Transportation and Traffic Mitigation Plan;

a committed and secured funding source. The

Transportation Improvement Fund and lockbox

agreement secures funding necessary to

provide these services.

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"Funding for this budget is taken directly from revenue generated from the Event Center. A secured funding source critical to ensure these services are provided without impacting service levels in other parts of the City.

"Stakeholder involvement. The creation of the Transportation Improvement Fund Advisory Committee consisting of representatives from each key stakeholder group. They will assist in setting priorities on community improvement measures and advise decision-makers on the uses of these funds.

"In summary, this approach is robust and thorough. Planning a secure, self-generating funding mechanism, stakeholder-citizen review, accountability and predetermined corrective actions, this should be a model for all" -- PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

JACKIE FLIN: Good evening, Supervisors.

My name is Jackie Flin. I'm the executive

director of the A. Philip Randolph Institute, and I am here with my program manager, Kurt Grimes.

KURT GRIMES: Good evening, everyone.

JACKIE FLIN: So, first of all, let me just say thank you guys, to all of your commitment to our city, to our communities. These are long, thankless hours. And even if you're never told, we genuinely appreciate you all. So, I appreciate you for being here tonight.

You know firsthand that any project this size is going to have a major impact on the communities we all serve.

I wanted to recognize who came out earlier today. Both United Playaz and APRI together brought over a hundred community members from each of the communities that we serve.

So, as you can see, we may be tired. We're trying to keep our eyes open, but it's a long road and we continue to march ahead.

We're here because we are Warriors. We also stand in solidarity with our union brothers and sisters.

And as you know, we work closely with our trades to create sustainable careers for young men and women from Bayview.

I also know that you guys are familiar with

the work and the resources that we provide.

It's great to hear this project is going to bring T line improvements, as well as hundreds of local jobs.

I really appreciate working with the Community Relations team. Theo Ellington is a son of Bayview, and I really appreciate that the Warriors have shown that actions speak much louder than words.

I think he's a mentor and a model to a lot of young men and women that could aspire to work for such a great company like the Golden State Warriors.

So, thank you again. And I am in support of the project, and I am encouraging you guys to oppose the proposal.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

LILY YO: Good evening, everyone.

My name is Lily Yo, and I am a resident of Mission Bay. I also own a small business on the high-tech space and have that located in Mission Bay.

I am here to support the Warriors project. I think that it's a project that is going to modernize San Francisco and contribute to the beauty of the city that we already have with all the nature, with all the

history. And now we're going to have the facility of a world-class entertainment center.

I think that this project will also bring the community together. It's more than just a sport arena. It's going to be an entertainment center. It's going to have parks where residents can travel to locally, with public transportation to concerts and local events.

I think this is a huge improvement to our infrastructure as well to the City in terms of what we have in expediting the projects that we need to work on for transportation and facility improvement and things like that.

Last, I think this is going to be great for the San Francisco economy. I am not a native of San Francisco. I moved here because of my career, and I've invested in two properties in Mission Bay. And that is an example of my contribution to the economy in Mission Bay.

I think it's going to create jobs, not only in the development of this project, as well as maintaining this project.

That's it.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Next speaker, please.

PUBLIC SPEAKER: Good evening, Madam

Supervisor and Supervisors.

The Mission Bay Alliance are density deniers. They've taken up some typical issues that most NIMBYism endorses, but there's two items that come out as very important to me, and that's the transportation and also the accessibility of patients to the hospital.

However, the U.C.S.F. has a state-of-the-art children's hospital with a helipad. So, the use of the helicopters will not be limited by having a sports arena in the neighborhood.

Also, too, I'm very happy that there's \$25 million to affordable housing that will be part of this developer agreement. \$40 million will be part of the transportation infrastructure contribution.

And also, what makes a liveable neighborhood with the Warriors Arena project?

Diversity. The Warriors Arena offers choices to all household incomes, providing a range of jobs, shops, and services supporting diverse local businesses.

Healthy. The Warriors Arena supports the physical and mental health of its residents. Clean and safe, and promotes social inclusion and socialability [sic].

Green. The Warriors Arena is well served by parks, playgrounds, plazas, greenways. Trees and

plantings are integrated into street designs. Buildings 1 2 are designed to provide public open spaces, compact 3 gardens, courtyards, terraces, and green roofs. I urge you to reject the appeal and support 4 5 this project. 6 Thank you. 7 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. 8 Next speaker, please. 9 JOANNE DESMOND: Good evening, Supervisors. 10 My name is Joanne Desmond, and I'm an assistant business 11 agent for the Theatrical Stage Employees, Local 16. I'm 12 here on behalf of the over 2,000 stagehands. 13 We are in support of the new Warriors arena in 14 Mission Bay. Between sporting events, entertainment events, and conventions, the arena will benefit not only 15

Local 16, but for thousands of workers in San Francisco.

We currently have almost 1,000 members who live in San Francisco. These are members who live in your districts who send their children to our schools and who support our local businesses. These jobs, complete with benefits, will ensure our families can continue to live and work here.

We urge your support on this worthwhile project.

Thank you.

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PRESIDENT BREED: 1 Thank you. 2 Next speaker. JOHN GALBRAITH: Hi. Good evening, everyone. 3 My name is John Galbraith. I'm a local resident of 4 5 Mission Bay. I'm here tonight in support of the Warriors 6 7 Clearly, the Warriors have shown great project. 8 aptitude at listening to the community needs, and the 9 project will provide many jobs for the locals and for 10 various union workers and for the community. 11 So, I urge you to reject the appeal and 12 support the project. 13 Thank you very much. Have a good evening. PRESIDENT BREED: 14 Thank you. 15 Next speaker please. 16 THOMAS McDONAGH: Good evening, Supervisors. 17 My name is Thomas McDonagh, and I have lived in San 18 Francisco since the late 1970s. 19 I'm here today as a supporter of this project. 20 The Warriors have shown an impressive commitment to 21 collaboration and community input in planning this arena project. They regularly have community stakeholders 22 23 present and updating -- and they update at the Mission 24 Bay Citizens Advisory Committee, and they seek input 25 from various business including U.C.S.F.

In a bid to stop the Warriors project, the opposition, Mission Bay Alliance, has enlisted four separate law firms and have a slate of other constituents to try and stop the project.

Clearly, the venture capitalists behind the curtain are used to giving -- are used to using lawyers to get their way.

This appeal is not about the environment. It's about a few rich people telling us how the City should be run.

I urge you to deny the appeal on this EIR and allow project to go ahead.

Yeah. I think you -- from listening to the presentation this evening and listening to the tremendous success that the Warriors have had on the court in the last year, year and a half most certainly, and -- you can see operationally also that this is a fabulous entity. And a great city should -- get together with fabulous entities such as the Warriors.

You've also heard some very creative thoughts about how the arena could be used, say, for educational purposes when it's not being utilized.

Thank you all so much.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Are there any other members of the public who

would like to provide public comment at this time?

(No response)

PRESIDENT BREED: Seeing none, public comment is closed.

And now the Appellants will have three minutes for a rebuttal.

REBUTTAL BY THE APPELLANTS

TOM LIPPE: Thank you, Supervisors. Tom Lippe again for the Mission Bay Alliance.

And Patrick Solari is with me. I'm going to turn it over to him after I spend a couple of minutes on a few points.

The process here is one both political and legal, and a lot of what you heard about today is political information. And the legal information is of a different character.

And you've heard from the Planning staff members who are very good at painting a rosy picture of what's going to happen out there once this project is operational. But it's harder to be glib about what the document actually says. And that's where the legal part of this whole process comes into play.

So, I want to just you give you an example

talking about transit impacts, because that was a topic of discussion by the City employees.

So, if we take the scenario of with a Giants game and the impact on Muni transit service, the impact TR 13 says it's less than significant with mitigation.

Okay. So, what's the mitigation? The mitigation is -- there's a mitigation measure to accommodate Muni transit demand to and from the project site and AT&T Park on the T 3rd lightrail line during overlapping evening events.

(As read) "The Project Sponsor shall work with the Ballpark Mission Bay Transportation Coordinating Committee to do some things."

So, that's a mitigation for a process to happen, not for a result to be obtained. So, in CEQA parlance, legal parlance, that's an unenforceable mitigation that doesn't actually ensure that the impact is reduced to the less than significant.

So, you don't have any evidence to make the finding that that impact is less than significant with mitigation.

If you go to another scenario both with and without a Giants game, regional transit services -- impacts on Caltrain and the Golden Gate Transit System

and on the ferry system -- you have that finding that it's significant and unavoidable with mitigation.

So, what does that mean? Well, you have to look at the mitigation. And again, it's, (As read) "The Project Sponsor shall work with the Ballpark Mission Bay Transportation Coordinating Committee." Again, a process, not a result.

If you go to the finding about unavoidability, it says the provision of additional services is uncertain and full funding for the service is yet to be identified.

Well, that's because the mitigation was unenforceable. There was no provision for the sponsor to pay for the additional service that's needed. So, you can't bootstrap one illegal provision into a finding of unavoidability.

And so, you know, as I said, it's hard to be glib about the document. You have to look at what it says.

PATRICK SOLARI: And just very briefly on the issue of enforceability or lack thereof, the Real Party essentially concedes that the Transportation Management Plan is unenforceable, but claims that there's a backup, this mitigation measure TR 18.

But if you actually look at it, it states that

if the performance standards aren't met, essentially the 1 2 Warriors just need to go back and try again. So, that's all. Thank you. 3 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. 4 Okay. With that, this hearing has been held 5 and -- this hearing has been conducted. And so, this 6 7 hearing is now closed and this matter is in the hands of 8 the Board of Supervisors. 9 So, I have a question for staff. 10 Is there -- based on the presentations, the 11 questions, and the lengthiness of this particular 12 hearing and some of the feedback, is there any 13 additional information presented by the opponents during the hearing that you want to respond to at this time? 14 15 STAFF RESPONSES TO PUBLIC COMMENTS 16 17 SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNER KERN: 18 19 Thank you, Madam President. 20 So, just a few issues that I want to respond 21 to. 22 With respect to hazardous materials and water 23 quality impacts, the Appellant submitted at the hearing 24 today analytical results from sediment sampling from 25 storm water drains in the project area.

It didn't appear that the actual sediment sampling locations were documented in those materials, but regardless, those would be a reflection of existing conditions today, not a result of the proposed project.

C.E.Q.A. is concerned about the effects of the proposed project on the environment.

With respect to contaminated sediments in storm water, the project during construction would be subject to sediment controls under a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan, which is required under the State's general permit for construction.

The main purpose of that SWPPP, as it's called, is to prevent off-site transport of sediments -- contaminated sediments from storm water.

Once the project is constructed, there would be no pathway to exposure from native soils from the site in storm water, both because the site remediation would be completed for the project site during construction — there would be no contaminated soils remaining — and no native soils would be exposed at the surface. So, this does not present an issue with respect to the adequacy of the EIR.

We heard a bit about also the preference of some of the commenters for the rail transportation of contaminated materials as opposed to trucking.

The project would, as other testified and as is well documented in the EIR, provide on-site treatment of contaminated soils such that the soils would -- and all of that would be subject to regulatory oversight both by the City's Department of Public Health and the Regional Water Quality Board.

The result of that is that there would not be a need for long-distance transportation of contaminated soils from the site for disposal. And with that, there is — the advantage of rail transportation of hazardous materials is lost.

And then, with respect to the few remarks we just heard about some of the transportation mitigation measures, two in particular, I wanted to read the entirety of Transportation Mitigation Measure TR 13, because it says a bit more than the Appellant is representing.

What it says is (As read):

"As a mitigation measure to accommodate Muni transit demand to and from the project site and AT&T Park on the T 3rd lightrail line during overlapping events, the Project Sponsor shall work with the Ballpark Mission Bay Transportation Coordinating Committee and SFMTA to provide enhanced Muni lightrail

service and/or shuttle buses between key Market Street locations and the project.

2.5

"Examples of the enhanced service include Muni bus shuttles between Union Square and/or Powell Street, BART Muni station, and the project site.

"The need for enhanced Muni service shall be based on the characteristics of the overlapping events, e.g., projected attendance levels and anticipated start and end times."

The other measure that was not, you know, fully provided to you, the language of which, is rather lengthy, and that's measure TR 18.

This is the measure that was put into place to enforce a performance standard -- a mode-share performance standard as really a backstop to make sure that the transportation and traffic impacts reported in the EIR are accurate and the assumptions are backed up with enforceable mitigation requirements.

The sponsor is required to implement enhanced transportation management measures to reach that performance standard to the maximum extent feasible.

They're not off the hook by just simply making a try and if the measures prove to be ineffective, they can just

give up. 1 2 They are required -- and this is an 3 enforceable requirement in the Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program, which is a condition of approval of 4 5 the project -- to meet that performance standard to the extent that it feasible to do so. 6 7 And from a CEQA legal standpoint, because the 8 sponsor's attorneys want to focus on that, because there 9 is some remaining uncertainty about the feasibility of meeting that standard in the future, the significant 10 11 determination in the EIR for that impact is what's 12 called "significant and unavoidable with mitigation." 13 That's an acknowledgment of the fact that there is some uncertainty, but nevertheless the sponsor 14 is not off the hook. They still have to do their best 15 16 to mitigate. 17 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you. SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNER KERN: 18 19 And that's not a deficiency in the EIR. 20 PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Are there any other comments from the staff with regards to that particular question?

(No response)

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PRESIDENT BREED: Seeing that there is not, Supervisor Kim.

SUPERVISOR KIM: Thank you.

Actually, just raised from that, I do have one follow-up question that came up through a member of the public comment, only because I'm reading her letter now because it was submitted today.

And this is from Susan Brandt Hawley, and she addressed that there is a recent California Supreme

Court case that she felt was relevant to the one here on a Newhall Ranch in Southern California.

And I was just hoping that a City Attorney could respond in terms of how this appeal or this EIR is distinct from that case.

DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY WARREN: Elaine Warren, Deputy City Attorney, through the President.

Yes. That -- actually, there is a documentation in the record that was prepared by one of the attorneys for the Warriors that goes into more detail. So, it is in the record that has bee submitted to you.

But to explain briefly, that case identified -- what was done in that case was not the way that the Planning Department did the analysis here.

And the way that the analysis was done here was to look at whether the project would comply with the City's ordinance that established a standard for

greenhouse gas reduction -- this was a number of years ago -- as a result of that ordinance.

And the goals that are identified in the City's ordinance are more aggressive than the standard that has been set by the State of California.

In the case, the Court said that the problem with the approach that they took was not that they looked at whether it was consistent with the State goals. So, obviously, if we look at it being consistent with our goals, which are even more aggressive, that would be an acceptable approach.

But what the Court really criticized was that they didn't show that the actions they were taking would be effective to helping meet that plan.

The City -- the Court then identified other ways that they could have gone about the problem, and one of the ways they identified was to have a Climate Action Plan or a Greenhouse Gas Reduction Plan.

The city has adopted a detailed program, or it has put together -- it's really a series of actions that the City has done, including many ordinances that have been adopted by the Board of Supervisors, as well as other programs that the City has put into effect.

The Planning Department has documented all these actions into a strategy document that they

submitted actually to the Bay Area Air Quality

Management District. The Bay Area Air Quality

Management District said that this was really a stellar effort, in effect.

And it is as a result of that -- that compendium of actions that the way the Planning Department does its analysis is it determines whether projects are going to be consistent with all of these programs that the City has adopted to meet these goals. And it did that analysis in this case.

SUPERVISOR KIM: Thank you.

DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY WARREN: So, we think it's consistent with what the Court said --

SUPERVISOR KIM: I wasn't familiar with the case, and I apologize. In all the myriad of papers, I didn't see the response from the Project Sponsor attorneys, but I wanted to understand the case better. That answers my question.

DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY WARREN: Thank you.

SUPERVISOR KIM: So, I think that having heard the presentation, you know, what I would like to move forward is to move forward Item 58 and to table 59 and 60.

I think that the City has done an adequate and complete job in our Environmental Impact Report for the

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proposed Golden State Warriors Event Center and Arena.
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   And so, that is a motion that I am moving forward at
 3
   this point.
              I believe that we also have the appeal of the
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    Tentative Map before us as well; is that correct?
              PRESIDENT BREED: No.
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              SUPERVISOR KIM: No.
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              PRESIDENT BREED: We will call those items
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   once we have moved forward on these items.
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              SUPERVISOR KIM: Okay. So, my motion is to
   approve 58 and to table 59 and 60.
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              PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. Supervisor Kim has
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   made a motion to approve 58 and table Item 59 and 60,
    and it was seconded by Supervisor Yee.
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              Madam Clerk, can you please call the roll?
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Supervisor Campos.
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              SUPERVISOR CAMPOS: Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Campos, aye.
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              Supervisor Cohen.
20
              SUPERVISOR COHEN: Aye.
21
              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Cohen, aye.
22
              Supervisor Farrell.
23
              SUPERVISOR FARRELL:
24
              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Farrell, aye.
25
              Supervisor Kim.
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1	SUPERVISOR KIM: Aye.
2	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Kim, aye.
3	Supervisor Mar.
4	SUPERVISOR MAR: Aye.
5	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Mar, aye.
6	Supervisor Tang.
7	SUPERVISOR TANG: (Indicating)
8	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Tang, aye.
9	Supervisor Wiener.
10	SUPERVISOR WIENER: Aye.
11	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Wiener, aye.
12	Supervisor Yee.
13	SUPERVISOR YEE: Aye.
14	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Yee, aye.
15	Supervisor Avalos.
16	SUPERVISOR AVALOS: Aye.
17	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Avalos, aye.
18	Supervisor Breed.
19	PRESIDENT BREED: Aye.
20	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Breed, aye.
21	There are ten ayes.
22	PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. Colleagues, the Final
23	Subsequent Environmental Impact Report is finally
24	certified unanimously.
25	We're going to take a 15-minute recess before

we move to the next item. 1 2 (Off the record from 7:25 p.m. 3 until 7:48 p.m.) PRESIDENT BREED: All right. Folks, we are 4 5 now back from recess. And colleagues, we are one minute ahead of 6 7 schedule of our 20-minute break. I know Supervisor Kim 8 will be here shortly. 9 We are reconvening as the Board of Supervisors, and we have before us an appeal of the 10 11 Tentative Map for the Warriors Event Center in District 12 6. 13 Madam Clerk, can you please call Item 61 1 4 through 64? 15 MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Item 61, Public Hearing of persons interested in the Public Works decision dated 16 17 November 12th, 2015, approving a Tentative Final Map, 18 No. 8593, for an eight-lot, 100-unit commercial 19 condominium subdivision for the proposed Golden State Warriors Event Center and Mixed-Use Development Project 20 21 at Mission Bay South, Blocks 29 through 32. 22 Item 62 is the motion to approve the Public 23 Works decision to approve the Tentative Final Map. 24 Item 63 is the motion to disapprove the Public 25 Work's decision, the Tentative Final Map.

And Item 64 is a motion directing the preparation of findings relating to the Board's disapproval of the Tentative Final Map.

PRESIDENT BREED: Okay.

Colleagues, for this hearing, we will be considering whether the Tentative Map for the Warriors Event Center is appropriate under the Subdivision Map Act, including whether it is consistent with the General Plan or any specific plan that applies.

Without objection, we will proceed as follows. Up to 10 minutes for the Appellant to describe the grounds for their appeal, up to two minutes for public commenters to speak in support of the appeal, up to 10 minutes for representatives of the Department of Public Works and Planning Department to describe the grounds for their decision to approve the Tentative Map, up to 10 minutes for the Real Party in Interest to present, up to two minutes for public commenters to speak in support of the Real Party in Interest, and finally, the Appellant will have up to three minutes for a rebuttal.

So, it's time to get started, folks, and I will start with the -- without objection, I will -- oh, is there a motion to excuse Supervisor Peskin for Items 61 through 64 and 65 through 68.

Moved by Supervisor Farrell, seconded by

Supervisor Mar. Without objection, Supervisor Peskin is 1 2 excused. 3 All right. The Appellants are up. You have 10 minutes. 4 5 PRESENTATION BY THE APPELLANT 6 7 8 SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Thank you very much. 9 Good evening, President Breed and Members of 10 the Board. I would like to present the computer with 11 SF --12 PRESIDENT BREED: We'll start over. 13 SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Pardon? PRESIDENT BREED: We'll start over because the 14 bell rang. 15 16 SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Oh. Okay. Thank you. 17 Well, good evening, President Breed and 18 Members of the Board. I'm Susan Brandt-Hawley, and I'm 19 here representing the Mission Bay Alliance in this 20 appeal. 21 And I see that the photograph is up. Rather than just look at me speaking, I brought some 22 23 photographs of Mission Bay to illustrate some of the 24 points I'm going to be making. 25 The significant problem with this project

overlaps the C.E.Q.A. issues, and I realize those are resolved by this Board. But there's an overlapping issue regarding the inconsistency with the Redevelopment Plan that makes the Tentative Map problematic, and it should not be approved for that reason.

And I'd just like to take my time or the Alliance's time to walk through that issue so that this Board understands that -- there's been so much paper, and I understand it's difficult to read everything and understand it all, and I'd just like to explain it.

So, back to the computer. Let me make sure I can -- there. The Redevelopment Plan from 1998 for Mission Bay South had a vision for Mission Bay South, and that vision was a workable, liveable community that was focused on medical and biotechnical research and was to be a walkable, vibrant community laid out in the special kind of vara blocks of a certain dimension, like the original blocks in San Francisco.

And we see it around Union Square and in North Beach and in other parts of the City. And this whole area is laid out in these vara blocks, so it's an urban landscape that's designed in a certain way.

This project is not consistent with that plan.

And as this Board knows, it has the ability and legal

authority and discretion to amend a Land Use Plan to

accommodate a project that it finds worthwhile.

But that didn't happen here, and that is an underlying flaw, a very significant fundamental flaw with this project. And it precludes approval of a Tentative Map when there is an inconsistency with the Land use Plan.

The EIR did not look at this issue. What the EIR said -- actually, the Initial Study before even getting to the EIR phase said that land use was not an issue in this project, that, in fact, the project was consistent with the Redevelopment Plan.

And what it said was that the plan has uses that are prescribed for all the different blocks. And the uses — there are primary uses that are allowed absolutely, and there are secondary uses that are allowed if there are certain findings made that the project is compatible with the Land Use Plan and necessary or desirable. There's extra things one has to talk about if you want a secondary use.

And what the Initial Study said was that this project was consistent with a nighttime entertainment use.

I'm just showing you photographs of what Mission Bay looks like now. That's the hospital. There's the joggers, and you can see the walkable

streets and the area.

I'll find a good one just to -- which one do you like? Okay. We'll leave that one on for now.

So, the Redevelopment Plan starts out with policies and objectives and the normal things you would see in a plan where there are overall ideas for how Mission Bay South is supposed to be developed, and then you get into the specifics of the uses.

And the primary and secondary uses have to both, as I said, meet the general criteria and be found to be particularly appropriate, but they also have to meet the words of the plan.

Now, nighttime entertainment, which is what the C.E.Q.A. process said this project complied with, basically allows dance halls, discos, nightclubs, and private clubs.

And historically in the area of Mission Bay South, there were some small clubs and bars that were of this type. There is no specific size stated for those uses, and so, what the initial analysis was by the environmental consultants was that, Well, there's no size limit, so there is going to be music at times and there's going to be alcohol served, so it's consistent with this nighttime entertainment use.

And in comments on the EIR, the Mission Bay

Alliance and I believe others, pointed out that the land use issue should not have been scoped out, quote/unquote, of the EIR, that this didn't fit into a nighttime entertainment use category. And so, they should analyze that and, if needed, amend the plan.

In response to that, the Responses to Comments basically conceded the point and said, Well, in addition -- and we're talking about the sports arena. There's a number of uses for this project. There's office retail and various things, but the sports arena is the thing that doesn't fit into any of the zoning categories.

So, the EIR consultants in the Responses to Comments basically admitted that nighttime entertainment may not encompass the sports arena, and so, they posited that they could say that it was one of two other possible uses.

One is a use called a "public structure of a use of a non-industrial character." And they posited that a public use -- that these are really two things, even though presented as one.

And without getting too technical here at this hour after all the hours you've just spent, we've explained it in our submittals.

But the Redevelopment Agency, years ago when

the U.C.S.F. Hospital was approved, they used that category, and they called -- they didn't say it was two separate uses, either a public structure or a non-industrial use.

They said, This is one category, public structure or use of a non-industrial character -- one category -- and that a public use is something that's a public -- it's not just a use that the people in the community can use.

It's actually a -- that would, in fact, mean basically any kind of use would be called a public use if that was the definition. And that was not the definition used. It was a facility built by the public -- a public agency for its own purposes. So, that category does not fit.

And the only other category is called "recreation building." And a -- there is a difference in the definitions. There's not an exact definition in the plan of what a recreational building is, but recreation is different from entertainment.

Normally, recreation is when a personal activity is used, as opposed to entertainment when you're enjoying performances by a sports team or some other entertainer.

And if you do look at the types of plan

references to entertainment and recreation, they basically -- they do not meet any kind of possible definition that would apply to this project. So, basically none of the secondary uses apply.

And the response we heard from OCII -actually, Mr. Morales spoke at the OCII hearing -- was
that the Redevelopment Agency or the Successor Agency
has the discretion to interpret its plan and also to
just -- to take action consistent with the overall goals
of the plan itself.

And respectfully, that's not what the plan provides. There are overriding policies and plans, but you also have to specifically comply with zoning.

And this Board makes that happen all over the City, and why would it not amend this plan to make this arena fit?

There's a concession that the arena -- and if you look at the 1998 EIR for the Redevelopment Plan, you'll see nothing at all remotely of the type or scale of this arena in that plan, and it's not consistent with any of these three criteria that it's trying to be finagled into.

And in light of that, the Tentative Map is a problem, because you're finding it's consistent with the secondary use in the Redevelopment Plan, which

apparently is claimed now to be a nighttime entertainment or a recreation building or a public structure or use of a non-industrial character. And none of those -- none of those things fit.

And so, in order to comply with the law, you need to amend the redevelopment Plan to accommodate this project.

And it should have been studied in the EIR. I know you've already found that appeal wanting, but that was one of the strongest bases, or it remains a very strong criticism of the EIR, that not only was there an assumption that the secondary use fit into the nighttime entertainment category, it wasn't even discussed in the EIR at all. Land use was scoped out.

And this is one of the problems with this project -- is you've heard about the problems with access to the U.C.S.F. Medical Center and the problems with transportation.

There is also the problem with the big change in the character of this planned community that was

Mission Bay South. And while that can be changed, it is a significant change. You lose the vara blocks; you lose the walkability; you lose the whole character that was planned for the area.

And if that's going to happen, it needs to be

studied, and it needs to be something that is amended so that the plan fits, as opposed to a pretense that, in fact, this project was contemplated or somehow within the scope of the 1998 Redevelopment Plan that still, everyone agrees, is the controlling document here.

Thank you.

Actually, one second. I wanted to say to Supervisor Kim that my reference to that Newhall Ranch case -- can I just finish or no?

SUPERVISOR KIM: I will ask you the question.

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Okay. Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. Supervisor Kim.

SUPERVISOR KIM: You were about to respond to the Newhall Ranch case.

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Thank you, Supervisor.

I did mention that case in the short letter.

What I said was and what I referenced, the Supreme Court made a landmark decision just last week in the -- it's a Center for Biological Diversity case that's been discussed by us all, but my comment was not about greenhouse gases, which is what Ms. Warren responded to assuming that was what I was talking about.

It was more of an overarching thing that that is a very, very -- that project has been pending for many, many years. It's a huge project in Southern

California that was the subject of this Supreme Court decision.

And one -- a dissenting justice said, Gee, we're gonna require additional C.E.Q.A. review. That's gonna hold up a really great project, and, you know, look at what we're doing.

And what the majority of the Court said clearly is that that's not -- when you're looking at C.E.Q.A., you don't look at, Oh, do we really want the project, Do we really like the project, Do we really want it to happen quickly? First, you have to enforce C.E.Q.A.

And the Court took a very strong position on that -- that you look at C.E.Q.A. enforcement without looking at the project.

SUPERVISOR KIM: Well, I understand your argument, because you're saying that in many ways the City is rushing this process because it's a project they want to see, and that's the similarity that you've drawn from that case.

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Yes.

SUPERVISOR KIM: But what was the actual reason that the justices decided to set aside this project?

So, they said the city was motivated because

they liked the project so much, but what were the actual reasons that they listed that you think are similar to this appeal?

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Well, just to be clear, the Court didn't say that the city was motivated necessarily.

What the Court was saying is -- this one very senior Supreme Court justice said that what the Court's saying -- Look what we're doing, We're holding up -- after reading the record, the Court said, This looks like a really great project, this particular justice thought, and I'm sure many people do. And he said, When we, the courts, are looking at C.E.Q.A., we don't look at, Oh, it's a great project we're holding up.

So, otherwise --

SUPERVISOR KIM: I don't that's what this board is looking at either.

I mean, but you still have to have an actual -- you have to have something to hang on to say that the Environmental Impact Review is not complete and not adequate.

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Absolutely.

MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: So, what was the reasoning that the Court found that you felt that they could also find in this case?

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Well, in that case, they found problems --

SUPERVISOR KIM: Well, I mean, that you think that they can find in this case before us today. Not just all the reasons that they listed to overturn Newhall -- or, set aside Newhall, but which one of those reasons did you feel were relevant to the Golden State arena.

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: To be clear -- and I appreciate you allowing me to explain, Supervisor Kim.

My point was just an approach that what I'm -- what the Mission Bay Alliance -- it appears to the Alliance that this has been rushed through.

Why wouldn't they amend the Redevelopment Plan? It's the feeling --

SUPERVISOR KIM: No. I understand that the feeling from the Mission Bay Alliance is that we are rushing through this project because we're so excited about the Warriors coming to San Francisco.

But you still have to actually list a legitimate legal issue that was enumerated by the justices when they set aside the Newhall Ranch case and how that is similar to the one that is before us today if you want us to overturn the certification or the Tentative Map appeal.

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Respectfully, I think there is an issue that overlaps. There happens to be one overlapping issue, but the Court's statement applies 3 across the board to every C.E.Q.A. case, and that was my 4 5 point. In terms of the specific issue, there's a 7 greenhouse gas issue. You've already heard discussion of the technicalities of that -- that the business is usual. 10 And I'm not an expert on the -- that's not my 11 area. 12 SUPERVISOR KIM: That's okay. 13 SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: But that was the specific issue that we now believe is going to be 14 controlling in this case. And there is a difference 15 16 among counsel. But yes, that greenhouse gas issue is common to both this case and --17 SUPERVISOR KIM: So, it's exactly what 18 19 Ms. Warren actually addressed. 20 SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Yes. It's that issue 21 that --22 SUPERVISOR KIM: Okay. 23 I think bringing up alone that the courts had 24 said that, you know, the city rushed through this

process because they were so excited about it, but then

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they actually were able to lean on legitimate legal issues with the C.E.Q.A. approval -- you know, I think you have to be able to lean on the same justifications that the justices did.

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Okay. The Court didn't say that the city rushed through. So, I'm sorry if I'm not being understood well, Supervisor.

SUPERVISOR KIM: No, no.

I understand that what you're expressing is that, you know, the justice had pointed out that that reason alone is not why you should approve an EIR, and I agree with that, but then there should actually be some legal issues that you point to in the Newhall Ranch case that are similar to the case before us --

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Okay.

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Well, greenhouse gas is one. But just for my last statement I would like to say that we have presented a lot of environmental issues and environmental problems, one of which is the failure to address land use inconsistency, which is relevant to the Tentative Map.

SUPERVISOR KIM: Was it one of the reasons why the justices set aside the Newhall Ranch --

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: No, it's not about Newhall Ranch.

SUPERVISOR KIM: So, speaking about the land use issue, what would you actually -- what amendment would you make to the plan or what zoning would you convey on this project that you feel would be more appropriate than the one that the City is utilizing now around nighttime entertainment?

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: In -- the Redevelopment Plan has a number of different zoning classifications. None of them fit.

What would have to be done is a new category or a new exception would have to be made for this project, and that is within the City's discretion if other -- C.E.Q.A. aside --

SUPERVISOR KIM: Is there one in the larger Planning Code that they could replicate?

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Well, since they approved AT&T Park -- I'm just speaking off the top of my head -- there's probably something. Sure.

We are not arguing -- the Alliance is not saying as part of this Tentative Map appeal or in anyplace in this record that we don't think there's a way to have zoning to accommodate this arena.

The City has discretion to apply zoning and

special zoning in special circumstances, so -- but then they said it had mitigated and et cetera, et cetera.

But that hasn't happened here.

There's a -- and in saying "rushing," I'm not accusing anyone. It's just that's what -- it's hard to understand why there wasn't an amendment made, because this does not fit any reasonable interpretation.

And, in fact, I believe the City has conceded that by now trying to fit it into other categories that, in fact, they simply don't fit.

And so, take a little more time is what we're asking. Take some time. Amend the plan. Look at the -- and we have other issues, of course, we brought up that aren't appropriate to bring up under the Tentative Map, but this one is appropriate -- and to take the time to avoid this kind of argument, and to -- everyone else in the City has to comply with zoning.

And certainly something -- you said at the beginning, Supervisor Kim, that this is going to change this whole area in positive and negative ways. There's a concession that there are significant environmental impacts to this project. Everyone agrees about that. And so, all of the things should be done in the deepest, most appropriate way.

SUPERVISOR KIM: Thank you.

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Thank you. 1 2 SUPERVISOR KIM: Thank you. 3 PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. Supervisor Kim, 4 seeing that you have no other questions, I will open 5 this up to public comment for those who want to speak in support of the appeal. You have two minutes each. 6 7 (No response) 8 PRESIDENT BREED: Seeing no members of the 9 public who'd like to make public comment -- please come 10 quickly. 11 Anyone else, please line up to my left. 12 PUBLIC COMMENT IN SUPPORT OF THE APPEAL 13 14 RODNEY TALMADGE: Are we talking number --15 Item 64 in opposition to the preparation and findings 16 17 related to the Tentative and Final Map? 18 PRESIDENT BREED: Yes. 19 RODNEY TALMADGE: Correct? 20 Two minutes? 21 PRESIDENT BREED: Yes. 22 RODNEY TALMADGE: Okay. 23 As Mrs. Holly spoke very eloquently -- and my 24 name is Rodney from Potrero Hill -- it makes a lot of 25 sense.

She was stating the other cases in the -- that it seems like she's saying we're not really trying to accuse you of, like, rushing it through, but in a way it looks like you're rushing -- things are being rushed through, because you're not going to the letter of the law and really technically doing what you're supposed to be doing as far as the review process. So, she makes a very eloquent point here.

I lived in Potrero Hill 57 years, 58 years.

I've seen this -- what the opposition is trying to really root out just really cleanly that you're going to try to put a major project like this -- I mean, it seems like you want to put this down there and there's a lot of opposition, so we're really fine tuning this, really getting clear in this.

And it seems like it's not being adjudicated very clear and clean. And it seems like a rush-through. It actually seems like a rush-through.

And my thing is, Why wasn't Aaron Peskin here today? Of all people, I think he could have gave a very clear light to assist you supervisors through this process.

It seems there's a lot of work to be done on behalf of the Warriors, but the opposition is not even -- I don't think they really even want to deal with

the Warriors. I think there's a lot of opposition out there, and I don't think we're getting a fair shake.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Are there any other members of the public who'd like to provide public comment at this time?

(No response)

PRESIDENT BREED: Seeing none, public comment is closed. And we will now have up to 10 minutes for a presentation from the Department of Public Works and the Planning Department to describe the grounds for their decision to approve the Tentative Map.

PRESENTATION BY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

CHIEF SURVEYOR MABRY: Good evening, Madam
President, Board Members. My name is Paul Mabry on
behalf of Public Works. We're the agency approving the
Tentative Map.

I'll give a brief procedural history and then turn this over to my colleagues at OCII for any further comments.

On March 9th, the Department received the Tentative Map application. As you all may know, the map application is a largely ministerial decision governed

under the Subdivision Map Act in our local ordinances and regulations.

The application was processed and -- in conjunction with other affected City agencies. On October 28th, we held a public hearing. There was no comment received either for or against the project.

On November the 6th, we received OCII's Letter of Consistency, which the Appellant is basically basing their appeal on.

On November 12th, we issued our Tentative Map Approval. It was a conditional approval. We have about 37 pages of detailed engineering-type requirements that are associated with this project.

As part of that, we incorporated the Monitoring Mitigation [sic] and Reporting requirements and the other requirements of the Environmental Impact Report.

On December 2nd, OCII provided to our

Department a copy of a letter responding to this

particular point that the Applicant has raised. The

Board has a copy of these already, so I won't elaborate

further, but if there's any further issues that

Mr. Morales would like to state on behalf of OCII, I'm

going to turn the remainder of our time over to them.

PRESENTATION BY THE OFFICE OF COMMUNITY INVESTMENT & INFRASTRUCTURE COMMISSION

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR BOHEE: Good evening, Board Members. Tiffany Bohee, Executive Director of the Office of Community Investment & Infrastructure, OCII.

The Golden State Warriors Project is consistent with the Mission Bay South Redevelopment Plan. That determination was made based on a thorough review of the proposed land uses and the physical improvements for the Golden State Warriors Project.

We considered at a public hearing on November $3^{\rm rd}$ staff recommendation, public testimony before applying the Redevelopment Standards for land use consistency.

That secondary land use determination concluded that the Golden State Warriors Project includes secondary uses that generally conform with the redevelopment objectives and planning and design controls, make a positive contribution to the project area, and provide necessary, desirable, and compatible development for the neighborhood and community.

As the Appellant pointed out in her materials, she pointed out a picture of the Mission Bay hospital.

The approach I just described, the former Redevelopment

Agency applied those very same secondary use land use standards in order to find a conformity with the Redevelopment Plan for the Mission Bay Hospital.

So, with that, I'd like to turn over to Jim Morales to provide additional information in support of the land use consistency determination.

SUPERVISOR KIM: And Mr. Morales, if you don't mind -- sorry -- could you actually address the issues that Ms. Brandt-Hawley brought up around the land use zoning.

GENERAL COUNSEL MORALES: Jim Morales. I'm the General Counsel of OCII.

First, I want to point out that the alleged inconsistency with the Redevelopment Plan was raised several times and actually was a central part of the challenge to the EIR that you just resolved in favor of the EIR.

Ms. Brandt-Hawley and other members of the legal team raised this issue in written comments in letters to the OCII Commission before it made its decision, and every time that the these issues were raised, OCII staff, Director, Commission addressed them.

So, at least there's one view here that this question has already been raised, it's been asked and answered, and this is yet again another attempt to try

to challenge an EIR on grounds that have already been resolved, albeit in the context of a Subdivision Map Appeal.

I just want to walk you briefly through the Redevelopment Plan and the process that we followed. Director Bohee has summarized that.

As you know, the Redevelopment Plan is a 30-year plan for development in a blighted area, adopted by the Board of Supervisors in 1998. Obviously, it's a 30-year plan to encourage and authorize development in an area.

It was brought in scope and gave significant discretion and authority to, first, the Redevelopment Agency and then when it was dissolved, the Office of Community Investment & Infrastructure.

When the State dissolved the Redevelopment Agency, it did not dissolve the authority under this Redevelopment Plan, and, in fact, the State found that completion of the Mission Bay South project area was an enforceable obligation that survived the dissolution of Redevelopment and that conferred upon OCII, as a Successor Agency, the complete authority of the Redevelopment Agency to complete that project.

The Redevelopment Plan itself -- and as you know, land use and zoning consists not only of use, but

also of the limitations on the physical improvements in the area.

The Event Center meets the standards of the Redevelopment Plan -- the basic land use standards for the Redevelopment Plan in terms of the height, of the floor area ratio, and other basic elements of the zoning scheme that are outlined in the Redevelopment Plan.

In addition, the Plan allows for the Agency, through its Executive Director, to determine whether particular uses as secondary uses should be allowed.

The Event Center itself has certain uses, proposes certain uses that are actually principal uses, most notably arts activities and spaces, which are a principal use under the Redevelopment Plan.

There are certain events and activities at the Event Center that fall into the principal use category and do don't need a secondary use determination.

The Appellant, however, is challenging the decision of the OCII Executive Director that was heard before a public hearing on November 3rd that the Event Center consisted of four secondary uses -- nighttime entertainment, recreation building, public use, and a use of a non-industrial character.

Each of these are identified as allowable uses and are permitted if the Director makes findings that

the secondary use is consistent with the Redevelopment Objectives in the Redevelopment Plan and is consistent with the basic land use of the Redevelopment Plan, and also that the secondary use has a -- makes a positive contribution to the project area, and that the size and intensity contemplated is both desirable and necessary and compatible with the neighborhood.

The Director had an extensive set of findings that were proposed. There was a public hearing on the matter. And in a extensive documentation that is part of the record in the Secondary Use Determination, the Director found at the hearing that the secondary use was allowable.

Nighttime entertain was identified early on back, I believe, in October, November last year in the Initial Study as one of the allowable land uses for the Event Center, and OCII has never deviated from its consideration that that, indeed, was an appropriate allowable use.

Nighttime entertainment includes particular uses -- discotheques, dance halls, private clubs. There is no size limitation on those uses.

And the definition of "nighttime entertainment" says that other evening-oriented, nighttime-oriented activities are allowed. And it was

that basic definition that was interpreted by OCII to embrace and include the Event Center.

In addition, we looked at the definition -these all fall under the broad category of "assembly and
entertainment," which there's no question that the Event
Center falls within the category of assembly and
entertainment use.

Another such use was recreation building, and it is true that the Redevelopment Plan does not provide a definition of "recreation building." But looking at common-sense definitions of what "recreation building" could include, it would include not only athletic events in which people participate, but also observe. And using that definition, the OCII Executive Director found another basis for the secondary use.

In addition, the public nature of the building, the fact that it will be used for a variety of events that will be important and significant to the community, not just athletic events, but also potential convention-type activities, other types of meetings, arts and activities uses, as I've mentioned before, those are also included within a public use designation.

And finally, use of a non-industrial character. And clearly, this is not an industrial use.

Ms. Brandt-Hawley has referred to the varas,

the street grid of the Mission Bay South that's in the plan. The Mission Bay South street grid and the varas that are proposed for that area are guidelines, but the specific alignments are not required.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you, Mr. Morales.

Supervisor Kim.

SUPERVISOR KIM: Thank you.

Mr. Morales, do you know the -- or maybe if not you, someone from Planning -- know the zoning that we utilized for the Giants Stadium and Mission Bay North?

You know, I hear both arguments. I can see how, you know, for some folks in their reading of "nighttime entertainment use," you know, this arena might seem like a significant departure, but it does seem like the definition is broad enough.

As you mentioned, there is no kind of attendance or participant limitation in nighttime use, that you could conceivably put an arena in this category, but I'm just curious if we did apply a specific use for the Giants Stadium.

GENERAL COUNSEL MORALES: Supervisor Kim, at the time, the site of AT&T Ballpark was not in a Redevelopment Plan area and -- it was outside of the boundaries, so, at least, the Redevelopment Agency at

the time. And the proposal was to put it in to a 1 2 Redevelopment Area. It could not be done without a Plan 3 amendment. SUPERVISOR KIM: But it did get a zoning; 4 5 right? DEFENSE 2 COUNSEL: It did. So, when the 6 7 plan -- when the ballpark --8 SUPERVISOR KIM: So, whoever gave it, whether 9 it was Planning Department or Redevelopment, what was 10 the zoning that was assigned to the Giants Stadium 11 parcel? 12 GENERAL COUNSEL MORALES: It was a particular 13 zoning that was attached to the Redevelopment Plan that was amended to include the boundaries of that particular 14 site. 15 16 So, because the boundaries were amended, there 17 was a particular zoning use for the ballpark that was 18 established. So, it was a unique and specific 19 designation for that ballpark use. 20 Here, we did not have to do that, because this 21 site is already in a Redevelopment Plan, and there 22 were -- there are provisions in the Redevelopment Plan 23 to allow for a secondary use such as this that would 24 allow the Commission and the Director to make the 25 findings to allow it.

SUPERVISOR KIM: I see. Because it is in the Redevelopment Area Plan, it is distinct from our normal City process, because you can utilize secondary use for changes -- what some might consider to be a change from the Plan.

So, let me ask you this question: You know, the Appellant said the sports arena was not contemplated in the original Mission Bay South Plan.

So, what was?

And, you know, one significant change that I can think of, of course, that I imagine was not contemplated in the Plan was the hospital, because that's something that -- that was a development that occurred later.

So, was a hospital contemplated in the original Mission Bay South Plan?

that's absolutely correct. It is true that neither the hospital nor the Event Center were contemplated and studied in the EIR. They were, however, allowed under the Redevelopment Plan as secondary uses, which I noted broad categories that have some definitions that applied to both the hospital and to the Event Center.

But we admit that the EIR did not look at the particular impacts of either the hospital or the Event

Center in -- the Event Center. That's why we had the EIR before you today and why it was certified by the OCII -- was to look at the specific impacts.

But that doesn't mean that the Plan did not allow for the Event Center. It just meant the particular impacts associated with the Event Center had not been studied in 1998.

That absence was cured by the Environmental Impact Report that was done for the Event Center that was certified and now approved on appeal.

SUPERVISOR KIM: So, just to summarize that for members of the public, so, there's a precedent for this -- there are probably multiple within our Redevelopment Area Plan, but I think one significant one that most people would understand is the hospital itself.

GENERAL COUNSEL MORALES: Yes. Yes. The hospital clearly was not contemplated. It was the subject of its own separate environmental analysis that the U.C. Regents did to ensure that the impacts of a hospital, which had not been contemplated at that particular site, were studied and evaluated.

The hospital itself, as a public use, was an authorized secondary use, and at that time the Redevelopment Agency Director made the determination

that that was an appropriate, compatible use for the area.

SUPERVISOR KIM: Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Is that it, Supervisor Kim?

SUPERVISOR KIM: That is it.

PRESIDENT BREED: Mr. Morales, did the hospital pay any taxes or any transit impact fees?

GENERAL COUNSEL MORALES: President Breed, that's a very good question.

As you probably recall, one of the concerns at the time the hospital was proposed was that it would take property off the tax rolls because it's a public use. And the Mission Bay Redevelopment Plan really only works through the generation of property tax to pay for the public infrastructure and the affordable housing that are required under the Plan.

So, the fact that the hospital would not be generating property tax revenues because it was exempt, led to negotiations between the Redevelopment Agency and the U.C. Regents to provide in-lieu payments that were equal to or exceeded the amounts of property tax that would be -- would have otherwise been available for both the infrastructure and for the affordable housing.

In fact, the payments for the affordable housing were quite significant, and recently we have

begun construction of the affordable housing that really 1 2 was associated with the U.C. Regents' agreement to 3 provide funding that was equivalent to the property tax revenues that would have gone to the affordable housing. 4 So, technically, the hospital does not have to 5 pay the property tax upon which the Redevelopment Plan 6 7 so heavily relies, but came up with an alternative, 8 in-lieu payments, that satisfied the Redevelopment 9 Agency Commission at the time. 10 PRESIDENT BREED: In addition to the property 11 they purchased from Salesforce with the in-lieu fee that 12 we approved on the Board later on -- I mean, way after 13 the -- this was after -- during the Successor Agency? GENERAL COUNSEL MORALES: 14 15 PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. The one that we -- the more recent fee we 16 17 passed on the Board level last year, I think it was. 18 There was an in-lieu fee for transportation impacts? 19 GENERAL COUNSEL MORALES: Yes. 20 PRESIDENT BREED: Or, there was a required tax 21 attached to the property, but they weren't 22 necessarily --23 GENERAL COUNSEL MORALES: That's it. Right. 24 PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. 25 GENERAL COUNSEL MORALES: The Transit

Development Impact Fee. 1 2 PRESIDENT BREED: Yes. 3 GENERAL COUNSEL MORALES: Yes. We have determined that the Event Center is required to pay that 4 5 fee. PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. I think it's a little 6 7 bit of a different question, but I think I get it. 8 GENERAL COUNSEL MORALES: I'm sorry. 9 PRESIDENT BREED: I'm good, Ms. Bohee. Thank 10 you. 11 Supervisor Campos. 12 SUPERVISOR CAMPOS: I actually was going to 13 ask the question about whether or not the use was 14 contemplated as a secondary use, primary use, but actually Mr. Morales, I think, covered that pretty well. 15 So, I'm fine. Thank you. 16 17 PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. 18 With that, we are moving right along for the 19 next presentation from the Real Party in Interest to 20 present for up to 10 minutes. 21 22 PRESENTATION BY REAL PARTY IN INTEREST 23 24 GENERAL COUNSEL KELLY: Good evening, Madam 25 President, Members of the Board of Supervisors. I'm

David Kelly, General Counsel, Golden State Warriors.

On behalf of the Warriors organization, we want to reiterate our appreciation for the efforts of City staff and consultants on this project, including the mapping work that is the subject of this appeal.

City staff has just -- and General Counsel

Morales -- have just summarized why the appeal of the

Tentative Map is without merit under the law, so we will

not rehash those technical and legal arguments.

However, we do want to note that the Mission
Bay Alliance has not raised any new issues in this
Tentative Map appeal that were not already addressed in
the C.E.Q.A. appeal that has already been considered.

Essentially, they have not raised any issues related to the adequacy of the Tentative Map itself.

So, I will just reiterate that the Warriors have worked hard with our future neighbors to ensure that all legitimate concerns are addressed, and including those of U.C.S.F., residents, and businesses inside of the Mission Bay area.

The support that we've received from the community from such residents, business, and U.C.S.F. is a result of the process of listening, learning, and working together with our future neighbors, and we request that you deny the appeal of the Tentative Map.

1 Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

Okay. With that, we will open it up to public comment for any members of the public who would like to comment in support of the Real Party in Interest.

Please come forward at this time.

(No response)

PRESIDENT BREED: Seeing none, public comment is closed.

Finally, the Appellant will have up to three minutes for rebuttal.

REBUTTAL BY APPELLANT

SUSAN BRANDT-HAWLEY: Hello. Susan Brandt-Hawley again.

Well, U.C.S.F. Hospital presents a very good example, as well as AT&T Park about the problems with this project that weren't present there.

U.C.S.F. is a public facility. And what we relied upon in our arguments here to you is that you have to look at the plain meaning of the words of the secondary use categories, and they're being strained beyond credulity. And we believe that makes the Tentative Map unlawful.

The Redevelopment Agency correspondence and reports indicate that the U.C.S.F. Hospital was allowed as a secondary use under a single category, a public structure or use of a non-industrial character. That's one category, not two, according to the Redevelopment Agency's own prior interpretations. And that's what makes sense here.

If any non-industrial -- what they're parsing here -- Mr. Morales is parsing for you -- he said there's two categories -- a public structure or use of a non-industrial character. They're written on one line.

If, in fact, any use of a non-industrial character is allowed in this commercial industrial zone, is leaves your plan meaningless. You don't need any other kind of delineations of different uses.

In terms of the nighttime entertainment, what -- the words are "dance hall, discotheque, private club, or similar evening entertainment uses." This is not under any reasonable interpretation of these words a similar use to that.

And if you look at the 1998 Redevelopment

Plan, if you look at the U.C.S.F. documents and -- for
any kind of consistency or logic, this does not fit.

We learned just now that for AT&T Park, it was not fully -- the land was not fully encompassed in the

existing Redevelopment Plan, so the Plan Area was expanded somewhat to encompass it, and then there was a new designation put on the zoning so that it would fit. And that wasn't necessary to happen.

What I'm hearing is that there was probably a zoning already there that got changed even though part of it was not part of redevelopment.

And here, looking at the history of this when the Redevelopment Plan was approved, what the EIR said and what the plain words, the definitions in your codes say, this simply does not fit, and in order to go forward, you need to amend the Redevelopment Plan just as it's done commonly all of the time.

We heard that these questions have been asked and answered. That's true. The Alliance has from the very beginning -- we're not coming in at the last minute and saying that something should have been done.

From the very beginning of this process -it's been six months or something like that -- we've
been saying, This doesn't fit into any of these uses and
some -- this needs to be fixed.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you.

And with that, this hearing has been held and is now closed.

This item is in the hands of the Board of Supervisors, and I'd like to recognize Supervisor Kim. SUPERVISOR KIM: Thank you, President Breed. I just want to agree with the Project Sponsor that I don't believe the Appellants have brought up any new arguments that we haven't already listened to in the EIR determination appeal. And i just want to further say that I think it significantly weakens the Appellant's argument, because they rest on this land use argument -- is that very use of the institution that the Appellants state that they are protecting, the U.C.S.F. hospitals, was also not contemplated in the Mission Bay South Plan. And I think that that is also, you know, from a layperson's perspective, a significant departure in terms of use, as much so as this Warriors Arena. So, I will be making a motion to move forward with Item 62 and to table 63 and 64. PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. Supervisor Kim has made a motion to move forward with Item 62 and table 63 and 64. Is there a second?

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Seconded by Supervisor Cohen.

Madam clerk, can you please call the roll.

MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Supervisor Campos.

1	SUPERVISOR CAMPOS: Aye.
2	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Campos, aye.
3	Supervisor Cohen.
4	SUPERVISOR COHEN: Aye.
5	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Cohen, aye.
6	Supervisor Farrell.
7	SUPERVISOR FARRELL: Aye.
8	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Farrell, aye.
9	Supervisor Kim.
10	SUPERVISOR KIM: Aye.
11	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Kim, aye.
12	Supervisor Mar.
13	SUPERVISOR MAR: Aye.
14	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Mar, aye.
15	Supervisor Tang.
16	SUPERVISOR TANG: (Indicating)
17	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Tang, aye.
18	Supervisor Wiener.
19	SUPERVISOR WIENER: Aye.
20	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Wiener, aye.
21	Supervisor Yee.
22	SUPERVISOR YEE: Aye.
23	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Yee, aye.
2 4	Supervisor Avalos.
25	SUPERVISOR AVALOS: Aye.

MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Avalos, aye. 1 2 Supervisor Breed. 3 PRESIDENT BREED: Aye. MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Breed, aye. 4 5 There are ten ayes. PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. 6 The Tentative Map is 7 finally affirmed unanimously. All right. Madam Clerk, let's get to the 8 9 items -- let's call Items 65 through 68. MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Item 65 is a resolution 10 11 to adopt findings under C.E.Q.A. and the C.E.Q.A. 12 guidelines, including the adoption of a Mitigation 13 Monitoring and Reporting Program and a Statement of Overriding Considerations in connection with the 14 development of the Golden State Warriors Event Center 15 16 and Mixed-Use Development at Mission Bay South, Blocks 17 29-32, in the Mission Bay South Redevelopment Plan. 18 Item 66, Ordinance to amend the code to 19 establish a fund to pay for City services and capital 20 improvements such as transportation and other needs of 21 the community in connection with events at the Golden 22 State Warriors Event Center, and also to create an 23 Advisory Committee to make recommendations about the use of monies from the fund, and to adopt the appropriate 24 25 findings under C.E.Q.A.

Item 67 is the Ordinance to delegate to the Director of Public Works to accept required public improvements related to the development of the Event Center, and authorize the Director of the Real Estate Division to accept any future easements, licenses, and grant deeds related to the development project, including a sidewalk easement and grant deeds, and to adopt the appropriate findings under C.E.Q.A.

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And Item 68, Madam President, is an Ordinance under the summary vacation of four easements for water lines, sanitary sewer, storm water purposes, and two offers of dedication within portions of Assessor's Block No. 8722 and Lot Nos. 1 and 8 within the Mission Bay South Redevelopment Plan Area for the Golden State Warriors Event Center, to authorize the termination and quitclaim of the easements and other City rights and interests in the vacated areas, and to authorize the Director of the PUC and the Director of Property to execute the quitclaim deeds for the vacated easements and vacation areas providing license agreements, a retroactive extension of the previously executed agreement, for the public's use of the temporary Terry A. Francois Boulevard Connector Road, and to adopt C.E.Q.A. findings and make other appropriate findings. PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. Let's start with Item

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No. 65.
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              Supervisor Kim.
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              SUPERVISOR KIM: Sorry. I was just talking
   with the City Attorney. So, we can sever this item and
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   vote on it separately.
              PRESIDENT BREED: We've called the item, so we
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   can basically vote on it now based on a recommendation
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   that you may make.
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              SUPERVISOR KIM: So, you know, I asked my
   colleagues. I don't know if I make a motion on this
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11
    item?
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              Is that what's appropriate -- a motion to
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   table?
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              So, I'll be making a motion to table Item 65.
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              PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. Supervisor Kim has
16
   made a motion to table Item 65.
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              Is there a second?
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              Seconded by Supervisor Campos.
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              Madam Clerk, can you please call the roll on
20
    65?
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: On the motion to table
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    65, Supervisor Campos.
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              SUPERVISOR CAMPOS: Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Campos, aye.
25
              Supervisor Cohen.
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1	SUPERVISOR COHEN: Aye.
2	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Cohen, aye.
3	Supervisor Farrell.
4	SUPERVISOR FARRELL: Aye.
5	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Farrell, aye.
6	Supervisor Kim.
7	SUPERVISOR KIM: Aye.
8	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Kim, aye.
9	Supervisor Mar.
10	SUPERVISOR MAR: Aye.
11	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Mar, aye.
12	Supervisor Tang.
13	SUPERVISOR TANG: (Indicating)
14	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Tang, aye.
15	Supervisor Wiener.
16	SUPERVISOR WIENER: Aye.
17	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Wiener, aye.
18	Supervisor Yee.
19	SUPERVISOR YEE: Aye.
20	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Yee, aye.
21	Supervisor Avalos.
22	SUPERVISOR AVALOS: Aye.
23	MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Avalos, aye.
24	Supervisor Breed.
25	PRESIDENT BREED: Aye.

MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Breed, aye. 1 2 There are ten ayes. 3 PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. This item is tabled. And Supervisor Kim, did you have any comments 4 5 on the other items as well? SUPERVISOR KIM: Yes, I do. 6 7 PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. Supervisor Kim. 8 SUPERVISOR KIM: Thank you, President Breed. 9 First of all, completely separate from what is 10 before us today, I do want to congratulate our 11 undefeated Golden State Warriors, NBA Championship team, 12 who are currently 23 -- 23-0. 13 I don't remember the last time I've seen this 14 much excitement over a team this early in the season before Christmas. 15 16 And I think what's even more extraordinary is 17 how this team is even stronger than the NBA championship 18 team that we saw in the previous season. Of course, 19 completely separate from what is before us today. 20 What's before us today, of course, is what is 21 commonly being discussed as the lockbox legislation, 22 which is establishing the Mission Bay Transportation 23 Improvement Fund. 24 And first of all, I just want to say that I'm 25 excited that we are going to have an arena and

entertainment venue in a few years that many of us will be able to walk, bike, or take Muni to.

And I want to acknowledge the work that I believe this Project Sponsor, along with the City, has done to ensure that this future arena will really be very different from arenas that we see across the country. One, that people will hopefully not be travelling as much by car to, but taking alternative modes, which I think is incredibly important and relevant as we talk about these items that are before us today.

I also want to acknowledge a couple of other points about this project that are notable. This will be the only NBA arena in the league built entirely on private land -- the land transaction closed in October -- and for which the construction is entirely financed by private investment.

They are also paying the full value of the impact fee, both TIDF and childcare and taxes, including the \$2.25 ticket stadium admissions tax with no waivers or special treatment.

The last five new NBA arenas to open in Charlotte, Orlando, Oklahoma City, Brooklyn, and soon in Sacramento have spent an average of 235 million in public funds just for the hard cost of the arena

construction.

There's been quite a bit of literature and academia criticizing public subsidies of private arenas, and whether municipalities truly actually benefit from these public subsidies. And I'm proud that San Francisco will be the first city to host a 100-percent privately financed arena.

The arena was also recently certified by the State of California as an Environmental Leadership Development Project that is both greenhouse gas neutral and LEED Gold in design.

And it will create 3.2 acres of public open space on what is now parking lot, and will trigger the construction of the much awaited 5.5 acre Bayfront Park in Mission Bay. In representing a district with the smallest and fewest parks in the City, I think that this is a significant contribution.

Now, where San Francisco is contemplating public dollars -- and I want to acknowledge that we are doing that through the items that are before us today -- is to mitigate the impacts of this arena through the proposed Mission Bay Transportation Improvement Fund.

This fund sets aside a portion the net new revenue that will be generated by the site to support transportation mitigations such as additional Parking

Control Officers, which I think are incredibly important to do traffic management, something our residents are already asking to see more of in our neighborhoods without the arena; additional lightrail vehicles; and, of course, additional Muni services.

This City would not touch any of the set-aside funds, such as the children's fund, the library funds, the open space funds. And 10 percent of all remaining revenues and up to an estimated \$1.5 million a year will go to our General Fund.

What I will also note about the special fund -- because I've been critical of special funds in the past, and it gives me a little bit more security -- is that unlike some other of our special funds, this fund will actually be subject to Board of Supervisors' approval and appropriation each year.

And I think that that is an important distinction -- that there will still be oversight and authorization by this board every year. And I think likely we would actually allocate those dollars through our general funds anyway as we do currently for our Giants Stadium.

I do understand the concerns about special funds and set-asides. They do limit the Board and Mayor's flexibility to best invest back public dollars

based on needs and priorities of the City every year.

However, I would likely support utilizing a portion of the net new revenue to offset the mitigation of this project.

And there was a member of the public that earlier quoted me from Monday's Land Use Committee about comments that I've made about the Super Bowl 50 party. And that comment -- and I just want to distinguish that comment from what is before us today, because when we discussed the Super Bowl 50 party on Monday, we had never discussed San Francisco setting aside a portion of the net new revenue that the Super Bowl Party would actually generate, and using that to provide additional services for the party.

We were simply talking about setting aside just general funds and not even having a sense of what the actual cost of the mitigation was.

I think that this is distinct from that, because we're actually looking at what this project is generating.

It's not to say that SFPD, Public Works, and SFMTA may not incur additional costs above and beyond what is being set aside in these funds, but I think given the fact that we already have a stadium in our city, the AT&T Ballpark, I am hopeful and optimistic

that the City has done a much stronger job this time around in assessing the future prediction of what the true costs will be of making sure that we can make this city run and have an arena and stadium here in our city.

I just want to note again that the two major neighbors and institutions, U.C.S.F. and Mission Bay CAC, have all unanimously endorsed this project. So, Colleagues, I ask for your support on Items 66, 67, and 68.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you, Supervisor Kim. Supervisor Avalos.

SUPERVISOR AVALOS: Thank you. Excuse me. My voice has not been used much in the past few hours.

So, I intend to support Items 66 through 68 -- I'm sorry -- 67 through 68, but 66, I will -- intend to vote against.

And not that I don't see that there is not real merit to what 66 is trying to do with its fund.

I realize that even hearing our Environmental Impact Report and the appeal and the reason why -- the report actually covers many of the mitigation measures that we've already discussed that are actually being done by mitigating traffic, that are in the fund that the fund is supposed to be doing -- getting new vehicles for lightrail that's adjacent to the facility, getting

Parking Control Officers to manage traffic in the intersections a little bit further away from the stadium, paying for police officers and some DPW services as well.

All of these things are really important. I really acknowledge -- I want to acknowledge that. The Warriors and the City worked very well with the public to know that these were going to be essential services that need be to accompanying the stadium.

My concern is not with the new vehicles and the new services. My concern is really how over and over again I see how projects are supported with a General Fund subsidy. This is a General Fund subsidy, because it's taking revenue that's coming from this project. And instead of that revenue going to the General Fund, it's coming back into this special fund to pay for those services.

It's much like the America's Cup event. When we had the America's Cup, we were told that there was going to be a certain amount of fundraising that would help to cover the costs to the City. But then it turns out that revenue wasn't generated, and then the City used the revenue that was generated from all the indirect costs -- or, indirect revenues from the event to say that, Well, we were able to cover these costs

with this rising revenue, when, in fact, it was a cost to the City that we bore.

My other concern about this fund is that as we're seeing money potentially for the General Fund move back to a particular project, it kind of exacerbates the issue that I face in the southern part of San Francisco where we haven't seen a lot of major development happening, where we haven't seen a lot of the dollars that tend to surround where development is happening, be it parks or new buildings or public buildings or transit facilities -- we're not seeing those types of projects with all the adjacent funds that come with them in District 11.

And to me, while we're seeing this great economic boom in San Francisco, we're seeing my district get passed over. There's probably other parts of San Francisco that get passed over as well, and we get the basics.

So, I see that often we're sold these projects because there's a huge economic boom and a huge impact to our General Fund in a positive way, and that it would have a benefit for all San Franciscans, and I'm not -- don't at all want to indicate that I believe this project doesn't have benefits for all of San Francisco, but when it comes to these revenues that should be

available for the entire city, I don't see them happening that way.

And I know it's a big-ticket item to ask the Warriors to actually pay up to \$8 million a year in these funds, but to me that would be -- what's probably more appropriate is that the impacts that are created from having the arena are paid for by the Warriors themselves.

I believe that the deal that the Giants have where there's a lot of General Fund dollars that pay for the traffic enforcement and police enforcement around the stadium is not the best deal either.

I think that the Giants probably should be paying more to offset what the General Fund costs are to the City based on the events that happen around the ballpark.

So, to me, I understand the interest from the community and the City to want to have such a fund, but from my perspective where I see that development is passing us over, and even the benefits that are created from development often pass us over in District 11, I can't put myself behind this fund.

Thank you.

PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you, Supervisor Avalos.

Supervisor Wiener.

SUPERVISOR WIENER: Thank you, Madam President.

So, first, I guess since we don't the approval of the project before us, and it was the EIR appeal of a subdivision map, so, I guess this is probably the best opportunity, as Supervisor Kim mentioned, to really talk about what an exciting project this is for San Francisco, and after all these years, that we're finally at a point where this project is going to move forward for San Francisco.

And it's incredible that we're able to welcome the Warriors back home, but I think it's also important to keep in mind what this is going to mean for the cultural vibrancy of our city, that we will finally have a true arena for entertainment, for concerts, for all of the things that help make a city world-class.

Night life is so important in San Francisco, and this has always been a missing piece. And we'll no longer have this missing piece. So, this is exciting and I'm happy to support this.

I also want to talk a little about bit about transportation, and I decided to raise it now instead of during the EIR appeal hearing.

That has clearly been, I think, the biggest

challenge around this project, dealing with congestion. And I respect the concerns that U.C.S.F. had raised previously and that others have raised, but I also think it's important to look at the bigger picture here — that the congestion that we're seeing in San Francisco and that we're seeing in this general area, it's not because of — or, it won't be because of one arena.

It's problematic now, and it is so much bigger than any one project. It's because we have a city that's been growing and growing and has been for decades and is continuing to grow. There are more people here. There's more jobs here. There is more economic activity here. There are many more cars.

And we have to really grapple with that as a city and decide as a city and also as a region what we're going to be. And are we going to be the kind of place that tolerates that level of congestion, or are we going to make the massive, massive, massive transit investments that we have to make to get a handle on that?

And so, this fund is terrific. I fully support it. I think it's going to help, and I'm proud to be cosponsoring it, but let's also keep in mind that ultimately it's the responsibility of the government of this city to make sure that we're doing what we need to

do to invest in our transit system to make sure that we're getting the train all the way to the Transbay Transit Center, and that we're connecting it then all the way through a second transbay tube to the East Bay so that we have wonderful train service coming up the Peninsula through Mission Bay, and coming from the East Bay to San Francisco and to Mission Bay and then going south.

Only with that connectivity are we ever going to really address these congestion issues. And if the Warriors arena disappeared tomorrow, if the Warriors decided tomorrow that they weren't going to come to this location, we would still have massive congestion traffic problems in this area that would only get worse over time.

So, I completely understand the frustrations of the people in this area, of some folks associated with U.C.S.F., people in my district, people all over who are constantly talking understandably about how difficult it is just to get around town in San Francisco.

And that is because we have not done what we've needed to do in terms of preparing for growth with transit investment, but it's not too late. We can do it.

We have a lot of things coming on the horizon, things that are gonna go to the ballot in the next few years, and we have to make sure that we make those correct choices. But I am very happy to be supporting this today. PRESIDENT BREED: Thank you, Supervisor Wiener. Supervisor Yee. SUPERVISOR YEE: Thank you, President Breed. I'm -- first of all, I want to say I'm happy that there is a possibility that the Warriors will be coming back to San Francisco. It seems like it's been so long, I can't remember where they actually played in San Francisco. thought it was either --PRESIDENT BREED: Bill Graham. SUPERVISOR YEE: -- the Cow Palace or Civic Center, and I'm thinking maybe both. Yeah. And at some point, you actually have to share the Oakland Coliseum with the Oakland Oaks. I remember going to those. So, I -- what I want to say is that this is a special set-aside, and there are some issues that I

think, as Supervisor Avalos brings -- that he brings

up -- and I'm glad he brought it up, which my district

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is faced with the same situation.

We're out in the west side of the City, and a lot of developments are built in this side of the City. And so, some of the benefits that we may see for the City seems to be all concentrated here. And hopefully, there's some other benefits that we get out of it on the west side.

So, I wanted to ask staff -- maybe you have a answer or maybe you don't -- when I looked at the revenues that are going to be coming in, it was -- it looked like the -- what was stated was the direct revenues as a result of whatever happens right at their arena.

And I'm thinking that it probably has a secondary or residual, sort of an impact on other businesses and so forth when there are activities in this entertainment center, such as restaurants and maybe people staying overnight.

So, I'm wondering if anybody did an analysis of what kind of revenues would that generate, because that might settle my anxiety about not having any resources for the west side.

PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: Supervisors,

Adam Van de Water in the Office of Economic and

Workforce Development.

We contracted with two outside consultants,

Economic & Planning Systems and Keyser Marston

Associates, to look at the projected revenues from the

Event Center.

The easiest to estimate, of course, are the on-site direct revenues. Somebody goes, they buy a ticket, they pay to park, they buy a beverage.

The more difficult is off-site, and there is extensive debate in the economic community about what to and what to not include there.

There is something called a "substitution effect." If somebody is going to go to a theater on Geary Street or the basketball arena, and it's not net new revenue.

So, we took very conservative estimates of what we did include off-site. We do include parking tax revenue. We do include some sales tax revenue. We do include some transit -- or, TOT, the hotel tax revenues.

But we tried to really look at the lower end of those ranges so that we did not include somebody who was already in town in a hotel and happens to catch a game, but rather those who would come exclusively for that game, so that it's net new. So, the 14.1 million that is estimated in the revenues is all on-site and off-site and conservatively estimated.

SUPERVISOR YEE: Well, thanks for the answer. And I was hoping that wasn't with the answer, that maybe you had left out some of the off-site calculations and maybe they were, you know --PROJECT MANAGER VAN de WATER: So, we're not estimating the indirect, induced impacts of the employees that would be on-site and they go out to lunch or they're spending in the City. So, that is not included here. So, that is extra revenue that would be coming into the City and is not contained in the 14.1. SUPERVISOR YEE: Got it. That's a little bit better. Thanks. PRESIDENT BREED: All right. Seeing no other names on the roster, Madam Clerk, on Item No. 66, can you please call the roll? SUPERVISOR KIM: Oh, my apologies. Actually, 18 I do have to --PRESIDENT BREED: Supervisor Kim. SUPERVISOR KIM: -- I have to introduce a couple of technical amendments which we've handed out to Members of the Board. And I see City Attorney John Gibner standing. I'm not sure if it's because you're going to be the one to summarize the technical amendments.

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DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY GIBNER: I'd be happy to.

Deputy City Attorney John Gibner.

The motion that the Board approved 15 minutes or so ago upholding the Tentative Map included C.E.Q.A. findings, and the amendments that Supervisor Kim has distributed, in each of the three items -- 66, 67, 68 -- incorporate those findings -- those C.E.Q.A. findings that were in the Tentative Map motion.

The amendment -- the documents that Supervisor Kim has circulated also make two additional amendments in addition to the C.E.Q.A. findings.

One to Item 66, there's a member of the Advisory Committee that will be appointed by the supervisor for District 6, and Supervisor Kim's proposed amendment would require that that appointee live in the neighborhood within a half mile of the Event Center.

And in Item 68, the street vacation item, the proposed amendments would reflect that the PUC took action last month concluding that the easements are surplus.

PRESIDENT BREED: Okay.

Supervisor Kim, would you like to move the amendments?

SUPERVISOR KIM: Yes.

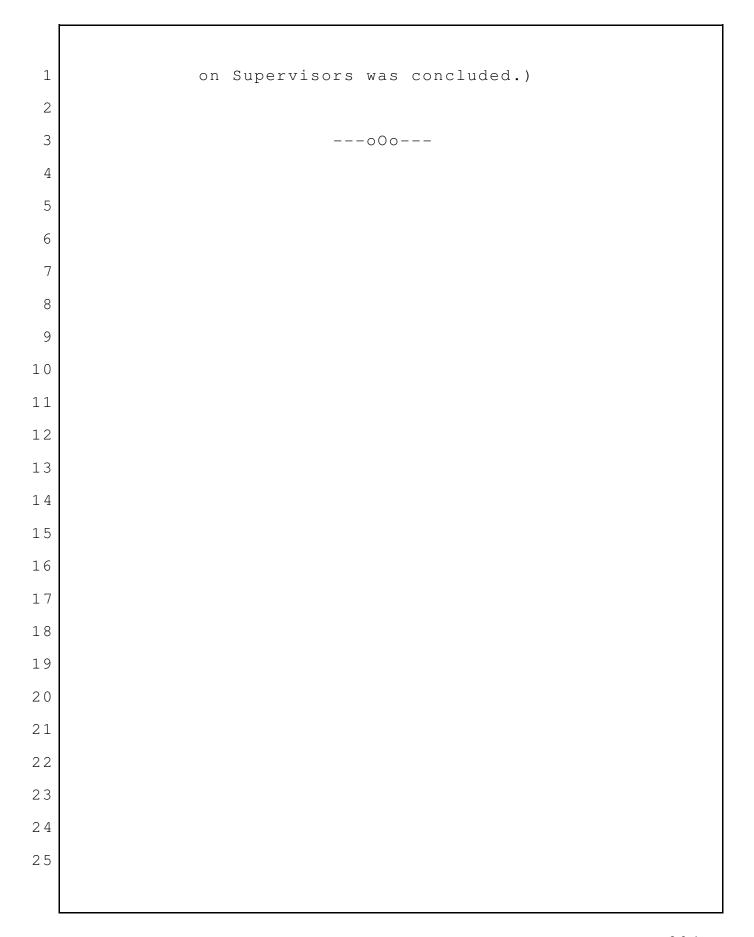
PRESIDENT BREED: Okay. Supervisor Kim has

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made a motion to amend, seconded by Supervisor Campos
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   for Item 66, 67, and 68.
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              Colleagues, can we take those amendments
   without objection.
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              (No response)
              PRESIDENT BREED: Without objection, those
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   amendments pass unanimously.
              On Item No. 66 as amended -- oh, Supervisor
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   Kim, you have other comments?
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              SUPERVISOR KIM: No. I'm sorry.
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              PRESIDENT BREED: Okay.
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              On Item No. 66 as amended, Madam Clerk, can
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   you please call the roll?
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Supervisor Campos.
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              SUPERVISOR CAMPOS: Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Campos, aye.
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              Supervisor Cohen.
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              SUPERVISOR COHEN: Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Cohen, aye.
              Supervisor Farrell.
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              SUPERVISOR FARRELL: Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Farrell, aye.
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              Supervisor Kim.
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              SUPERVISOR KIM: Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Kim, aye.
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Supervisor Mar.
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              SUPERVISOR MAR: Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Mar, aye.
              Supervisor Tang.
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              SUPERVISOR TANG: (Indicating)
              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO:
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                                      Tang, aye.
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              Supervisor Wiener.
              SUPERVISOR WIENER: Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Wiener, aye.
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              Supervisor Yee.
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              SUPERVISOR YEE: Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Yee, aye.
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              Supervisor Avalos.
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              SUPERVISOR AVALOS: No.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Avalos, no.
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              Supervisor Breed.
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              PRESIDENT BREED: Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Breed, aye.
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              There are nine ayes and one no.
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              PRESIDENT BREED: The ordinance passes as
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    amended on the first reading.
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              Madam Clerk, call the roll on Item 67, please,
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   as amended.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Supervisor -- through
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   the President to Supervisor Kim, were the amendments
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1	made to Item 67?		
2		PRESIDENT BREED: The amendments were made	
3		SUPERVISOR KIM: Yes.	
4		PRESIDENT BREED: to all three items	
5		SUPERVISOR KIM: Yes.	
6		PRESIDENT BREED: from my understanding.	
7		SUPERVISOR KIM: Yes, they were amendments to	
8	all three	items.	
9		MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Supervisor Campos.	
10		SUPERVISOR CAMPOS: Aye.	
11		MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Campos, aye.	
12		Supervisor Cohen.	
13		SUPERVISOR COHEN: Aye.	
14		MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Cohen, aye.	
15		Supervisor Farrell.	
16		SUPERVISOR FARRELL: Aye.	
17		MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Farrell, aye.	
18		Supervisor Kim.	
19		SUPERVISOR KIM: Aye.	
20		MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Kim, aye.	
21		Supervisor Mar.	
22		SUPERVISOR MAR: Aye.	
23		MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Mar, aye.	
24		Supervisor Tang.	
25		SUPERVISOR TANG: (Indicating)	

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MADAM CLERK CALVILLO:
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                                      Tang, aye.
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              Supervisor Wiener.
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              SUPERVISOR WIENER:
                                   Aye.
              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Wiener, aye.
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              Supervisor Yee.
              SUPERVISOR YEE: Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO:
                                     Yee, aye.
              Supervisor Avalos.
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              SUPERVISOR AVALOS:
                                  Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Avalos, aye.
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              Supervisor Breed.
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              PRESIDENT BREED:
                                Aye.
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              MADAM CLERK CALVILLO: Breed, aye.
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              There are ten ayes.
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              PRESIDENT BREED: The ordinance passes
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    unanimously as amended.
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              And Colleagues, for Item 68, can we take this
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    item, same house, same call, as amended?
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              (No objection)
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              PRESIDENT BREED: Without objection, Item 68
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    passes unanimously as amended on the first reading.
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              All right. Madam Clerk, can we go back to --
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    oh, thank you and congratulations.
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              (Whereupon, at 9:04 p.m., the Special
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               Order Agenda Item of the San Francisco Board
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, KATY LEONARD, a Certified Shorthand

Reporter, hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings

were taken in shorthand by me at the time and place

therein stated, and that the said proceedings were

thereafter reduced to typewriting, by computer, under my

direction and supervision;

And I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for either or any of the parties to said matter, nor in any way interested in the outcome of the cause named herein.

DATED: December 13, 2015

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